#### CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT

### AGENDA REGULAR MEETING WATER BOARD

Tuesday, April 22, 2025 – 9:30 a.m.

MARGARET H. CHANDLER WATER RECLAMATION PLANT
399 CHANDLER PLACE
San Bernardino, California

WATER BOARD

TONI CALLICOTT President

Commissioners WAYNE HENDRIX, P.E. DAVID E. MLYNARSKI RIKKE V. JOHNSON THOMAS BRICKLEY



MIGUEL J. GUERRERO, P.E.
General Manager
ROBIN L. OHAMA
Deputy General Manager
STEVE R. MILLER
Director of Water Utility
KEVIN T. STEWART, P.E.
Director of Water Reclamation
CYNTHIA J. MOUSER
Director of Finance
JENNIFER L. SHEPARDSON
Director of Environmental &
Regulatory Compliance

"Trusted, Quality Service since 1905"

#### Welcome to a meeting of the Water Board of the City of San Bernardino

- The City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department recognizes its obligation to provide equal access to those individuals with disabilities. Please contact the General Manager's Office (909-384-5191) two working days prior to the meeting for any requests for reasonable accommodation, to include interpreters.
- All documents for public review are on file with the Water Department located at 1350 South "E" Street, San Bernardino or may be accessed online at <a href="https://www.sbmwd.org/agendacenter">https://www.sbmwd.org/agendacenter</a>
- Please turn off or mute your cell phone while the meeting is in session.
- Any member of the public desiring to speak to the Water Board concerning any matter not on the agenda, but which is within the subject matter jurisdiction of the Water Board, may address the body during the period reserved for public comments. Said total period for public comments shall not exceed forty-five (45) minutes unless such time limit is extended by the Water Board. A three-minute limitation shall apply to each member of the public unless such time limit is extended by the Water Board. No member of the public shall be permitted to "share" his/her three minutes with any other member of the public.
- The Water Board may refer any item raised by the public to staff for appropriate action or have the item placed on the next agenda of the Water Board. However, no other action shall be taken nor discussion held by the Water Board on any item which does not appear on the agenda unless the action is otherwise authorized in accordance with the provisions of subdivision (b) of Section 54954.2 of the Government Code.
- Public comments will not be received on any item on the agenda when a public hearing has been conducted and closed.

THE SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT ENCOURAGES THE PUBLIC TO VIEW THIS WATER BOARD MEETING ONLINE. THE MEETING WILL BE LIVE STREAMED VIA YOUTUBE AT: https://bit.ly/YouTubeSBWater

MEMBERS OF THE PUBLIC WHO WISH TO COMMENT ON MATTERS BEFORE THE WATER BOARD MAY PARTICIPATE IN THE FOLLOWING WAYS:

- 1. IF ATTENDING IN PERSON, MAY PROVIDE COMMENT AT THE APPROPRIATE TIME DICTATED BY THE AGENDA AND WATER BOARD PRESIDENT.
- 2. COMMENTS AND CONTACT INFORMATION MAY BE E-MAILED TO <u>Comments@sbmwd.org</u> BY 8:30 A.M. THE DAY OF THE SCHEDULED MEETING TO BE INCLUDED IN THE WRITTEN RECORD.

#### CALL TO ORDER

#### ROLL CALL

- 1. <u>ANNOUNCEMENTS BY MEMBERS OF THE WATER BOARD</u>
- 2. <u>PUBLIC COMMENTS ON ITEMS NOT ON THE AGENDA:</u> A three-minute limitation shall apply to each member of the public who wishes to address the Water Board of any item not listed on the agenda. There is no limit on the number of items that may be discussed within the three-minute time limit. <u>To be called by the Water Board President, please see special public comments instructions above.</u>
- 3. <u>PUBLIC COMMENTS ON ITEMS LISTED ON THE AGENDA:</u> A three-minute limitation shall apply to each member of the public who wishes to address the Water Board of any item listed on the agenda, excluding public hearings. There is no limit on the number of items that may be discussed within the three-minute time limit. <u>To be called by the Water Board President, please see special public comment instructions above.</u>
- 4. CONSENT CALENDAR

MOTION:	That the motions indicated by consent calendar items 4A through 4D b adopted, except for				
	MOTION:	SECONDED:			

#### A. PAYROLL

**MOTION:** Approve the payroll for the pay period beginning April 7, 2025 through April 20, 2025.

#### B. <u>CONTRACTS AND BILLS</u>

**MOTION:** Approve the payment of contracts and bills to be presented at this meeting.

C. <u>MINUTES</u>

**MOTION:** Approve the minutes of April 8, 2025, of the Water Board.

D. <u>CLAIMS SETTLEMENTS – QUARTERLY REPORT</u>: In accordance with Policy 20.090 – Claims Handling, the Environmental and Regulatory Compliance Division has prepared the Quarterly Claims Settlements Report detailing all claims processed for the period of January 2025 through March 2025, as submitted.

#### **DISCUSSION ITEMS**

- 5. <u>PRESENTATION OF SERVICE AWARDS:</u> Employee service awards will be presented acknowledging employees for their years of service to the Department.
- 6. <u>AWARD OF CONTRACT WATER FACILITIES RELOCATIONS STATE ROUTE 66</u>
  PROJECT SPECIFICATION NO. 1861: In preparation for Caltrans Project, State Route 66
  Roadway Improvements, the Department has identified the need to install vertical offsets on existing water mains along State Route 66. Specifications were advertised on February 27, 2025, for Specification No. 1861, "Furnish all labor, equipment, and materials for the Water Facilities Relocations State Route 66 Project, located in San Bernardino, California."

Specifications were provided to the Department's five (5) prequalified on-call contractors through the Department's automated online bidding system and three (3) bids were received and opened on March 28, 2025.

The funding source for this project is the FY 2024/2025 Water Fund Capital Improvement Project titled Route 66 Water Facilities Relocation (Project No. C2511156) which currently has a total of \$1,500,000.00 in unencumbered funds.

MOTION:	responsive, responsible HUNDRED TWELL (\$712,000.00) for the ROUTE 66 PROJECT Specification No. 186	ominguez General Engineering, Inc., as the lowest sole bidder and award a contract in the amount of SEVEN VE THOUSAND AND 00/100 DOLLARS WATER FACILITIES RELOCATIONS STATE CT, retain the bid securities in accordance with \$61; and authorize the General Manager to execute the
	1	verify a Notice of Completion.
	MOTION.	SECONDED.

# 7. RECOMMENDATION TO ADOPT A RESOLUTION APPROVING THE SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT 2024 HAZARD MITIGATION

<u>PLAN UPDATE:</u> The City of San Bernardino Water Department (SBMWD) maintains a strong commitment to preparedness by regularly developing a hazard mitigation plan, which serves to identify potential vulnerabilities and risks associated with uncontrollable disasters within our service area.

A Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) approved by the Department of Homeland Security through the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) remains a prerequisite for accessing federal funding through programs like the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program and the Pre-Disaster Mitigation (PDM) program.

SBMWD's safety staff has undertaken an update to ensure the Department remains eligible for potential future federal grant opportunities and the update has been submitted to FEMA for review and final approval, pending adoption by the Water Board.

MOTION:	Department 2024 Ha	approving the San Bernardino Municipal Water zard Mitigation Plan (HMP); and direct staff to submit on to FEMA for final approval.
	MOTION:	SECONDED:

8. <u>AWARD OF PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT – SPEC 1844 REGIONAL BIOSOLIDS PROGRAM FEASIBILITY STUDY (PHASE I) – CAROLLO</u>

ENGINEERS, INC.: Biosolids are produced at the Water Reclamation Plant as part of the wastewater treatment process. For many years, the Department has successfully used a private entity to haul and further treat the biosolids to compost standards, where the material can be beneficially used as a soil amendment and fertilizer. Although a Biosolids Strategic Plan (BSP) was recommended in 2021 to continue with the single contractor, an extensive set of challenges through 2022 and the first part of 2023 threatened the Department's ability to carry out its responsibilities. A consultant reevaluated the BSP in 2023 and recommended a need to restore resiliency through a detailed investigation of a regional, publicly owned and operated biosolids facility.

Department staff met with an extensive list of similarly situated agencies that were interested in this type of facility. The Department developed a Scope of Work for a Feasibility Study for such a facility and executed a Cooperative Agreement (and further amendments) to partner with fourteen (14) additional agencies in an equal sharing of cost and in a phased approach with limited commitment. Following a public Request for Proposals, two (2) proposals were received, and six (6) of the participating agencies, including the Department, participated in an in-person interview of the two teams. Carollo Engineers (Carollo) was unanimously ranked as the team offering the best value to the participating agencies. Negotiations with Carollo were held, resulting in a nearly 10% reduction in cost.

The funding source for this project is the FY 2024/2025 Operating Fund account 204090-5203 – *Engineering Services*, where \$75,000 was allotted in the approved budget for the Department's portion of this effort. Sufficient funds exist in the account to temporarily cover the remaining costs while awaiting reimbursement from the Partnering Agencies.

**MOTION:** 

On behalf of Partnering Agencies under the COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT AMONG THE SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT AND THE PARTNERING AGENCIES REGARDING THE REGIONAL BIOSOLIDS PROGRAM FEASIBILITY STUDY (PHASE I) PROJECT dated December 4, 2024, approve the Professional Service Agreement with Carollo Engineers, Inc. in response to RFP 1844 REGIONAL BIOSOLIDS PROGRAM FEASIBILITY STUDY (PHASE I) in an amount not-to-exceed FIVE HUNDRED NINETY NINE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED SEVENTY FIVE AND 00/100 DOLLARS (\$599,975.00); and authorize the General Manager to finalize negotiations to the Scope of Work and execute the Professional Service Agreement.

#### 9. <u>REPORTS:</u>

- A. Report of the President
- B. Report of the Commissioners
- C. Report of the Directors
- D. Report of the General Manager
- 10. <u>PUBLIC COMMENT ON CLOSED SESSION ITEMS:</u> A three-minute limitation shall apply to each member of the public who wishes to address the Water Board. No member of the public shall be permitted to "share" his or her three minutes with any other member of the public.

#### 11. <u>CLOSED SESSION:</u>

#### Pursuant to Government Code Section(s):

A. Conference with legal counsel – anticipated litigation – pursuant to paragraph (4) of subdivision (d) of Government Code Section 54956.9: Claim #25-011.

#### 12. <u>ADJOURNMENT</u>

The next regular meeting is scheduled for 9:30 a.m., May 13, 2025, at The Margaret H. Chandler Water Reclamation Plant, 399 Chandler Place, San Bernardino, CA 92408.



# **City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department**

399 Chandler Place San Bernardino, CA 92408 http://www.sbcitywater.org President Cecilia "Toni" Callicott

**Commissioners** 

Wayne Hendrix David Mlynarski Rikke Johnson Thomas Brickley

#### **MINUTES**

FOR THE WATER BOARD OF THE CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO

### **APRIL 8, 2025**

#### **CALL TO ORDER**

The Regular Meeting of the Water Board of the City of San Bernardino was called to order by President Toni Callicott at 9:30 AM, Tuesday, April 8, 2025, in-person and livestream via YouTube.

#### **ROLL CALL**

Attendee Name	Title	Status	Arrived
Cecilia "Toni" Callicott	President	Present	9:30 AM
Wayne Hendrix	Vice President	Present	9:30 AM
David Mlynarski	Board Member	Present	9:30 AM
Rikke Johnson	Board Member	Present	9:30 AM
Thomas Brickley	Board Member	Present	9:30 AM
Miguel Guerrero	General Manager	Present	9:30 AM

- 1. ANNOUNCEMENTS BY THE BOARD: None.
- 2. PUBLIC COMMENTS ON ITEMS NOT ON THE AGENDA: None.
- 3. PUBLIC COMMENTS ON ITEMS LISTED ON THE AGENDA: None.

#### 4. CONSENT CALENDAR – ITEMS 4A THROUGH 4E:

#### A. PAYROLL:

	Water Fund	<u>Sewer</u> Treatment	<u>Total</u>
Claims:3012092- 3012223			
Accounts Payable	\$2,227,917.69	\$1,096,202.66	\$3,324,120.35
Gross Payroll 03/10/25-03/23/25	<u>\$471,116.82</u>	<u>\$445,696.76</u>	<u>\$916,813.58</u>
TOTALS	\$2,699,034.51	\$1,541,899.42	\$4,240,933.93

Payroll for the pay period beginning March 24, 2025 through April 6, 2025.

- B. CONTRACTS AND BILLS: Contracts and bills presented at this meeting.
- **C. MINUTES:** March 25, 2025.

RESULT: APPROVED 5-0 BY ROLL CALL VOTE

MOVER: W. Hendrix SECONDER: T. Brickley

**ABSTAINED**: N/A **ABSENT**: N/A

#### **DISCUSSION ITEMS**

5. APPROVAL OF PURCHASE ORDER FOR THE INSTALLATION OF ONE (1) 10-INCH FIRE SERVICE AND ONE (1) 2-INCH DOMESTIC/ 1-INCH IRRIGATION COMBINATION SERVICE AT 776 W. MILL STREET: The San Bernardino Municipal Water Department (Department) utilized the services of on-call contractors to augment staff's ability to provide a timely response to requests for water service installations, supporting proposed development within the Department's service area. Bids were solicited from this list of preapproved on-call contractors for specific water service installation requests over the course of the following fiscal year.

The Department's Engineering section received a request from TEC Equipment at 776 W. Mill Street to install one (1) 10-inch fire service and one (1) 2-inch domestic/1-inch irrigation combination service. Three (3) bids were received and opened on April 2, 2025 and staff recommended that the Water Board approve the issuance of a purchase order in the amount of \$114,900.00 to Kirtley Construction, Inc. (dba TK Construction).

The funding source for this contract was from Construction Orders assigned for Fiscal Year 2024/2025, No. 11088 *Fire Services* and No. 11091 *Combination Domestic/Irrigation Services*. A series of Construction Orders were generated each fiscal year to capture costs for installing typical service requests, including fire services and domestic/irrigation combination services. TEC Equipment would be issued an invoice to capture these installation fees and the water capacity charges established by Rule and Regulation No. 5. The collected installation fees would be deposited into the account for Construction Orders No. 11088 and No. 11091.

**MOTION:** 

Approve the purchase order for the installation of one (1) 10-inch fire service and one (1) 2-inch domestic/1-inch irrigation combination service by Kirtley Construction, Inc. (dba TK Construction) in the amount of \$114,900.00.

RESULT: APPROVED 5-0 BY ROLL CALL VOTE

MOVER: T. Brickley SECONDER: D. Mlynarski

ABSTAINED: N/A ABSENT: N/A

#### 6. REPORTS:

- A. Report of the President None.
- **B.** Report of the Commissioners Commissioner Mlynarski stated that he may be absent for the Water Board Regular Meeting on Tuesday, April 22, 2025.
- C. Report of the Directors -
  - Director Miller stated that the Department was supplying water for the goats that County Fire was utilizing for fire prevention on hills by Little Mountain Road.
  - 2. Director Miller stated that the DWR allocation for the State Water Resources Board went from 35% to 40%.
  - 3. Deputy General Manager Ohama stated that Water Conservation staff would be attending the following events throughout the City:
    - National Mayor's Challenge for Water Conservation The campaign runs from Tuesday, April 1, 2025 through Wednesday, April 30, 2025, encouraging participants to commit to taking steps to use water efficiently by making a pledge at mywaterpledge.com.

The City of San Bernardino and the Department were participating in the challenge and information was posted on both websites and all Department social media platforms.

- Career Day presentations to Urbita Elementary on Wednesday, April 9, 2025, and to Anton Elementary on Friday, April 18, 2025.
- Newmark Elementary Water Education presentations on Friday, April 11, 2025, and Tuesday, April 22, 2025.
- Earth Day Event at Akoma Unity Center on Saturday, April 19, 2025.

### D. Report of the General Manager –

- General Manager Guerrero stated that a proclamation announcing the month of April as Water Conservation Month would be presented by Mayor Tran at the Mayor & City Council meeting on Wednesday, April 16, 2025.
- 2. General Manager Guerrero stated that he attended the Mayor & City Council meeting on Wednesday, April 2, 2025, and that a discussion regarding Boards, Commissions, and Citizen Advisory Committees (BCCAC) meeting dates and times resulted in the decision that all BCCAC entities would decide the dates and times of their meetings.
  - General Manager Guerrero announced that Commissioner Johnson was reappointed to the City's Charter Review Committee.
- 3. General Manager Guerrero stated that staff conducted a tour of the WRP for Councilmembers Shorett, Sanchez, and Ibarra, on Thursday, April 3, 2025.
- 7. PUBLIC COMMENT ON CLOSED SESSION ITEMS: None.

#### 8. CLOSED SESSION:

### Pursuant to Government Code Section(s):

A. Conference with real property negotiator – pursuant to Government Code Section 54956.8.

1. <u>Property:</u> APN 0141-311-07, Portion of APN 0141-

311-06

Negotiating Parties: Miguel J. Guerrero, P.E., General Manager,

on behalf of the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department, and San

Bernardino County Fire.

<u>Under Negotiation</u>: Purchase price, terms, and conditions.

There was no reportable action.

### 9. ADJOURNMENT

The next regular meeting of the Water Board was scheduled for *9:30 a.m.,* April 22, 2025, at The Margaret H. Chandler Water Reclamation Plant, 399 Chandler Place, San Bernardino, CA 92408.

By: _		
	Miguel J. Guerrero	
	General Manager	

# CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT

### WATER BOARD STAFF REPORT

TO:

Miguel J. Guerrero, P.E., General Manager

FROM:

Jennifer Shepardson, Director of Environmental & Regulatory Compliance

SUBJECT:

**CLAIMS SETTLEMENTS -- QUARTERLY REPORT** 

DATE:

April 16, 2025

#### **BACKGROUND:**

In Policy 20.090 -- Claims Handling, it is required that the Environmental and Regulatory Compliance division provide the Board a quarterly written report detailing all claims processed within the authority granted in the policy. Attached is the quarterly report for the period of January 2025 through March 2025.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

Receive and file, as this report is provided for information only.

Respectfully submitted,

Jennifer L. Shepardson

Director of Environmental & Regulatory Compliance

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	QUARTERLY CLAIMS HANDLING REVIEW (01/01/2025 - 03/31/2025)									
Date Closed/ Payment Received	Incident Number	Date of Incident	Event	A	mount of	Name	Resolution	\$	Received	Paid Out
01/28/25	23-184	12/20/23	Traffic Collision Damaged Fire Hydrant	\$	3,734.99	Statefarm Insurance	Paid	\$	3,734.99	
01/30/25	23-092	07/10/23	Employee Rear Ended Vehicle Causing Property Damage and Injuries			Ellis & Bakh, LLP/ Eva E. Silos	Paid			\$ 45,000.00
01/30/25	23-092	07/10/23	Employee Rear Ended Vehicle Causing Property Damage and Injuries			Ellis & Bakh, LLP/Juan Rodriguez Sandoval	Paid			\$ 25,000.00
01/30/25	23-092	07/10/23	Employee Rear Ended Vehicle Causing Property Damage and Injuries			Ellis & Bakh, LLP/Kimberlin Alexa Silos	Paid			\$ 25,000.00
02/11/25	23-194	11/29/23	Traffic Collision Damaged Fire Hydrant	\$	3,142.74	Farmers Insurance	Paid	\$	3,142.74	
02/12/25	25-010	01/16/25	Private Lateral Sewer Discharge	\$	1,086.67	Jenco Productions	Paid	\$	1,086.67	
02/25/25	24-020	03/06/24	Contractor Damaged 3/4" Water Lateral	\$	1,755.26	TryCo General Engineering	Paid	\$	1,755.26	
03/25/25	24-143	12/01/24	Traffic Collision Damaged Fire Hydrant	\$	3,661.03	Gallagher Basset	Paid	\$	3,661.03	
							TOTAL:	\$	13,380.69	\$ 95,000.00

### Received 04-15-25 SBMWD AS General Manager

# CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT

# SERVICE AWARD PRESENTATION

April 22, 2025

(For the Periods of January 1, to March 31, 2025)

<u>5 Year</u> Julio Chacon	01/13/2020
10 Year Moises Jacques Blas Torres	01/21/2015 03/16/2015
15 Year Dave Morris Rodrigo Contreras	01/06/2010 03/16/2010



# CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT

WATER BOARD STAFF REPORT

TO:

Miguel J. Guerrero, P.E, General Manager

FROM:

Steve R. Miller, Director of Water Utility

SUBJECT:

AWARD OF CONTRACT - WATER FACILITIES RELOCATIONS STATE

**ROUTE 66 PROJECT** 

**SPECIFICATION NO. 1861** 

DATE:

April 1, 2025

**COPIES:** 

R. Lindberg, F. Lopez, J. Schoenen

#### **BACKGROUND:**

Specifications were advertised on February 27, 2025, for Specification No. 1861, FURNISH ALL LABOR, EQUIPMENT, AND MATERIALS FOR THE WATER FACILITIES RELOCATIONS STATE ROUTE 66 PROJECT, LOCATED IN SAN BERNARDINO, CALIFORNIA.

In preparation for Caltrans Project, State Route 66 Roadway Improvements, the Department has identified the need to install vertical offsets on existing water mains along State Route 66. This project consists of the installation of vertical offsets on existing water mains along State Route 66, Foothill Blvd, between Meridian Avenue and Terrace Road, and removal of existing mains to be abandoned.

Specifications were provided to the Department's five (5) prequalified on-call contractors through the Department's automated online bidding system, PlanetBids. The Engineering estimate for this project was \$450,000.00. The three bids received and opened on March 28, 2025, are as follows:

BIDDERS NAME	LOCATION	LUMP SUM	SUBS LISTED
DOMINGUEZ GENERAL			
ENGINEERING, INC.	POMONA	\$712,000.00	NO
MIKE PRLICH AND SONS, INC.	BALDWIN PARK	\$793,000.00	NO
KIRTLEY CONSTRUCTION, INC.	SAN BERNARDINO	\$1,133,000.00	YES

All bidders submitted the appropriate bid bond with their proposal.

#### **GOALS AND OBJECTIVES:**

This project aligns with the Water Department's Strategic Plan under Target 2: Infrastructure/Efficiencies, Goal #2: Collaborate with ratepayers and the community. This supports the specific action to collaborate with CalTrans to meet current and future service demands in the State Route 66 area.

Agenda	Item	_6
-		

Miguel J. Guerrero, P.E., General Manager

Page 2

April 1, 2025

SUBJECT: AWARD OF CONTRACT - WATER FACILITIES RELOCATIONS STATE

ROUTE 66 PROJECT SPECIFICATION NO. 1861

#### FISCAL IMPACT:

The funding source for this project is the FY 2024/2025 Water Fund Capital Improvement Project titled Route 66 Water Facilities Relocation (Project No. C2511156) which currently has a total of \$1,500,000.00 in unencumbered funds.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

Staff recommends that the Water Board make the following motion:

Accept the bid of Dominguez General Engineering, Inc., as the lowest responsive, responsible bidder and award a contract in the amount of SEVEN HUNDRED TWELVE THOUSAND AND 00/100 DOLLARS (\$712,000.00) for the WATER FACILITIES RELOCATIONS STATE ROUTE 66 PROJECT, retain the bid securities in accordance with Specification No. 1861; and authorize the General Manager to execute the contract and sign and verify a Notice of Completion.

Respectfully submitted,

Steve Miller (Apr 3, 2025 13:44 PDT

Steve R. Miller Director of Water Utility

Attachments - Bid Results Summary

sdm

### City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department Bid Results Summary

	1514	Mesuns Summer				
Chronology						
Specification number:	1861					
Specification Title:	WATER FACILITIES RELOCATIONS STATE ROUTE 66 PROJECT					
Previous BOWC actions/approvals:			Approved in CIF	Budget		
Date Advertised:			February 27,	2025		
		BidsOnli	ne Bid Managen	nent (PlanetBids)		
Where Advertised						
Number of specifications sent out:			5			
Date of job walk:			March 12, 2	025		
Number of contractors present:	5					
Number of Addenda	1					
Total number of bids received:	3					
Number of bidders not responding:	2					
Date bids electronically opened:	March 28, 2025					
Number of responsive bids:			3			
Engineer's Estimate			\$450,000.0	00		
Bidders Name	Lump Sum Bid	Subs Listed	Bond/	LOCATION		
			Check	OF BIDDER		
DOMINGUEZ GENERAL ENGINEERING,	\$712,000.00	NO	BOND	POMONA		
INC.						
MIKE PRLICH AND SONS, INC.	\$793.000.00	NO	BOND	BALDWIN PARK		
KIRTLEY CONSTRUCTION, INC.	\$1,133,000.00	YES	BOND	SAN BERNARDINO		

SIGNED: Sydney Morrison, Contracts Administrator DATE: April 1, 2025

### CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT

WATER BOARD STAFF REPORT

Received 04-09-25 SBMWD 48 General Manager

TO:

Miguel J. Guerrero, P.E., General Manager

FROM:

Jennifer L. Shepardson, Environmental & Regulatory Compliance Director

**SUBJECT:** 

RECOMMENDATION TO ADOPT A RESOLUTION APPROVING THE SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT 2024

HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN UPDATE

DATE:

April 9, 2025

**COPIES:** 

File

#### **BACKGROUND:**

The City of San Bernardino Water Department [SBMWD] maintains a strong commitment to preparedness by regularly developing a hazard mitigation plan. This plan serves to identify potential vulnerabilities and risks associated with uncontrollable disasters within our service area, allowing us to implement strategies to mitigate their effects on life, property, and essential services.

Furthermore, a Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP) approved by the Department of Homeland Security through the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) remains a prerequisite for accessing federal funding through programs like the Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP) and the Pre-Disaster Mitigation (PDM) program. With the previous HMP having expired in July 2024, SBMWD's Safety staff has undertaken an update to ensure the Department remains eligible for potential future federal grant opportunities. This updated plan has been submitted to FEMA for review and is currently awaiting final approval, pending formal adoption by the Water Board.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

Staff recommends that the Water Board make the following motion:

Adopt the resolution approving the San Bernardino Municipal Water Department 2024 Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP), and direct staff to submit the approved resolution to FEMA for final approval.

Respectfully submitted,

Jennifer L. Shepardson

Director of Environmental & Regulatory Compliance

Jennifer L. Shepardson

Miguel J. Guerrero, P.E., General Manager

April 9, 2025 Page 2 of 2

SUBJECT: RECOMMENDATION TO ADOPT A RESOLUTION APPROVING THE SAN

BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT'S 2024 HAZARD MITIGATION

PLAN UPDATE

Attachments: 2024 Hazard Mitigation Plan Resolution

San Bernardino Municipal Water Department – Hazard Mitigation Plan 2024

### RESOLUTION NO.

RESOLUTION OF THE WATER BOARD OF THE CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO, CALIFORNIA, ADOPTING THE 2024 CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT, CALIFORNIA HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN

**WHEREAS,** in accordance with Section 603 of the City Charter, the Water Board is responsible for oversight and management of the City's water supply, recycled water, wastewater collection and treatment functions; and

WHEREAS, all jurisdictions within San Bernardino County have exposure to natural hazards that increase the risk to life, property, environment, and the County and local economy; and

**WHEREAS,** proactive mitigation of known hazards before a disaster event can reduce or eliminate long-term risk to life and property; and

**WHEREAS**, the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the California Governor's Office of Emergency Services (CalOES) require that all governmental entities within the state have a Hazard Mitigation Plan (HMP); and

**WHEREAS**, the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department has developed an HMP that conforms to the State of California and federal emergency agency HMP guidelines.

# BE IT RESOLVED BY THE WATER BOARD OF THE CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO AS FOLLOWS:

**SECTION 1.** The above recitals are true and correct and are incorporated herein by this reference.

**SECTION 2.** Adopts in its entirety the 2024 City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department's Hazard Mitigation Plan as the jurisdiction's Natural Hazard Mitigation Plan and resolves to execute the actions identified in the Plan that pertain to this jurisdiction.

**SECTION 3.** Will use the adopted and approved portions of the Plan to guide pre- and post-disaster mitigation of the hazards identified.

**SECTION 4.** Will continue its support of the Mitigation Planning Committee as described within the Plan.

**SECTION 5.** Will help to promote and support the mitigation successes of all participants in this Plan.

**SECTION 6.** Will incorporate mitigation planning as an integral component of government and partner operations.

**SECTION 7.** Will provide an update of the Plan no less than every five years.

**SECTION 8.** That the Water Board gives its support to this Plan and this Plan is adopted to include all changes, corrections, and revisions required by CalOES and FEMA to obtain federal approval of this HMP. The Water Board directs employees to collectively incorporate mitigation measures into all Department planning and facilities and funding opportunities.

**SECTION 9.** The Water Board finds this Resolution is not subject to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) in that the activity is covered by the general rule that CEQA applies only to projects which have the potential for causing a significant effect on the environment.

**SECTION 10.** Severability. If any provision of this Resolution or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid, such invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications, and to this end the provisions of this Resolution are declared to be severable.

**SECTION 11.** Effective Date. This Resolution shall become effective immediately.

		d by the Deputy City C	Water Board and signed by the President of the Clerk & Ex Officio Secretary of the Water Board
			T. (C.11) (4. P. 11. )
			Toni Callicott, President
			City of San Bernardino Water Board
Attest	:		
Robin	Ohama		
Deput	y City Clerk & Ex	Officio Secretary of the	e Water Board

# **CERTIFICATION**

STATE OF CALIFORNIA )							
COUNTY OF SAN BERNAR	DINO) ss						
CITY OF SAN BERNARDIN	O)						
I, Robin Ohama, Depu certify that the attached is a tru day of, 2025 by t	ie copy of Re	solution					
Water Board Members:	AYES	<u>S</u>	<u>NAYS</u>	<u>A</u>	BSTAIN	ABSENT	
CALLICOTT			-				
HENDRIX			-				
MLYNARSKI			-				
BRICKLEY			-				
JOHNSON			-				
WITNESS my hand and officia 2025	al seal of the	City of S	an Berna	ardino th	is day c	of	,
2023							
			Robin C	Dhama			
				City Cle er Board		ficio Secreta	ry of





City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department Local Hazard Mitigation Plan Update 2024



# TABLE OF CONTENTS

SECTI	ON 1. INTRODUCTION	5
1.1	PURPOSE OF THE PLAN	5
1.2	AUTHORITY	6
1.3	What's New	6
1.4	NEW RISK ASSESSMENT	7
1.5	SUCCESSFUL MITIGATION IMPLEMENTATION	8
1.6	COMMUNITY PROFILE.	
Ph.	ysical Setting	8
His	story	
1.7	CLIMATE	
1.8	DEMOGRAPHICS	
1.9	EXISTING LAND USE	
	DEVELOPMENT TRENDS	
SECTI	ON 2. PLAN ADOPTION	17
2.1	ADOPTION BY LOCAL GOVERNING BODY	17
2.2	PROMULGATION AUTHORITY	17
2.3	PRIMARY POINT OF CONTACT	17
SECTI	ON 3. PLANNING PROCESS	
3.1	PREPARING FOR THE PLAN	19
3.1 3.2	PREPARING FOR THE PLANPLANNING TEAM	
3.2 3.3	PLANNING TEAM  COORDINATION WITH OTHER EXTERNAL JURISDICTIONS, AGENCIES, AND	21
3.2 3.3	PLANNING TEAM	21
3.2 3.3 ORG/	PLANNING TEAM  COORDINATION WITH OTHER EXTERNAL JURISDICTIONS, AGENCIES, AND	21 22
3.2 3.3 ORG/	PLANNING TEAM  COORDINATION WITH OTHER EXTERNAL JURISDICTIONS, AGENCIES, AND  ANIZATIONS	21 22 23
3.2 3.3 ORG/ 3.4	PLANNING TEAM COORDINATION WITH OTHER EXTERNAL JURISDICTIONS, AGENCIES, AND ANIZATIONS PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT/OUTREACH	21 22 23 24
3.2 3.3 ORG/ 3.4 3.5	PLANNING TEAM	21 22 23 24 24
3.2 3.3 ORG/ 3.4 3.5 3.6	PLANNING TEAM COORDINATION WITH OTHER EXTERNAL JURISDICTIONS, AGENCIES, AND ANIZATIONS PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT/OUTREACH ASSESS THE HAZARD SET GOALS REVIEW AND PROPOSE MITIGATION MEASURES DRAFT THE HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN	21 22 23 24 24 26
3.2 3.3 ORG/ 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7	PLANNING TEAM COORDINATION WITH OTHER EXTERNAL JURISDICTIONS, AGENCIES, AND ANIZATIONS PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT/OUTREACH ASSESS THE HAZARD SET GOALS REVIEW AND PROPOSE MITIGATION MEASURES	21 22 23 24 24 26
3.2 3.3 ORG/ 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9	PLANNING TEAM COORDINATION WITH OTHER EXTERNAL JURISDICTIONS, AGENCIES, AND ANIZATIONS PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT/OUTREACH ASSESS THE HAZARD SET GOALS REVIEW AND PROPOSE MITIGATION MEASURES DRAFT THE HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN	21 22 23 24 24 25
3.2 3.3 ORG/ 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9	PLANNING TEAM COORDINATION WITH OTHER EXTERNAL JURISDICTIONS, AGENCIES, AND ANIZATIONS PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT/OUTREACH ASSESS THE HAZARD SET GOALS REVIEW AND PROPOSE MITIGATION MEASURES DRAFT THE HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN ADOPT THE PLAN	21 22 23 24 24 24 26 27
3.2 3.3 ORG/ 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9 <b>SECTI</b> 4.1	PLANNING TEAM COORDINATION WITH OTHER EXTERNAL JURISDICTIONS, AGENCIES, AND ANIZATIONS PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT/OUTREACH ASSESS THE HAZARD SET GOALS REVIEW AND PROPOSE MITIGATION MEASURES DRAFT THE HAZARD MITIGATION PLAN ADOPT THE PLAN ON 4. RISK ASSESSMENT	21 22 23 24 24 26 27 28
3.2 3.3 ORG/ 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9 <b>SECTI</b> 4.1	PLANNING TEAM	21 22 23 24 24 26 27 28 28
3.2 3.3 ORG/ 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9 <b>SECTI</b> 4.1 4.2 4.3	PLANNING TEAM	21 22 23 24 24 26 27 28 28 30
3.2 3.3 ORG/ 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9 <b>SECTI</b> 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.3.1	PLANNING TEAM	21 22 23 24 24 26 27 28 28 30 31
3.2 3.3 ORG/ 3.4 3.5 3.6 3.7 3.8 3.9 <b>SECTI</b> 4.1 4.2 4.3 4.3.1 4.3.2 4.3.3	PLANNING TEAM  COORDINATION WITH OTHER EXTERNAL JURISDICTIONS, AGENCIES, AND ANIZATIONS  PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT/OUTREACH	21 22 23 24 24 26 27 28 28 30 31 39 48



	/ILDFIRE	
	YBER SECURITY	
SECTION	N 5. COMMUNITY CAPABILITY ASSESSMENT	71
5.1 IN	ITRODUCTIONS	71
5.2 E	MERGENCY MANAGEMENT	71
5.3 P	LANNING AND REGULATORY CAPABILITY	73
5.4 E	XISTING PLANS	74
	IITIGATION PROGRAMS	
	ISCAL RESOURCES	
	APABILITIES ASSESSMENT	
SECTION	N 6. MITIGATION STRATEGIES	<b>77</b>
6.1 O	VERVIEW	77
6.2 M	IITIGATION GOALS, OBJECTIVES, AND PROJECTS	77
6.3 E	ARTHQUAKE	81
6.4 C	LIMATE CHANGE – INDUCED DROUGHT	81
6.5 Fı	LOOD	82
	/ILDFIRE	
	/INDSTORM	
	YBER SECURITY	
	ITIGATION PRIORITIES	
	IPLEMENTATION STRATEGY	
SECTION	N 7. PLAN MAINTENANCE	87
7.1 M	IONITORING, EVALUATING, AND UPDATING THE PLAN	87
	IPLEMENTATION THROUGH EXISTING PROGRAMS	
7.3 C	ONTINUED PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT	88
APPEN	DIX A: PLANNING TEAM MEETING MATRIX & AGENDA	89
APPENI	DIX B: PUBLIC OUTREACH	96
TABLES	AND FIGURES	
Table 1. Sl	BMWD Critical Facilities	12
Table 2. A	verage Max and Min Temp and Total Precipitation for the City of San Bernardino	14
Table 3. Po	ercentage of the Population at Risk from Identified Hazards within SBMWD	15
	ans Used	
Table 5. H	azard Risk Rankings	29
Table 6. S	creening Assessment Matrix	30



Table 7. Earthquake Magnitude Replacement Costs	33
Table 8. Significant Earthquakes (4.0+ $M_w$ ) within 100 miles of San Bernardino County	36
Table 9. Drought Severity Replacement Costs	41
Table 10. U.S. Drought Monitor	45
Table 11 Drought History in Southern California	46
Table 12. City of San Bernardino Dam Inundation - Seven Oaks Dam from SBLHMP	50
Table 13. Flood Zone Replacement Cost	
Table 14. History of Flooding in San Bernardino	52
Table 15. Windstorm Replacement Costs	57
Table 16 Beaufort Wind Scale	58
Table 17. Windstorm History From NOAA 2019-2024 San Bernardino County	59
Table 18. Wildfire History in San Bernardino County	67
Table 19. Mitigation Actions from 2019 LHMP	
Table 20. Meeting Matrix and Attendees	90
Figure 1. SBMWD Service Map	
Figure 2. SBMWD Critical Facilities	
Figure 3 . SBMWD Earthquake Fault Lines	34
Figure 4. San Bernardino Municipal Water Department, USGS ShakeOut Map	35
Figure 5. USGS Modified Mercalli Intensity Scale	35
Figure 6. United States Earthquake Hazard Map	36
Figure 7. How Ground Displacement Can Severe Pipes	38
Figure 8. Drought Monitor January 2019	43
Figure 9. Drought Monitor January 2024	44
Figure 10. Drought History (2000-2023)	46
Figure 11. Flood Zones within the SBMWD Service Area	53
Figure 12. Wind Zones in the United States	56
Figure 13. Wildfire Map with SBMWD Boundaries	66
Figure 14. Posted on SBMWD Website for Public Outreach	97
Figure 15. Bill Insert on LHMP Message for Public Comments	97





# **SECTION 1. INTRODUCTION**

The LHMP update is a "living document" that should be reviewed, monitored, and updated to reflect changing conditions and new information. As required, the LHMP must be updated every five (5) years to comply with regulations and Federal mitigation grant conditions. In that spirit, this Local Hazard Mitigation Plan (LHMP) is an update of the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department (SBMWD) Hazard Mitigation Plan under review by FEMA.

# 1.1 Purpose of the Plan

Hazard mitigation intends to reduce and/or eliminate loss of life and property. FEMA defines hazard mitigation as "any action taken to reduce or eliminate the long-term risk to human life and property from natural hazards." A "hazard" is defined by FEMA as "any event or condition with the potential to cause fatalities, injuries, property damage, infrastructure damage, agricultural loss, environmental damage, business interruption, or other loss."

The Local Hazard Mitigation Plan aims to demonstrate a plan for reducing and/or eliminating risk within the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department service area. The LHMP process encourages communities to develop goals and projects that will reduce risk and build a more disaster-resilient community by analyzing potential hazards.

After disasters, repairs, and reconstruction are often completed in such a way as to simply restore to pre-disaster conditions. Such efforts expedite a return to normalcy; however, restoring things to pre-disaster conditions sometimes results in feeding the disaster cycle: damage, reconstruction, and repeated damage. Mitigation is one of the primary phases of emergency management, specifically dedicated to breaking the cycle of damage. Hazard mitigation is distinguished from other disaster management functions by measures that make SBMWD infrastructure development and the natural environment safer and more disaster resilient. Mitigation generally involves altering physical environments, significantly reducing risks and vulnerability to hazards by altering the built environment to avoid or reduce life and property losses. Mitigation also makes responding to and recovering from disasters easier and less expensive.

With an approved (and adopted) LHMP, the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department is eligible for federal disaster mitigation funds/grants (Hazard Mitigation Grant Program, Pre-Disaster Mitigation, and Flood Management Assistance) aimed to reduce and/or eliminate risk.



# 1.2 Authority

In 2000, FEMA adopted revisions to the Code of Federal Regulations. This revision is known as "Disaster Mitigation Act (DMA)." DMA 2000, Section 322 (a-d) requires that local governments, as a condition of receiving federal disaster mitigation funds, have a Hazard Mitigation Plan that describes the process for assessing hazards, risks, and vulnerabilities, identifying and prioritizing mitigation actions, and engaging/soliciting input from the community (public), key stakeholders, and adjacent jurisdictions/agencies.

Senate Bill No. 379 will, upon the next revision of a local hazard mitigation plan on or after January 1, 2023, or, if the local jurisdiction has not adopted a local hazard mitigation plan, beginning on or before January 1, 2028, require the safety element to be reviewed and updated as necessary to address climate adaptation and resiliency strategies applicable to that city or county.

Created as a municipal utility under Article 9 of the City of San Bernardino Charter, SBMWD was established on January 6, 1905. SBMWD is governed by a Water Board appointed by the mayor and subject to confirmation by the City Council. The first Water Board was appointed in May 1905, and the initial water distribution system covered approximately one square mile and served a population of only about 6,000 people. Since then, the service area has experienced years of steady population growth and has expanded quickly to provide service to most of the City of San Bernardino and portions of the unincorporated area of San Bernardino County. SBMWD also provides services to the City of Loma Linda.

The Department is governed by a five (5) member Water Board, appointed by the City of San Bernardino Mayor. The General Manager administers the department's day-to-day operations in accordance with policies and procedures established by the Water Board. The Water Board employs a General Manager. There are 263 full-time and three part-time employees at SBMWD.

SBMWD does not have legal authority for zoning, land use, new construction, planning, building inspections, or codes. SMBWD will have to issue a "Will Serve" letter for any new development requested. The County of San Bernardino and the City of San Bernardino have authority over building codes.

### 1.3 What's New

The 2019 City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department Local Hazard Mitigation Plan contained a detailed description of the planning process, a risk assessment of identified hazards for the service area, and an overall mitigation strategy for reducing the risk and vulnerability from these hazards. Since FEMA's approval of the plan, progress has been made by SBMWD on the mitigation strategy. As part of this 2024 LHMP update,



a thorough review and update of the 2019 plan was conducted to ensure that this update reflects current conditions and priorities to realign the overall mitigation strategy for the next five-year planning period. This section of the plan includes the following:

What's New in the Plan Update. This section provides an overview of the approach to updating the plan and identifies new analyses, data, and information included in this Plan update to reflect current service area conditions. This includes a summary of new hazard and risk assessment data related to the service area and information on current and future development trends affecting infrastructure vulnerability and related issues. The updated data and analyses are in their respective sections within this 2024 LHMP update.

Summary of Significant Changes to Current Conditions and Hazard Mitigation Program Priorities. This section summarizes significant changes in current conditions, changes in vulnerability, and any resulting modifications to the community's mitigation program priorities.

**2019 Mitigation Strategy Status and Successes.** This section describes the status of mitigation actions from the 2019 plan and indicates whether a project is no longer relevant or is recommended for inclusion in the updated 2024 mitigation strategy.

This *What's New* section provides documentation of the SBMWD service area's progress or changes in their risk and vulnerability to hazards and their overall hazard mitigation program. Completing this 2024 LHMP update further provides documentation of the continued commitment and engagement in the mitigation planning process.

#### 1.4 New Risk Assessment

As part of its comprehensive review and update of each plan section, SBMWD recognized that updated data, if available, would enhance the analysis presented in the risk assessment and be utilized in developing the updated mitigation strategy. Highlights of new data used for this plan update are identified below in this section and are also sourced in context within Section 4, Risk Assessment. Specific data used is sourced throughout this plan document. This new data and associated analysis provided valuable input for developing the mitigation strategy presented in Section 5 of this plan. A highlight of new information and analyses contained in this plan update includes the following:

- A new assessment of updated hazards affecting the SBMWD service area was completed, adding additional hazards to planning documents. The new hazards include cyber security.
- An entire rework of the risk assessment for each identified hazard. This included reworking the hazard profile and adding new hazard event occurrences, rebuilding vulnerability as the whole analysis to add items identified below, and updating the vulnerability assessment based on more recent hazard data.



- An update of the flood hazard analysis to include an updated analysis of the 100year flood and an analysis of the 500-year flood, including the use of the new and updated DFIRMs.
- An enhanced vulnerability assessment.

Incorporation and analysis of the new 2020 Census data were utilized for this LHMP update. Census data was used in an intersect analysis to determine how much of the population is exposed to flood, drought, earthquake, windstorm, and wildfire hazards.

# 1.5 Successful Mitigation Implementation

SBMWD has completed a review of past seismic retrofit studies and has applied studies to current and future projects. They also participate annually with Great California Shakeout to prepare and train employees for earthquakes.

• Six steel and concrete reservoirs have been strategically retrofitted since 2020, and there is a plan to retrofit seven more over the next four years, 2024-2028.

## 1.6 Community Profile

## **Physical Setting**

The City of San Bernardino lies at the base of the San Bernardino Mountains and is approximately 60 miles east of the City of Los Angeles. The city has three major freeways that run through it: Interstate 10, Interstate 215, and Interstate 210. The city is also home to California State University, San Bernardino, and San Bernardino International Airport.

The SBMWD's service area is bounded on the north by the San Bernardino National Forest, on the east by the East Valley Water District and Redlands Municipal Utilities, on the south by the cities of Loma Linda and Colton, and on the west by the West Valley Water District, the City of Rialto, and the Muscoy Mutual Water Company. Elevations within the SBMWD's service area range from approximately 1,000 feet above sea level at the southern boundary to more than 2,300 feet above sea level at its northernmost boundary.

The geographical features include the San Bernardino National Forest, located north of the city's boundaries. Cajon Pass is in the northwest section of the city. The Arrowhead Springs are located within the city boundaries. City Creek, San Timoteo Creek, Twin Creek, and Warm Creek feed into the Santa Ana River, encompassing most of the city's southern border.

San Bernardino is unique from most Southern California cities because of the vast amounts of water found in the basin. Most of the city sits on the underground aquifer named the Bunker Hill Basin. The city's downtown area was built on top of the Bunker

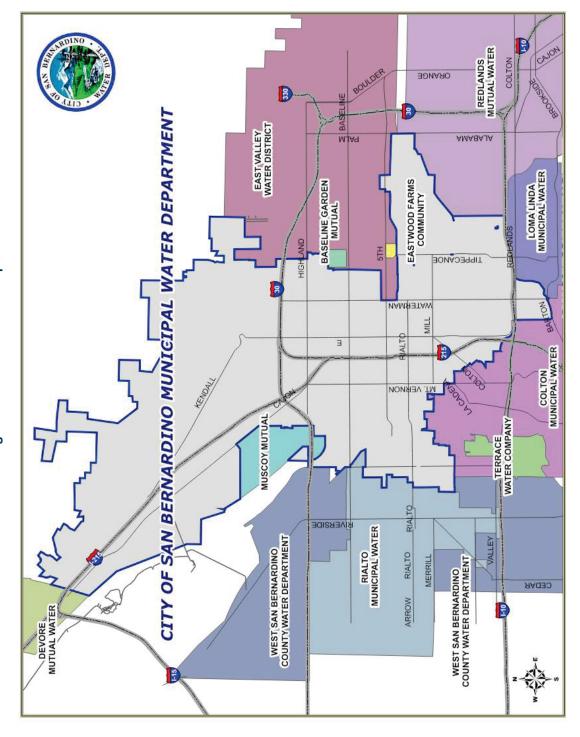


Hill Basin. The downtown area still rests in that location. This accounts for the historical high-water table in the city. In past years, the water table was so high the city installed super wells to pump water from the basin into the Santa Ana River in an attempt to lower the water table and stop the flooding of the United States Central Post Office basement as well as basements of other government offices and businesses located in the southwestern and western sides of the city. Pumping water out of the basin was also an attempt to lower the danger of liquefaction during earthquakes. These wells were turned off during the recent drought as the water table was well below levels that interfered with buildings.





Figure 1. SBMWD Service Map



10 | Page



### History

The City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department and the Water Board were established on May 8, 1905, by the Mayor and Common Council of San Bernardino in accordance with the provisions specified in the City Charter. "The Water Board assembled for the first time on May 16, 1905, to meet the community's water supply needs by providing trusted, quality service to our customers." This service has grown through the years to include water supply, water reclamation, geothermal heating supply, and administrative support for our growing community.

The first water distribution system of San Bernardino included water supply for approximately six thousand citizens within a one-square-mile service area. In contrast, the water supply distribution network now encompasses over 45,000 service connections, including 750 miles of water mains, over 55 square miles. Although the number of connections has increased during the past one hundred years, the commitment to trusted, quality service remains intact.

The SBMWD's service area receives its water supply from an underground aquifer called Bunker Hill Groundwater Basin, concentrated at the city's northeastern end. The water contained in the Bunker Hill Groundwater Basin is replenished with rain and snowmelt that filters through the local San Bernardino Mountains. This local water supply ensures the customers of the San Bernardino Municipal Water Department receive high-quality, inexpensive water as compared to other communities. SBMWD also receives water from the State of California Water Project. State project water does not feed directly into the SBMWD water system and is only used to help replenish the Bunker Hill Basin. Many communities of Southern California must import their water supplies from remote locations via the Colorado River and Northern California pipelines and aqueducts. Certain man-made and natural contaminants can impact many water supplies imported from distant locations as the water is transported to the customer. SBMWD also operates two wastewater treatment plants.

In (YEAR), SBMWD obtained a FEMA grant to assist in reservoir seismic upgrades of four steel tanks, totaling 26.3 million gallons (about 99556283 L), enhancing water reliability throughout the service area.

The SBMWD operates and maintains 38 storage tanks and 53 water wells. In addition, the SBMWD has ownership of the City of San Bernardino's wastewater collection system. The SBMWD has owned and operated the wastewater treatment system for over 60 years but didn't own or operate the wastewater collection system. The City of San Bernardino Public Works Department owned and operated the collection system. As the city emerged from bankruptcy in 2017, the city turned over ownership, maintenance, and control of the



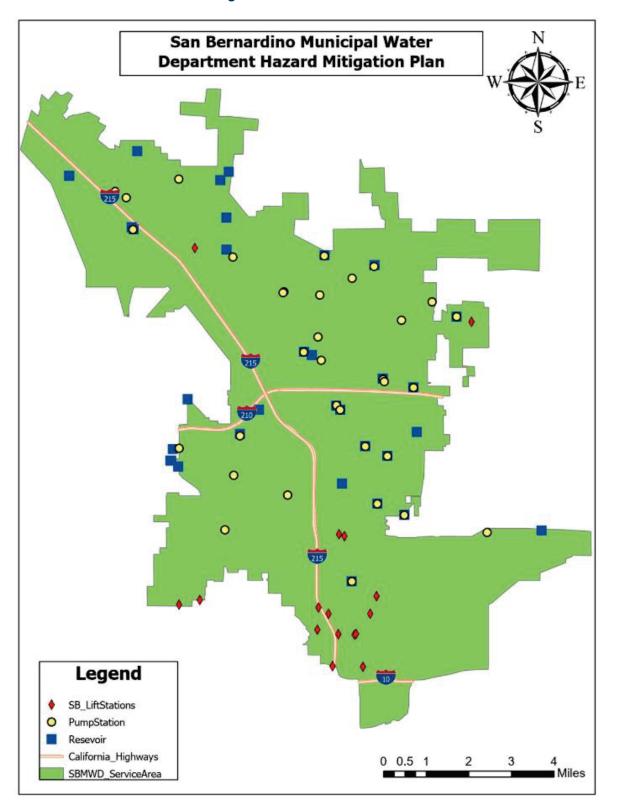
collections system. The collection system had not been updated in many years. The SBMWD now operates 466 miles of wastewater pipelines and has 64,342 customer wastewater laterals within the city and county areas. The wastewater system treats, on average, 22 million gallons of wastewater daily, all of which are prone and at risk from the effects of each identified hazard in **Section 4.3**.

**Table 1. SBMWD Critical Facilities** 

Critical Facilities	Hazard Vulnerability							
Water Reclamation Plant	Earthquake							
RIX	Earthquake, drought, flood, windstorm, wildfire							
19 <sup>th</sup> Street Plant	Earthquake, flood							
Newmark Plant	Earthquake, flood							
Perris Hill Dam	Earthquake, flood							
Waterman Plant	Earthquake, flood							
17 <sup>th</sup> Street Plant	Earthquake, flood							
Ogden Plant	Earthquake, flood, wildfire							
Medical Center Plant	Earthquake, flood							
Lythe Creek Plant	Earthquake, wildfire, flood							
Electric Drive Plant	Earthquake, wildfire							
E Street Lift Station	Earthquake, drought, flood, wildfire							



Figure 2. SBMWD Critical Facilities





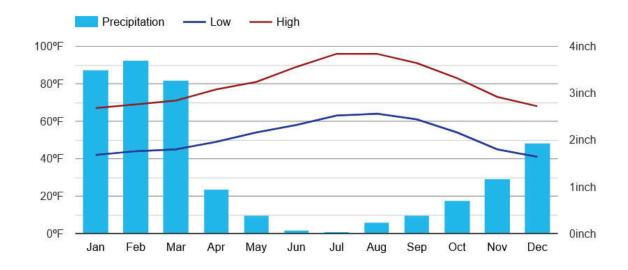
# 1.7 Climate

The average rainfall<sup>1</sup> The City of San Bernardino, where our Main Headquarters is located, has an average temperature of 1.1 of an inch, ranging from 55.5 to 80.3 degrees Fahrenheit. The region's temperate Mediterranean climate fosters moderate winters, hot summers, and generally low humidity.

Table 2. Average Max and Min Temp and Total Precipitation for the City of San Bernardino

	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Annual
Avg. Max. Temp (F)	68	70	75	77	79	89	93	95	92	83	73	69	80.3
Avg. Min. Temp (F)	45	47	51	53	57	62	67	67	66	58	49	44	55.5
Avg. Total Precipitation	2.61	1.93	1.27	.73	.31	0	.23	.20	.53	.83	1.31	2.99	1.1

San Bernardino Climate Graph - California Climate Chart



Average weather San Bernardino 2023 normal US Climate Data <a href="https://www.usclimatedata.com/">https://www.usclimatedata.com/</a>



### 1.8 Demographics

Demographics for our service area are based on Census 2020<sup>2</sup>. SBMWD delivers more than 47,676 acre-feet per year (15.5 billion gallons) of water to its service area for both commercial and residential use and serves a population of over 200,000 residents. In emergencies, the County of San Bernardino and the City of San Bernardino and the City of San Bernardino handle underserved communities and socially vulnerable populations. SBMWD serves a severely economically disadvantaged community based on the 2020 Federal Census.

Table 3. Percentage of the Population at Risk from Identified Hazards within SBMWD

% of Population at Risk from Identified Hazards	SBMWD	Population Total
Population within Service Area	215,000	215,000
Earthquake	100%	215,000
Drought	10%	21,500
Flooding	35%	75,250
Windstorm	15%	32,250
Wildfire	25%	53,750
Cyber Security	0%	215,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Service area population from http://datausa.io





### 1.9 Existing Land Use

The existing land used is for housing, commercial, and light industry. The City of San Bernardino is responsible for designating land use. The City of San Bernardino and the County of San Bernardino regulate incorporated areas. The SBMWD does not have the authority to regulate land use.

### 1.10 Development Trends

Development in the City of San Bernardino was reduced significantly during the housing industry crash in 2008. San Bernardino is seeing a resurgence of new housing developments that started in 2023-2025 and has increased since the 2020 LHMP was completed. Most of the new housing is in the Northwestern part of the city. However, building in this area does not increase the vulnerability of hazards for the water and wastewater system. The biggest developing units in the city are warehouses, redevelopment, and housing in the northwestern part of the city, since the last LHMP in 2020 was completed. This development means there are more pipelines, pumping stations, and automatic control valves, fire hydrants, water meters, sewer mains, storage reservoirs, and wells needed to supply services to the new area. This area is also in a high-fire area and is vulnerable to earthquakes and intense high winds during the Santa Ana events. However, there are no expected changes in all hazards, impacting current and future increased population patterns and development growth to the water wastewater system.

All future development that will take place is planned to occur in accordance with the General Plan Land Use Zones and will consider all potential hazards identified within this 2025 LHMP. Additionally, all developments will comply with all the county and state Fire, Flood, and Seismic codes at the time of development. Most buildings were stopped in the service area, due to Covid-19.



#### SECTION 2. PLAN ADOPTION

### 2.1 Adoption by Local Governing Body

According to the mitigation planning regulations, SBMWD LHMP will be submitted to the California Office of Emergency Services (Cal EOS) for review and approval. Cal OES will conduct a review of the Plan in accordance with the Code of Federal Regulations; once this review is complete and any revisions are made, CalOES will forward the plan to FEMA for another review and revisions, as FEMA requires. CalOES will notify SBMWD when FEMA has approved the final LHMP. The final approval letter will be pending adoption by the Water Board. The Water Board's Resolution will be sent to CalOES and FEMA. SEMC will send a copy of the LHMP and Resolution to the San Bernardino Office of Emergency Management.

### 2.2 Promulgation Authority

The Local Hazard Mitigation Plan was reviewed and approved by the Board of Water Commissioners of the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department's Water Board:

Toni Callicott - President

Wayne Hendrix P.E. - Vice President

David E. Mlynarski - Water Board Member

Thomas Brickley - Water Board Member

Rikke V Johnson - Water Board Member

### 2.3 Primary Point of Contact

The Point of Contact for information regarding this LHMP is:

### Francisco Salazar – Safety Manager

City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department 1350 South E Street San Bernardino, CA 92408 (909) 384-5141



### **Consultant Primary Contact:**

Gary Sturdivan, Project Lead

Sturdivan Emergency Management Consulting, LLC.

(909) 658-5974

GSturdivan@semcllc.com







#### **SECTION 3. PLANNING PROCESS**

### 3.1 Preparing for the Plan

SBMWD developed a broad approach in preparation for updating the hazard mitigation plan. As an active participant in the County of San Bernardino's Multi-Hazard Multi-Jurisdictional Mitigation Plan, SBMWD used county-provided resources to assist in developing and evaluating data to start the plan update.

Internally, SBMWD has a wealth of experienced and resourceful employees who provide benefits to the program. The SBMWD team participated in regular discussions, staff meetings, and health and safety committee meetings supporting the plan update. The internal planning team was invited to the meeting through emails and Microsoft Outlook calendar invites. The Team invited the city police department, County of San Bernardino County OES, San Bernardino Valley College, University of San Bernardino, Mary's Kitchen, San Bernardino Salvation Army.

Mary's Mercy Kitchen and San Bernardino County OES were the only ones that attend the first meeting with the LHMP team. All the others never showed up at any meetings. City of San Bernardino was also a no show along with Valley Collage and the University of San Bernardino, East Valley Water, City of Colton Water American Red Cross. The police department and County OES reviewed the document,

City of San Bernardino and the County of San Bernardino are the two agencies have authority for land use and building.

In addition to participating in the 2022 county-level update, SBMWD participated in plan updates with local agencies undergoing plan updates in 2023. Additionally, members from local government agencies who were asked to be a part of the SBMWD LHMP Update Planning team to assist in document review included staff from the City of San Bernardino, San Bernardino County Fire District, San Bernardino County OES, and the San Bernardino Police Department. This team also participated in community outreach with local businesses, including community-based organizations, that work directly with and/or provide support to underserved communities and socially vulnerable populations and members of the public through fairs and events. Organizations within the service boundaries that conduct outreach and assistance for vulnerable populations include the Inland Empire American Red Cross Chapter and Mary's Mercy Kitchen. SBMWD also has collaborative conservation messages with local water districts regarding water waste. Underserved and vulnerable populations they serve include socioeconomically disadvantaged people; people with limited English proficiency; geographically isolated or educationally disenfranchised people; people of color as well as those of ethnic and national origin minorities; women and children; individuals with disabilities and others with access and functional needs; and seniors.



SBMWD's approach in updating the plan consisted of:

- Establishing the internal planning team
- Coordination with outside agencies, organizations, jurisdictions, and the public
- Documenting past events
- Posting the meeting agendas, meeting minutes, and draft LHMP onto their website and asking for public input and comments on the planning process
- Conducting public outreach
- Reviewing and updating the hazards
- Reviewing and updating mitigation measures
- Plan Adoption

During the planning process, the Planning Team utilized the following plans to gain information on the service area's hazards and mitigation goals for SBMWD. Relevant information from each of the following plans, including local City and County Government priorities, was included when aligned with SBMWD strategies and projects and incorporated into this update. There have not been any changes in priorities since the approval of the 2019 LHMP.

SBMWD Urban Water Master Plan deals with community water systems, water storage, water shortage, and climate change to ensure all the water agencies that take water from the local basin agree to water shortages, replenishment, and effects of climate change on our water. The following plans were used:

**Table 4. Plans Used** 

Study Plan	Key Information
IRUWMP Urban Water Management Plan	Land Use Trends
2015 Water Master Plan	Water Systems
2019 Sewer Master Plan	Sewer Systems
2019 SBMWD LHMP	Hazard Identification, Mitigation Measures
2020 Water Reclamation Plant Facility Master Plan	WRP Systems
2020 San Bernardino County LHMP	Land Use for Area, Future Projects

2024 California HMP	Goals For the State of California		
San Bernardino County Flood Control	Gain Information On Future Flood Control Projects		
FEMA Flood Insurance Study for S.B. County	Flood History		

### The planning process consisted of:



### 3.2 Planning Team

As identified in **Section 3.1**, several planning teams were associated with preparing the update. The Hazard Mitigation Plan was compiled and authored by members of the following Planning Team:

#### **Internal Team:**

Miguel J. Guerrero, P.E. - General Manager

Francisco Salazar – Safety Manager

Karl Wendt – Safety Coordinator

Daniel Rios – Environmental Analyst



Ashleigh Torres – Risk Management Analyst

Marissa Flores - Acosta - Environmental Manager

#### **External Team:**

Michele Mahan - San Bernardino Police Department

David Davis - San Bernardino County OES

Dan Flores - Mary's Mercy Kitchen

Stephanie McMahon - American Redcross

# 3.3 Coordination with Other External Jurisdictions, Agencies, and Organizations

The Internal and External Planning Teams include five people from the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department and four people from local agencies. The County of San Bernardino OES, San Bernardino Police Department, Mary's Mercy Kitchen, and American Red Cross were invited to be on the Planning Team, but American Redcross was unable to attend. The meeting matrix outlining the subjects covered and the attendees is in Appendix A.

The Planning Team participated in monthly meetings to coordinate efforts, provide input, and receive support for the LHMP. The support included receiving technical expertise, resource materials, and tools. SBMWD facilitated the LHMP process and provided information that follows FEMA requirements for the program. The tools, resource materials, and other project-related information are maintained on a project portal on SBMWD's website <a href="https://ca-sbmwd.civicplus.com/">https://ca-sbmwd.civicplus.com/</a>, which allows access to the information by all participants and the public; screenshots are located under Appendix B.

Mr. Gary Sturdivan's contact information was on each document for questions and concerns. The Planning Team reviewed the document and made corrections or voiced concerns to the consultant. These comments were discussed at the next team meeting, and corrections were then made to the document. These meetings were not publicly held.

Accomplishing a shared goal for emergency preparedness and hazard mitigation requires the coordinated efforts of various jurisdictions, agencies, and organizations.

This team's objective consisted of:

 Assisting all participating jurisdictions with the Hazard Mitigation Plan planning process



- Guiding the CalOES and FEMA requirements
- Assisting in the development of regional maps and support information regarding hazards
- Providing a forum to all jurisdictions participating in the update for questions and issues to be discussed

The City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department Planning Team participated in each of the scheduled Planning Team meetings and conference calls facilitated by SEMC related to the update project. Meeting agendas discussing LHMP updates are in Appendix A.

#### 3.4 Public Involvement/Outreach

In support of the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department LHMP update, SBMWD solicited information from members of the public through various methods. SBMWD conducted their outreach through various social media, including Facebook and Instagram, to distribute a questionnaire, along with posting sections of the draft LHMP onto the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department website. Outreach to nonprofit organizations, including community-based organizations and the agencies listed in **Section 3.1**, was conducted to allow those representing vulnerable populations to be involved in the planning process. SBMWD outreach included a solicitation for comment through phone calls and emails to the organizations in Section 3.1 on numerous occasions but could not elicit feedback.

These methods consist of:

- Community Outreach events
- Local Emergency Coordination meetings
- Plan/Project inclusion in the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department's Programs includes mitigation actions that require public involvement and are open for public comment. (Capital Improvement Plan, Annual Budget Report, etc.)

Any information and public feedback collected from the public outreach phase, public events, and meetings will be documented in **Appendix B**, including outreach to representatives of the underserved and vulnerable populations who were provided the opportunity to be involved. No comments were made at this time.



#### October 2023, The Great ShakeOut

The City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department participated in The Great ShakeOut. Through this plan, we provide information on disaster response related to business and water. This information includes steps SBMWD has taken to respond to earthquake emergencies that impact SBMWD and the surrounding community.

### 3.5 Assess the Hazard

A critical component of the LHMP process is assessing the likely hazards that may impact SBMWD facilities and operations. It is important to have a thorough understanding of these hazards without overanalyzing remote or highly unlikely hazards.

This LHMP has been developed through an extensive review of available information on hazards SBMWD has faced in the past and most likely will face in the future. The Planning Team reviewed and discussed items that have happened in the State of California and disasters that have happened in the service area and Southern California. The Team reviewed documents such as engineering drawings, photographs, and available geotechnical and geologic data from the Internet and outside sources such as FEMA Hazard Mapping, San Bernardino County hazard maps, and documents.

Additionally, for each profiled hazard, the Planning Team then analyzed the community's exposure to each hazard (inventory of assets) and the potential impact under scenario events. The Planning Team used HAZUS, and hazards intersect analyses recently completed within San Bernardino County to produce this information. See Section 4 for more information.

### 3.6 Set Goals

The goal-setting process for the 2024 Local Hazard Mitigation Plan update consisted of the Planning Team reviewing the hazard exposure and scenario impacts developed during the Risk Assessment portion of the process. With an understanding of the potential risk the community is facing, the Planning Team then re-evaluated the 2019 Hazard Mitigation Plan Goals and Objectives, assessed their status and effectiveness in meeting the 2019 Mitigation Measures, and identified new Goals and Objectives.

### 3.7 Review and Propose Mitigation Measures

Identifying mitigation measures began with reviewing and validating the previous mitigation measures in the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department 2019 Local Hazard Mitigation Plan. Using the existing plan as a starting point, the planning team assessed whether the measures were valid. Through this discussion, the development of new mitigation measures was determined.



The planning team identified and analyzed mitigation measures for the hazards that influence SBMWD. This analysis assisted in developing an implementation strategy for prioritizing mitigation measures. Meetings (in-person and virtual) were held with the planning team as a group and through meetings within their departments to solicit input on the plan updates.

A wide variety of mitigation measures that can be identified to help reduce the impact or the severity of damage from hazards was examined. The projects were identified to help implement the Planning Team's goals and objectives. The following categories were used in the review of possible mitigation measures:

- 1. Public Information and Education Outreach projects and technical assistance.
- 2. Preventive Activities Zoning, building codes, stormwater ordinances
- Structural Projects Detention basins, reservoirs, road, and bridge improvements
- 4. Property Protection Acquisition, retrofitting
- 5. Emergency Services Warning, sandbagging, road signs/closures, evacuation
- 6. Natural Resource Protection Wetlands, protection, best management practices.

In addition to the STAPLEE methodology, each Planning Team incorporated other criteria/factor questions into the process to help engage and solicit input from members. The STAPLEE method was applied to prioritizing the chosen mitigation actions.

Based on STAPLEE, the Planning Team addressed the following questions to determine mitigation options:

#### Does the Action:

- 1. Solve the problem
- 2. Address Vulnerability Assessment?
- 3. Reduce the exposure or vulnerability to the highest priority hazard
- 4. Address multiple hazards?
- 5. Address more than one (1) Goal/Objective?
- 6. Benefits equal or exceed costs?

#### Can the Action:

- 1. Be implemented with existing funds?
- 2. Be implemented by existing state or federal grant programs?



- 3. Be completed within the 5-year life cycle of the LHMP?
- 4. Be implemented with currently available technologies?

#### Will the Action:

- 1. Be accepted by the community?
- 2. Be supported by community leaders?
- 3. Adversely impact segments of the population or neighborhoods?
- 4. Result in legal action such as a lawsuit?
- 5. Positively or negatively impact the environment?

#### Is there:

- 1. Sufficient staffing to undertake the project?
- 2. Sufficient funds to complete the project?
- 3. Existing authority to undertake the project?

After going through this process for each project, the Planning Team had the ability to identify the higher priority projects.

### 3.8 Draft the Hazard Mitigation Plan

The LHMP update was drafted by SEMC, the Project Lead, based on input and comments from the Planning Team. As indicated previously, the Planning Team used the 2019 LHMP as a starting point but revised it to reflect updated information.

SBMWD consultant led the Planning Team and prepared the draft LHMP with input from the Planning Team, local agencies in the area, and the public. The Planning Team reviewed and commented on the draft LHMP, and subsequent changes were made before the LHMP was finalized and adopted by the Water Board. All draft documents were posted on the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department website. Notices were sent to all water customers in the service area. billing statements and public updates on social media that SBMWD has at its disposal. All LHMP documents were posted on the website, and comments were asked for.

The LHMP was reviewed in comparison to the FEMA-designed Review Tool. The Review Tool links the federal requirements, identifies the sections in the LHMP where the information can be found, and provides a rating as to the level of compliance with the federal regulations.

Once the LHMP update was drafted, the Planning Team finalized the plan and forwarded it to Cal/OES and FEMA for approval.





### 3.9 Adopt the Plan

After the public review, the draft plan will be submitted to the SBMWD Water Board for adoption by resolution. The resolutions will be forwarded to the State of California OES. Once the State has approved the LHMP, the document will be sent to FEMA. FEMA will provide the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department with an "Approval Letter" when the Hazard Mitigation Plan update meets all federal requirements. A copy of the final LHMP will be delivered to the San Bernardino County Office of Emergency Management.

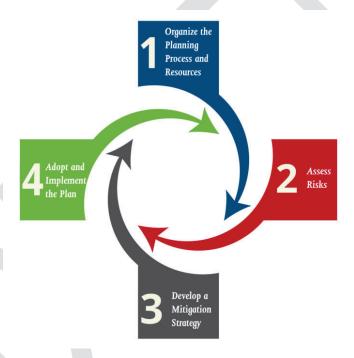




### SECTION 4. RISK ASSESSMENT

The goal of mitigation is to reduce the future impacts of a hazard, including property damage, disruption to local and regional economies, and the amount of public and private funds spent for recovery. Mitigation decisions are based on risk assessments where the probability of an event is evaluated with respect to the anticipated damages caused by such an event.

This section aims to understand the hazards and their risks in the San Bernardino Municipal Watter District service area. This process generally has four steps: 1) Hazard Identification, 2) Vulnerability Analysis, 3) Risk Analysis, and 4) Vulnerability Assessment, including an estimation of potential losses. These are four items; however, the terms can be used interchangeably.



#### 4.1 Hazard Identification

The Planning Team discussed potential hazards and evaluated their probability of occurrence. The following sections describe this process and the results.

### 4.2 Hazard Screening Criteria

Screening the hazards aims to help prioritize which hazards create the greatest concern for SBMWD. A list of natural hazards to consider was obtained from the Federal Emergency Management Agency's (FEMA) State and Local Mitigation Planning How-to



Guide: Understanding Your Risks (FEMA 386-1). The team used the Stafford Act, the California Emergency Service Act, and STAPLEE (Social, Technical, Administrative, Political, Legal, Economic, and Environmental feasibility) criteria to help rank each risk. The risks were ranked from 1 – 4, with (1) being a "Highly Likely" event, (2) being a "Likely" event, (3) being a "Somewhat Likely" event, and (4) being a "Least Likely" event. The Planning Team reviewed each hazard on the list using their experience and historical data pertaining to each hazard and developed the following ranked list in Table 5.

Table 5. Hazard Risk Rankings

Hazard	Risk Ranking (1-4)
Earthquake	1
Flooding	2
Wildfire	2
Climate Change – Induced Drought	3
Windstorm	3
Cyber Security	2

The natural hazards considered not to affect or be a risk to the Department were ranked 4, "Least Likely," and not considered applicable to SBMWD for mitigation. The hazards not used are tsunami, as the department is 80 miles inland from the nearest Ocean. Hurricane and tornado, which is not a likely occurrence in Southern California. There are no active volcanos in Southern California

#### **Hazard Assessment Matrix**

SBMWD used a qualitative ranking system for the hazard screening process, which generated a high/medium/low rating for the probability and impact of each screened hazard.

**Probability Ratings:** Highly Likely (1), Likely (2), or Somewhat Likely (3)

Impact Ratings: Catastrophic, Critical, or Limited



### **Screening Assessment Matrix**

The screening assessment matrix was used to assess SBMWD's hazards. The hazards have been placed in the appropriate cell of the corresponding "Screening Assessment Matrix" based on the Planning Team's collective experience. The hazard screening assessment is shown in Table 6.

Prioritization of the hazards is discussed in the following section. The Probability/Impact rating is based on a 5-year occurrence. The percentages represent the likelihood within the 5-year occurrence.

**Impact** Probability/Impact Catastrophic Critical Limited Rating Climate Highly Likely (1) Change -Earthquake (1) Induced **Probability** (75 - 100%)Drought (2) Flooding (2) Likely (2) Wildfire (3) (50-75%) Cyber Security (2) Somewhat Likely (3) Windstorm (3) (25 - 50%)

**Table 6. Screening Assessment Matrix** 

The hazards not used are tsunami, as the department is 80 miles inland from the nearest Ocean. Hurricane and tornado, which is not a likely occurrence in Southern California. There are no active volcano's in Southern California.

### 4.3 Hazard Profiles

This section looks at all the hazards identified by the Planning Team that may impact SBMWD within its boundaries. This section gives an overview of each hazard, the definition of each hazard, the location of each hazard, and a description of how each hazard is expected to affect SBMWD's service and/or service area using observed hazards in SBMWD's service area, the hazards identified in the FEMA website, and the FEMA software program known as HAZUS (Hazards United States). HAZUS contains models of natural disasters and the effects the disasters can have on a region.



### 4.3.1 Earthquake

**Probability:** (75-100%) Highly likely – Historical earthquake data for SBMWD and its region indicate 11 significant earthquakes within the last 5 years. However, some earthquakes in southern California occur daily but are insignificant to SBMWD. This equates to a significant earthquake every .45 years on average of a significant earthquake in any given year. Based on this data, SBMWD determined that future earthquake occurrence within their boundaries continues to be highly likely. This section looks at all the hazards affecting the district within its boundaries, which the Planning Team identified.

Impact: Catastrophic

Priority: Highly Likely

**General Definition:** An earthquake is a sudden, rapid shaking of the earth caused by the breaking and shifting of rock beneath the earth's surface. For hundreds of millions of years, the forces of plate tectonics have shaped the earth's surface. The plates move slowly over, under, and past each other to create mountains, valleys, and all other geological formations. Usually, the movement is gradual; however, increased movement occurs when the plates become locked together, unable to release the accumulating energy. When the accumulated energy grows strong enough, the plates break free, causing the ground to shake. Most earthquakes occur at the boundaries where plates meet; however, some earthquakes occur in the middle of plates.

Ground shaking from earthquakes can collapse buildings and bridges and disrupt gas, electric, water utilities, and phone service. Additionally, earthquakes can trigger landslides, avalanches, fires, and destructive ocean waves such as tsunamis. Buildings with foundations resting on unconsolidated fill material and other unstable soil, as well as homes not tied to their foundations, are at risk because they can be shaken off their mountings even during a mild earthquake. An earthquake in a populated area may cause deaths, injuries, and/or extensive property damage.

Earthquakes strike suddenly and without warning at any time of year. On a yearly basis, 70 to 75 damaging earthquakes occur worldwide. Estimates of losses from a 7.8-magnitude earthquake in the southern section of the San Andreas Fault System (located in the regional area near Los Angeles County) could easily reach \$200 billion in damages. This information was pulled from the California Great ShakeOut© USGS scenario.

Earthquakes pose a moderate to very high risk for 45 states and territories in the United States of America, and earthquakes occur in every region of the Country. California experiences the most frequent damaging earthquakes of the 45 states and territories of the United States; however, Alaska experiences the greatest number of large earthquakes, most located in uninhabited areas. The nearby southern section of the San



Andreas Fault is ranked in the top five (5) most likely faults to cause major damage in the United States by the United States Geological Survey (USGS).

The source for the earthquake profile is a report that describes a new earthquake rupture forecast for California developed by the 2007 Working Group on California Earthquake Probabilities (WGCEP 2007). The Earthquake Working Group was organized in September 2005 by the USGS, the California Geological Survey (CGS), and the Southern California Earthquake Center (SCEC) to understand the locations of faults in California better. The group produced a revised, time-independent forecast for California for the National Seismic Hazard Map.

### **Climate Change Impacts:**

The following summarizes changes in exposure and vulnerability to earthquake hazards resulting from climate change:

**Population** – Vulnerability to earthquakes is unlikely to increase due to climate change.

**Critical facilities –** All critical facility's exposure and vulnerability are unlikely to increase due to climate change.

<u>Vulnerability:</u> The socially vulnerable population comprises individuals such as children, the elderly, individuals with mental health challenges, and those facing financial hardship. These individuals may reside in unconventional living situations, such as under bridges, in tents, or in makeshift shelters along waterways or freeway bridges. The socially vulnerable populations are most susceptible based on many factors, including how the people respond to their financial ability to purchase supplies. Food, clothing, and safe housing may be manageable for only short periods and then fall into extreme poverty, with a lack of resources and the ability to navigate special needs in an emergency or to manage to obtain adequate food, housing, clothing, or medical treatment.

In an earthquake, vulnerable populations may not be able to find adequate shelter as the landscape streets and shelters are not available in the short term. Shelter must be developed and put in place by the affected cities, counties, States, or FEMA.



Table 7 below is a replacement cost estimate for all SBMWD critical facilities.

**Table 7. Earthquake Magnitude Replacement Costs** 

SBMWD / Earthquake Magnitude	Replacement Value	
Magnitude 7.0 or Above (Very High Impact)		
SBMWD – All Critical Assets	\$800 Million	
Magnitude 5.0 or 6.9 (Moderate Impact)		
SBMWD - All Critical Assets	\$300 Million	
Magnitude 1.0 or 4.9 (Low Impact)		
SBMWD - All Critical Assets	\$5 Million	

<u>Description:</u> The area around SBMWD facilities are seismically active since it is situated on the boundary between two fault lines. There have been many earthquakes in and around the Department's service area.



Figure 3 . SBMWD Earthquake Fault Lines

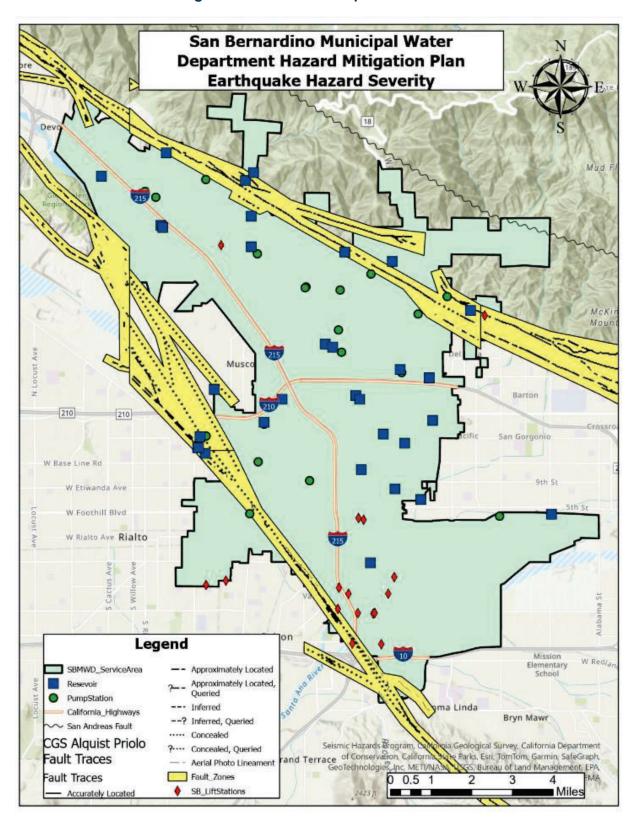




Figure 4. San Bernardino Municipal Water Department, USGS ShakeOut Map

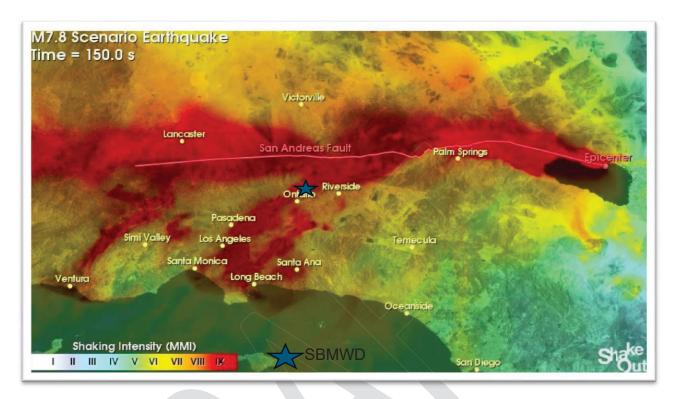


Figure 5. USGS Modified Mercalli Intensity Scale

Intensity	Shaking	Description/Damage
Ţ	Not felt	Not felt except by a very few under especially favorable conditions.
II	Weak	Felt only by a few persons at rest, especially on upper floors of buildings.
m	Weak	Felt quite noticeably by persons indoors, especially on upper floors of buildings. Many people do not recognize it as an earthquake. Standing motor cars may rock slightly. Vibrations similar to the passing of a truck. Duration estimated.
IV	Light	Felt indoors by many, outdoors by few during the day. At night, some awakened. Dishes, windows, doors disturbed; walls make cracking sound. Sensation like heavy truck striking building. Standing motor cars rocked noticeably.
V	Moderate	Felt by nearly everyone; many awakened. Some dishes, windows broken. Unstable objects overturned. Pendulum clocks may stop.
VI	Strong	Felt by all, many frightened. Some heavy furniture moved; a few instances of fallen plaster. Damage slight.
VII	Very strong	Damage negligible in buildings of good design and construction; slight to moderate in well-built ordinary structures; considerable damage in poorly built or badly designed structures; some chimneys broken.
VIII	Severe	Damage slight in specially designed structures; considerable damage in ordinary substantial buildings with partial collapse. Damage great in poorly built structures. Fall of chimneys, factory stacks, columns, monuments, walls. Heavy furniture overturned.
ΙΧ	Violent	Damage considerable in specially designed structures; well-designed frame structures thrown out of plumb. Damage great in substantial buildings, with partial collapse. Buildings shifted off foundations.
Х	Extreme	Some well-built wooden structures destroyed; most masonry and frame structures destroyed with foundations. Rails bent.



The greatest earthquake threat in the United States is along tectonic plate boundaries and seismic fault lines in the central and western states; however, the Eastern United States faces a moderate risk of less frequent, less intense earthquake events.

Highest hazard

% g

13223-32
16-24
8-16
4-8
2-4
0-2
Lowest hazard

Figure 6. United States Earthquake Hazard Map

Table 8. Significant Earthquakes (4.0+ M<sub>w</sub>) within 100 miles of San Bernardino County

Date	Area	Mag (M <sub>w</sub> )	Total damage/notes
02/07/2019	Ludlow	4.0	No damage to SBMWD
7/4/2019	Ridgecrest	6.4	No damage to SBMWD
7/6/2019	Ridgecrest/Trona	7.1	No damage to SBMWD



9/10/2019	Wildomar	4.0	No damage to SBMWD
11/28/2019	Boron	3.5	No damage to SBMWD
01/25/2020	Barstow	4.6	No damage to SBMWD
08/18/2021	Lytle Creek	3.6	No damage to SBMWD
09/03/2022	Loma	3.6	No damage to SBMWD
01/25/2024	San Bernardino	4.2	No damage to SBMWD
02/19/2024	Ontario	3.6	No damage to SBMWD
5/19/2024	Ridgecrest	3.3	No damage to SBMWD

Within the 2019 - 2024 timeframe, a federal and/or state declaration was declared for earthquakes within the SBMWD service area. On July 8, 2019, The President issued an emergency declaration (EM-3415-CA) under the authority of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121-5207 (The Stafford Act), as follows:

"I have determined that the emergency conditions in certain areas of the State of California resulting from earthquakes beginning on July 4, 2019, and continuing, are of sufficient severity and magnitude to warrant an emergency declaration under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121 ET SEQ. ("the Stafford Act"). Therefore, I declare that such an emergency exists in the State of California..."

Impact Statement: A significant earthquake could have devastating impacts on SBMWD and its assets. Shaking during earthquakes can cause structural failures, while ground displacement and liquefaction can cause infrastructure to sink, sag, float, rupture, or sever completely. Access to all assets may be restricted if the roads necessary for accessing them are in a state of disrepair and unable to be traversed. An extended loss of power or widespread damage to a system could impair the District's ability to provide service, especially if generators are compromised. This could, in turn, lead to a loss of service and revenue for a time while costly repairs are being made. Fires following earthquakes are also a significant concern and could impact operations. Direct impacts to employees are possible, including injury, death, and an impeded ability of essential personnel to report for duty may also hinder operations.



No increase in impact from earthquakes can be caused by climate change. Earthquakes can cause displacement, changing population patterns throughout their service area. SBMWD has no jurisdiction over land use, development and zoning, socially vulnerable populations, and/or land development within their service area, especially post-earthquake disasters. Water districts nationwide follow the standards set by the American Water Works Association and USEPA governing public water systems.

Figure 7. How Ground Displacement Can Severe Pipes



Liquefaction may cause buried domestic water pipes to sink, impacting gravity-fed systems. Once liquefied soils re-solidify after a quake, they will have to be dug up and repaired. Lateral spreading may damage wells and percolation ponds. SBMWD could experience a loss of water from damaged systems.

State Water Project assets like water pipelines, ground shaking, displacement, and liquefaction may cause canals and laterals to crack, sever, and otherwise fail.

Climate change is expected to alter the typical precipitation patterns in Southern California. Both rainy and drought periods are predicted to become more intense and frequent. As a result, more precipitation is likely to occur during rainy seasons, while droughts are expected to persist for longer durations. This shift could cause the groundwater aquifer beneath San Bernardino and San Bernardino County to rise during periods of heavy rainfall. Conversely, prolonged drought conditions may increase groundwater withdrawal, lowering groundwater levels. Consequently, climate change could increase or decrease the risk of liquefaction in San Bernardino depending on these circumstances.



<u>Building Facilities:</u> Shaking, ground displacement, and liquefaction can cause structural failure in buildings, including the District's administrative and shop buildings. Less catastrophic events may cause unanchored furniture and items on shelves to fall. Failure may result in employee and customer deaths and injuries if an event occurs during working hours. Further, crews out in the field may also be injured or killed.

<u>Energy Storage and Power Failure:</u> An adequate energy supply is critical for SBMWD to maintain its daily processes and functions. Power failures occur when the reliable, uninterrupted supply of energy to all or part of the service area is disrupted, affecting SBMWD's ability to provide service. In summary, the entire District, including all current and future assets (infrastructure, buildings, critical facilities, and population), is considered at risk of earthquake events.

### 4.3.2 Climate Change – Induced Drought

**Probability: (75-100%)** Highly likely – Historical drought data for SBMWD and its region indicate at least 5 multi-year significant droughts within the last 47 years. This equates to an average drought every 9.4 years or a 10.63 percent chance of a drought in any given year. Based on this data and given the multi-year length of droughts and future climate change effects, SBMWD determined that future drought occurrence within their boundaries continues to be highly likely. This section looks at all the hazards affecting the District within its boundaries that the Planning Team identified.

Impact: Critical

Priority: Highly Likely

<u>General Definition:</u> A drought is a period of below-average precipitation in a given region resulting in prolonged shortages in its water supply, surface water, or groundwater. Climatic factors such as high temperatures, high wind, and low relative humidity are often associated with drought. Drought occurs in virtually all climatic zones, varying significantly from one region to another. Droughts occur when there are extended periods of inadequate rainfall. The cycle of droughts and wet periods is often part of El Niño and La Niña weather cycles.

The severity of a drought depends on the degree of moisture deficiency, the duration, and the size and location of the affected area. It is generally difficult to pinpoint a drought's beginning and end. In California, a few dry months do not typically constitute a drought. Because the impacts of a drought accumulate slowly at first, a drought may not be recognized until it has become well established. Even during a drought, there may be one or two months with above-average precipitation totals. These wet months do not necessarily signal the end of a drought and generally do not majorly impact moisture deficits. Droughts can persist for several years before regional climate conditions return



to normal. While drought conditions can occur at any time throughout the year, the most apparent time is during the summer months.

Climate Change Probability: The probability of damage to SBMWD caused by climate change will increase. Drought's probability will increase in the southwestern United States, creating longer and hotter days with less rain, leading to long periods of drought. Research supports that climate change will significantly impact drought frequency and intensity, varying by region. Higher temperatures increase evaporation rates, including more moisture loss through plant leaves. Even in regions where precipitation does not decrease, increases in surface evaporation will lead to more rapid drying of soil if not offset by other changing factors, such as reduced wind speed or humidity. As soil dries out, more of the sun's incoming heat will go toward heating soil and adjacent air rather than evaporating moisture, resulting in hotter temperatures and drier conditions.

<u>Measuring Droughts:</u> There are several quantitative methods for measuring drought in the United States. The U.S. Drought Monitor is a relatively new index that combines quantitative measures with input from experts in the field.

In March 2022, California's Governor Newsom implemented an executive order (Executive Order N-7-22) to address the impacts of the drought in California. This order required urban water suppliers, such as SBMWD, to adopt more stringent water conservation efforts, including but not limited to banning irrigating "non-functional turf" and voluntarily activating a water shortage contingency planning Level 2.

Along with this executive order, and in accordance with the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) and California Water Code (CWC) requirements as outlined in Sections 10632 and 10644, urban water supplies in California would have to prepare Annual Water Supply and Demand Assessments (AWSDA) and submit these assessments annually to the state to remain in compliance with water conservation efforts. SBMWD submitted its 2022 AWSDA and is submitting its 2023 AWSDA before the July 1 deadline. SBMWD promotes its water conservation efforts to its customers by actively making public notifications on its website and sending reminders. The current water schedule for all SBMWD customers is posted online, as well as its permanent water conservation requirements to continue its efforts to conserve water to prepare for California's drought conditions.



#### **Climate Change Impacts:**

The following summarizes changes in exposure and vulnerability to the drought hazard resulting from climate change:

**Population** – Population exposure and vulnerability to drought are unlikely to increase due to climate change.

**Critical facilities—Climate** change is likely to increase the exposure and vulnerability of all critical facilities.

<u>Vulnerability &Impacts:</u> Underserved and vulnerable populations they serve include socioeconomically disadvantaged people; people with limited English proficiency; geographically isolated or educationally disenfranchised people; people of color as well as those of ethnic and national origin minorities; women and children; individuals with disabilities and others with access and functional needs; and seniors. Those who may live under bridges, in tents, or in makeshift housing along waterways. The socially vulnerable populations are most susceptible based on many factors, including how the people respond to financial ability to purchase supplies. Food, clothing, and safe housing may be manageable for only short periods of time and then fall into extreme poverty, with a lack of resources and the ability to navigate special needs in an emergency or to manage to obtain adequate food, housing, food, clothing, or medical treatment.

In drought conditions, vulnerable populations may not be able to find adequate, safe, potable water supplies for drinking, cooking, or hygiene needs.

The following table is a replacement cost estimate for all SBMWD-owned critical facilities.

**Table 9. Drought Severity Replacement Costs** 

SBMWD / Drought D0-D4 Severity	Replacement Value		
D4 (Exceptional Drought)			
SBMWD - All Critical Assets	\$0.00		
D3 (Extreme Drought)			
SBMWD - All Critical Assets	\$0.00		
D2 (Severe Drought)			
SBMWD - All Critical Assets	\$0.00		



D1 (Moderate Drought)		
SBMWD - All Critical Assets	\$0.00	
D0 (Abnormally Dry)		
SBMWD - All Critical Assets	\$0.00	

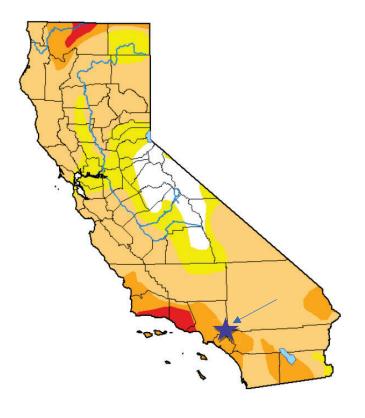
<u>U.S. Drought Monitor:</u> The U.S. Drought Monitor is designed to provide the general public, media, government officials, and others with an easily understandable overview of weekly drought conditions across a county throughout the United States. The U.S. Drought Monitor is unique because it assesses multiple numeric measures of drought, including the PDSI and three other indices, as well as experts' interpretations, to create a weekly map depicting drought conditions across the United States. The U.S. Drought Monitor uses five drought intensity categories, D0 through D4, to identify areas of drought.

The maps below are taken from <a href="https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/Maps/MapArchive.aspx">https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/Maps/MapArchive.aspx</a> and show the drought differences between January 2019 and January 2024. Note the drastic difference between the two drought maps.



Figure 8. Drought Monitor January 2019

## **U.S. Drought Monitor** California



#### January 1, 2019 (Released Thursday, Jan. 3, 2019) Valid 7 a.m. EST

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	7.77	92.23	75.17	14.12	2.10	0.00
Last Week 12-27-2018	7.77	92.23	75.17	16.25	2.10	0.00
3 Month's Ago 10-04-2018	12.18	87.82	47.97	22.82	4.93	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-03-2019	7.77	92.23	75.17	14.12	2.10	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-27-2018	12.18	87.82	47.97	22.82	4.94	0.00
One Year Ago 01-04-2018	55.70	44.30	12.69	0.00	0.00	0.00

Intensity:	
None	D2 Severe Drought
D0 Abnormally Dry	D3 Extreme Drought
D1 Moderate Drought	D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx

Author: SBMWD David Miskus NOAA/NWS/NCEP/CPC









droughtmonitor.unl.edu



Figure 9. Drought Monitor January 2024

### **U.S. Drought Monitor** California



#### January 2, 2024 (Released Thursday, Jan. 4, 2024) Valid 7 a.m. EST

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)

	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	96.65	3.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Last Week 12-26-2023	96.65	3.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
3 Month's Ago 10-03-2023	94.01	5.99	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 01-02-2024	96.65	3.35	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year 09-26-2023	94.01	5.99	0.07	0.00	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago 01-03-2023	0.00	100.00	97.93	71.14	27.10	0.00

Intensity: None D2 Severe Drought D0 Abnormally Dry D3 Extreme Drought D1 Moderate Drought D4 Exceptional Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. For more information on the Drought Monitor, go to https://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/About.aspx SBMWD Lindsay Johnson

National Drought Mitigation Center **USDA** 







droughtmonitor.unl.edu





#### **Table 10. U.S. Drought Monitor**

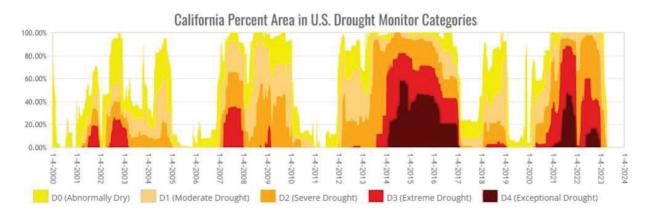
D0	Abnormally Dry	Going into drought: short-term dryness slowing planting, growth of crops or pastures. Coming out of drought: some lingering water deficits; pastures or crops not fully recovered
D1	Moderate Drought	Some damage to crops, pastures; streams, reservoirs, or wells low, some water shortages developing or imminent; voluntary water-use restrictions requested
D2	Severe Drought	Crop or pasture losses likely; water shortages common; water restrictions imposed
D3	Extreme Drought	Major crop/pasture losses; widespread water shortages or restrictions
D4	Exceptional Drought	Exceptional and widespread crop/pasture losses; shortages of water in reservoirs, streams, and wells creating water emergencies

A drought is a regional event not confined to geographic or political boundaries; it can affect several areas simultaneously. It can also range in severity across those areas. Drought is now one of the main concerns in California, as the State has been in a drought period for the last eight years. Northern California experienced some relief in the winter of 2016; however, the El Niño effect expected to relieve the statewide drought did not materialize in Southern California. The lack of rain and, most importantly, the lack of snowfall in the Sierra Nevada Mountain range severely impacted most residents of California. SBMWD's service area is at risk of drought occurrence and impacts.

<u>Description:</u> Climate change can be expected to increase drought frequency and severity in the service area. Warmer temperatures cause drought conditions by reducing soil moisture. Increased evapotranspiration and reduced snowpack projected with warmer temperatures will result in reduced flows.



Figure 10. Drought History (2000-2023)



**Table 11 Drought History in Southern California** 

Year	Drought History
1841	The drought was so bad that "a dry Sonoma was declared entirely unsuitable for agriculture."
1864	This drought was preceded by the torrential floods of 1861-1862, showing the fluctuation in climate back in the 1800s.
1924	This drought encouraged farmers to start using irrigation more regularly because of the fluctuation in California weather; the need for consistent water availability was crucial for farmers.
1929–1934	This drought was during the infamous Dust Bowl period that ripped across the plains of the United States in the 1920s and 1930s. The Central Valley Project was started in the 1930s in response to drought.
1950s	The 1950s drought contributed to the creation of the State Water Project.
1976–1977	1977 had been the driest year in state history to date. According to the <i>Los Angeles Times</i> , "Drought in the 1970s spurred efforts at urban conservation, and the state's Drought Emergency Water Bank came out of drought in the 1980s."
1986–1992	California endured one of the longest droughts ever observed from late 1986 through early 1992. Drought worsened in 1988 as much of the United States also suffered from severe drought. In California, the six-year drought ended in late 1992 as a significant El Niño event in the Pacific Ocean (and the eruption



	of Mount Pinatubo in June 1991) most likely caused unusually persistent heavy rains.
2007–2009	2007–2009 saw three years of drought conditions, the 12th worst drought period in the state's history, and the first drought for which a statewide proclamation of emergency was issued. The drought of 2007–2009 also saw greatly reduced water diversions from the State Water Project. The summer of 2007 saw some of the worst wildfires in Southern California history.
2011-2017	From December 2011 to March 2017, the state of California experienced one of the worst droughts to occur in the region on record. The period between late 2011 and 2014 was the driest in California history since record-keeping began.
2020 - 2022	January and February 2020 were dry to record dry in several areas (central CA and Northern CA-NV). The past three combined water years were California's driest on record.

Between late 2011 and 2021, the driest in California history since record-keeping began. In May 2015, a state resident poll conducted by Field Poll found that two out of three respondents agreed that water agencies should be mandated to reduce water consumption by 25%.

The 2015 prediction of El Niño to bring rain to California raised hopes of ending the drought. In the spring of 2015, the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) named the probability of the presence of El Niño conditions until the end of 2015 at 80%. Historically, sixteen winters between 1951 and 2015 had created El Niño. Six had below-average rainfall, five had average rainfall, and five had above-average rainfall. However, as of May 2015, drought conditions had worsened, and above-average ocean temperatures had not resulted in large storms. The drought led to Governor Jerry Brown's instituting mandatory 25% water restrictions in June 2015.

Approximately 102 million trees in California died from the 2011 – 2016 drought, of which 62 million died in 2016 alone. By the end of 2016, 30% of California had emerged from the drought, mainly in the northern half of the state, while 40% remained in the extreme or exceptional drought levels. Heavy rains in January 2017 were expected to significantly benefit the State's northern water reserves despite widespread power outages and erosional damage in the wake of the deluge.

Winter 2022-23 was the wettest in California, surpassing the previous record set in 1982–83. Governor Newsom declared an official end to the drought in April 2023. All 58 counties



are listed in the Governor's severe drought impact. The winter of 2022 has had more rainfall and snow in California than the last 20 years alone.

Within the 2019 - 2024 timeframe, no federal and/or state declarations were declared for California Climate Change-induced drought within the SBMWD service area.

<u>Impact Statement:</u> Water is also needed to manage structural and wildfires. A lack of, or limited, water supply presents wildfire management vulnerability. Substantial water is needed to fight wildfires, which are more frequent in dry conditions. While water for firefighting is a priority and no restrictions are in place, a lack of availability could slow this capability.

The entire planning area is equally at risk of this hazard. Most drought impacts, however, are not structural but societal in nature. A drought's impact on society, and thus the SBMWD's service area, results from the interplay between a natural event and people's demand for water supply. SBMWD is in charge of supplying potable and non-potable water within its service area; therefore, it would be greatly impacted, both fiscally and politically, if it could not provide a reliable water supply due to drought conditions. Economically, water restrictions imposed during drought periods could result in lost revenue for SBMWD. SBMWD has no jurisdiction over land use, development and zoning, socially vulnerable populations, and/or land development within their service area. Water districts nationwide follow the standards set by the American Water Works Association and USEPA governing public water systems.

#### 4.3.3 Flood

**Probability:** (50-75%) Likely—Historical flood data for SBMWD and its region indicate at least 2 significant floods within the last 5 years. This equates to an average flood every 2.5 years or a 40 percent chance of a flood in any given year. Based on this data, SBMWD determined that future flood occurrence within its boundaries continues to be likely. This section looks at all the hazards affecting the District within its boundaries and is identified by the Planning Team.

Impact: Critical
Priority: Likely

<u>General Definition:</u> An unusually heavy rain in a concentrated area, over a short or long period of time, which collects on the ground in low areas of the land. Flooding occurs when there are large amounts of rainfall in areas where the water runs off to lower elevations. Flooding is a very frequent, dangerous, and costly hazard. Globally, it accounts for 40 percent of all-natural disasters and results in an average of over 6,500 deaths annually. In the U.S., flooding results in an average of 86 deaths annually. Nearly 90 percent of all presidential disaster declarations result from natural events where



flooding was a major component. On average, flooding causes more than \$2 billion in property damage yearly in the United States. Floods cause utility and outages, infrastructure damage, structural damage to buildings, crop loss, decreased land values, and impeded travel.

Flooding is the most common environmental hazard due to the widespread geographical distribution of valleys and coastal areas and the population density in these areas. The severity of a flooding event is typically determined by a combination of several major factors, including stream and river basin topography and physiography, precipitation and weather patterns, recent soil moisture conditions, and the degree of vegetative clearing and impervious surface. Flooding events can be brought on by severe (heavy) rain.

SBMWD is not a member of NFIP. NFIP members are Cities and County Governments that enforce building codes and permits and have authority over construction, planning, zoning, and land use. In contrast, SBMWD does not have authority over any of these. SBMWD has no properties that are repetitive loss structures.

**Dam Inundation:** Dam failures can be triggered by various factors, including earthquakes, quickly rising floodwaters, and flaws in structural design. These incidents can happen suddenly or gradually, depending on the underlying cause. The flooding that follows such events can lead to loss of life, property damage, the emergence of other hazards, and the displacement of individuals living in the flood zone. According to the California Division of Safety of Dams (DSOD), a dam is regulated by their authority if it is taller than 6 feet and holds more than 50 acre-feet of water or if it exceeds 25 feet in height and stores at least 15 acre-feet of water. As per these criteria, there are 1,537 dams under DSOD's jurisdiction, with 8 of them situated within the City of San Bernardino.

Various factors, such as the amount of water released, the distance between the dam failure site, and the topography of the surrounding land, will influence the extent to which physical assets in San Bernardino are threatened. The Seven Oaks Dam has large storage capacities that could cause widespread inundation in San Bernardino if the reservoir waters are released due to a dam breach. **Table 12 (Table 3-25)** identifies the physical assets in San Bernardino that are threatened by the potential failure of the Seven Oaks Dam. Based on this analysis, dam inundation would affect 11 CFs and 46 FOCs within the City of San Bernardino, with the potential to cause approximately \$98 million in damages, based on available information from the City of San Bernardino's Local Hazard Mitigation Plan.

Table 12. City of San Bernardino Dam Inundation - Seven Oaks Dam from SBLHMP

Table 3-25: Critical Facilities and Facilities of Concern (Dam Inundation-Seven Oaks Dam)						
Category	Number	Potential Loss**				
	Critical	Concern				
City Facilities	10	2	\$55,248,613			
Schools	0	14	-			
Park Facilities, Recreation Centers	0	8	\$21,596,372			
Other Facilities	1	22	\$21,592,820			
Total	11	46	\$98,437,805			

<sup>\*</sup>Potential loss data are estimates only, as replacement values for some facilities were not available. Actual losses may be greater than the estimate presented in this table.

<u>Flash Flooding:</u> Flash floods occur within a few minutes or hours of heavy rainfall and can destroy buildings, uproot trees, and scour out new drainage channels. Heavy rains that produce flash floods can also trigger mudslides and landslides. Slow-moving thunderstorms or repeated thunderstorms cause the most flash flooding in a local area or by heavy rains from hurricanes and tropical storms. Although flash flooding often occurs in mountainous areas, it is also common in urban centers where much of the ground is covered by impervious surfaces.

<u>Probability:</u> Wildfires exacerbating flooding conditions are likely to increase the probability of increased flooding. Wildfires can exacerbate flooding conditions when infiltration is affected, and limited vegetation is in place. As wildfire probability increases, so will flooding; this is due to dry conditions and dried foliage, which can be linked to climate change. While the recent drought conditions have resulted in a lack of rain events, the potential for future flooding still exists.

#### **Climate Change Impacts:**

The following summarizes changes in exposure and vulnerability to the flood hazard resulting from climate change:

**Population—C**limate change impacts on flood hazards may increase population vulnerability. Runoff patterns may change, resulting in flooding in areas where it has not previously occurred.

**Critical facilities—Climate** change impacts on flood hazards may increase the exposure and vulnerability of all critical facilities.

<u>Vulnerability & Impact:</u> Underserved and vulnerable populations they serve include socioeconomically disadvantaged people; people with limited English proficiency; geographically isolated or educationally disenfranchised people; people of color as well

<sup>\*\*</sup> Based on the City of San Bernardino insured replacement values

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Fire Services to the City are provided by San Bernardino County Fire District



as those of ethnic and national origin minorities; women and children; individuals with disabilities and others with access and functional needs; and seniors. Those who may live under bridges, in tents, or in makeshift housing along waterways. The socially vulnerable populations are most susceptible based on many factors, including how the people respond to the lack of financial ability to purchase supplies. Food, clothing, and safe housing may be manageable for only short periods of time and then fall into extreme poverty, with a lack of resources and the ability to navigate special needs in an emergency or to manage to obtain adequate food, housing, food, clothing, or medical treatment.

In flooding conditions, vulnerable populations may not be able to find adequate, safe, potable water supplies for drinking, cooking, or hygiene needs. Flooding and dangers associated with the flood hazard can lead to vulnerable populations living in waterways, flood control channels, and adjacent to creeks and waterways, losing possessions and further displacement. It can further isolate these vulnerable populations and limit access to local, state, and federal resources.

The following table is a replacement cost estimate for all SBMWD-owned critical facilities.

SBMWD 100/500 Year Flood Zones

500-Year Flood Zone

SBMWD - All Critical Assets \$200 Million

100- Year Flood Zone

SBMWD - All Critical Assets \$100 Million

**Table 13. Flood Zone Replacement Cost** 

<u>Description</u>: Flooding is frequent within the District's service area, particularly during severe rainstorms, which have been known to inundate the surrounding areas. This has not affected operations; 100-year and 500-year flood maps show potential inundation in the area. There has been no recorded damage caused by flooding within the service area that has affected SBMWD infrastructure.

Within the 2019 - 2024 timeframe, four federal and/or state declarations were declared for flood within the SBMWD service area. Notice is hereby given that, in a letter dated January 9, 2023 (EM-3591-CA), later becoming (DR-4683), and March 16, 2023 (EM-3592-CA), later becoming (DR-4699), the President issued an Emergency Declaration



and a Major Disaster Declaration under the authority of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121-5207 (the Stafford Act), as follows:

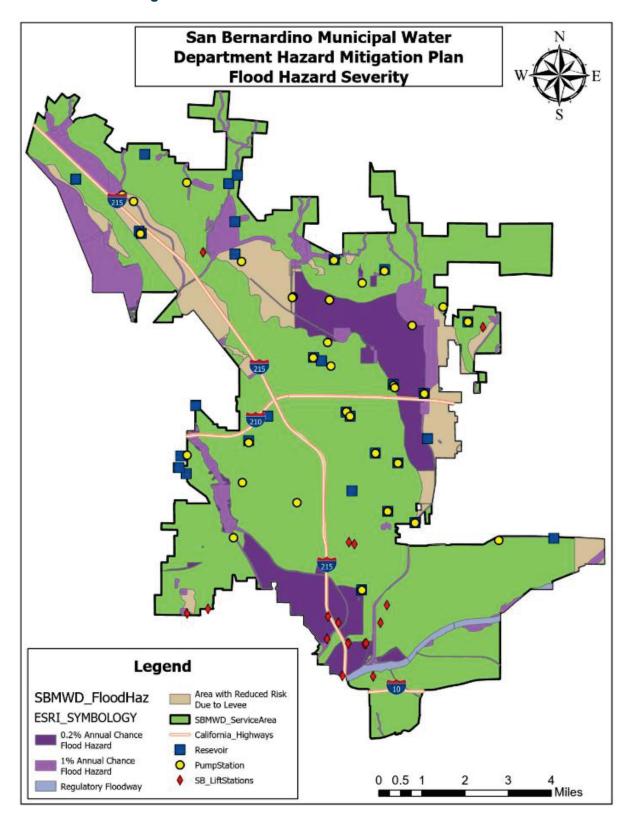
"I have determined that the emergency conditions in certain areas of the State of California resulting from severe winter storms, flooding, and mudslides beginning on January 8, 2023, and continuing are of sufficient severity and magnitude to warrant an emergency declaration under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq. ("the Stafford Act"). Therefore, I declare that such an emergency exists in California..."

Table 14. History of Flooding in San Bernardino

Date	Description and Effect
12/23/2021	A series of storms paraded through the region, each bringing heavy rain. Two days total for this storm reached 6" in the mountains, but Lytle Creek alone achieved just over 8". The northern Inland Empire got 2-5", while most lower elevation stations received 0.75-3".
12/11/2022	An atmospheric river brought heavy rain to Southern California, ranging from 0.50-2" in the lowlands, generally 2-4" in the mountain's comma, except Lytle Creek with 5.03"
12/31/2022- 1/1/2023	A potent storm moved in late on 12.31.2022 and continued into 1.1.2023.  Many mountain locations recorded over 4" of participation, mostly rain. Lytle  Creek recorded 5.85"



Figure 11. Flood Zones within the SBMWD Service Area





#### **Impact Statement:**

Climate change can increase flooding's impact. It increases the overall probability of flooding and can increase its impact on the service area. Flooding can cause displacement, which would lead to changes in population patterns throughout the service area. SBMWD has no jurisdiction over land use, development, and zoning, especially during a state and/or federal declared disaster.

- Flooding can result in various impacts, such as death and injury, asset damage, inability to access facilities or assets, and road closures. Normal operations may be interrupted due to flooding. Some impacts from flooding include:
- Floodwater often contains bacteria and chemicals. Flooding of wells or reservoirs may contaminate water, resulting in boil water advisories or reduced service.
- Floodwater can prevent normal access to assets and facilities. This presents a
  danger when motorists and pedestrians attempt to traverse floodwaters. Motor
  vehicles and pedestrians can get swept up in flood currents, increasing the risk of
  drowning. Even in shallow waters, fast-moving currents can carry individuals or
  vehicles into deeper waters, where pressure from flowing water can prevent drivers
  from escaping submerged vehicles. As little as six inches of floodwater can move
  a vehicle, and as little as two inches can move a person.
- Replenishment facilities, including percolation ponds, may be washed out by flooding, resulting in damage.
- Assets with electrical parts or motors may be damaged by flooding if these parts are submerged.
- Structures exposed to flooding, including critical facilities, can be severely damaged. Building contents can be lost, damaged, or destroyed, and structures can be compromised by floodwater. Pressure from floodwater, especially as seepage through the soil, can damage foundations.
- Buildings exposed to floodwaters may develop mold or wood rot.



#### 4.3.4 Windstorms

**Probability:** (50-75%) Likely – Historical windstorm data for SBMWD and its region indicate at least 118 significant windstorms within the last 0.4 years. This equates to a windstorm every month on average in any given year. Based on this data, SBMWD determined that future windstorm occurrence within their boundaries continues to be likely.

Impact: Limited

**Priority:** Likely

\* This section examines all the hazards affecting the district within its boundaries, which the Planning Team identified.

<u>General Definition:</u> Several types of wind hazards affect the planning area. These include high or strong wind events, typically associated with Santa Ana winds, and thunderstorm wind events (including straight-line winds and microbursts). High Wind definitions can vary by region. In general, high wind events are those events greater than normal averages and have damage potential. Wind events are common throughout the United States. However, the severity varies depending on location. Santa Ana Winds occur throughout September through November of each year.

<u>Probability:</u> If winds increase due to climate change, the probability of affecting SBMWD is low due to the implementation of mitigation actions, such as generators and automatic transfer stations that can power the water distribution system.

As climate change progresses, more high-pressure zones develop in the plains in Arizona, Nevada, and Utah, and low-pressure zones develop in Southern Arizona and Mexico, causing the Santa Ana winds to develop more frequently. This will increase the chances of PSPS events and regional power outages.



WIND ZONES IN THE UNITED STATES\* WIND ZONES ZONE I (130 mph) ZONE II OTHER CONSIDERATIONS ZONE III Special Wind Region (200 mph) ZONE IV \* Hurricane-Susceptible Region HAWAII\* Design Wind Speed measuring criteria are consistent with ASCE 7-98 - 3-second gust - 33 feet above grade Exposure C

Figure 12. Wind Zones in the United States

#### **Climate Change Impacts:**

The following summarizes changes in exposure and vulnerability to the windstorm hazard resulting from climate change:

**Population**—Population exposure and vulnerability to windstorms are unlikely to increase because of climate change, and significant life or health impacts are unlikely.

**Critical facilities –** All critical facilities' exposure and vulnerability will likely increase due to climate change.

<u>Vulnerability & Impact:</u> Severe wind events can harm people throughout the SBMWD service area but have a greater effect on the safety of people experiencing homelessness and those working outdoors. Severe wind events may impact populations that work outside or have respiratory illnesses as they can generate dust and other contaminants that can affect the health of residents and workers. Lower-income residents, who may not have the financial resources to purchase homes (or are renting homes) that are not built



or retrofitted to withstand powerful winds, could also have difficulty recovering from wind events.

Southern California and SBMWD service area all suffer from seasonal Santa Ana Winds and will for the foreseeable future. Extreme wind events can worsen other risks, such as wildfires. It could affect the take-off and landing of small aircraft at nearby airports, leading to an increased risk of possible aircraft incidents. There are no direct planned development updates or land use changes occurring within the SBMWD service area that would directly increase the vulnerability of the SBMWD-identified assets to windstorms.

The following table is a replacement cost estimate for all SBMWD-owned critical facilities.

**Table 15. Windstorm Replacement Costs** 

SBMWD / Wind Severity based on Beaufort scale	Replacement Value
Very High Wind Speeds (Scale 12-10)	
SBMWD – All Critical Assets	\$1.5 Million
High Wind Speeds (Scale 9-7)	
SBMWD – All Critical Assets	\$50,000
Moderate Wind Speeds (Scale 6-4)	
SBMWD - All Critical Assets	\$10,000
Low Wind Speeds (3-0)	
SBMWD – All Critical Assets	\$0

<u>Description:</u> Santa Ana Winds are a regional wind hazard specific to Southern California. Santa Ana Winds are known to cause large amounts of damage and increase the spread of wild and structural fires. Santa Ana winds are generally defined as warm, dry winds blowing east. The complex topography of Southern California and various atmospheric conditions create numerous scenarios that may cause widespread or isolated Santa Ana events. Winds are caused by a low-pressure system over the southern coastline and high pressure over the Great Basin in Nevada. When the high pressure turns counterclockwise, the warm, dry air is pulled to the low-pressure zone and out to the Pacific Ocean. Santa Ana Winds are quick and effective at spreading wildfires. The



combination of windstorm activity with the major fires every few years creates the greatest danger to the urban/wildland interface. Santa Ana winds spread the flames at even greater speed than in times of calm wind conditions.

The National Weather Service Center normally issues a high wind advisory or warning depending on the following criteria. A wind advisory is issued when conditions are favorable for developing high winds overall or in part of the forecast area, but the occurrence is still uncertain. The criteria of a wind advisory are sustained winds of 31 to 39 mph and/or gusts of 46 to 57 mph for any duration. A high wind warning is issued when sustained winds from 40 or higher are expected for at least one hour or any wind gusts are expected to reach 58 mph or more. Forecasters at the National Weather Service in Oxnard and San Diego usually place speed minimums on these winds and reserve the use of "Santa Ana" for winds greater than 25 knots (approximately 29 miles per hour). Table 11 is a Beaufort wind scale that shows the appearance of wind effects based on the knots of wind and its classification.

**Table 16 Beaufort Wind Scale** 

Beaufort	Kind of wind	Kr	ots	kn	ı/h		Height of		
grade	Kina of Wina	Min	Max	Min	Max	Earth	Sea	waves (metre)	
0	Calm		<1	<	1	Smoke rises vertical	Flat sea	-	
i	Very light	1	3	1	5	The wind bends smoke	Small ripples with no white foamy crests.	0.1	
2	Light breeze	4	6	6	11	It can be felt on face	Small wavelets, with unbroken crests.	0.2 - 0.3	
3	Gentle breeze	7	10	12	19	It shakes leaves	Very small crests; crests begin to break.	0.6 - 1	
4	Moderate breeze	11	16	20	28	It lifts dust and papers	Small waves that begin to grow longer; spuma più frequente e più evidente.	1 - 1.5	
5	Fresh breeze	17	21	29	38	It shakes branches	Moderate waves that grow longer in shape; possible spray.	2 - 2.5	
6	Strong breeze	22	27	39	49	It shakes big branches	Bigger waves; white foamy crests are longer everywhere.	3 - 4	
7	Near gale	28	33	50	61	It impedes walking	The sea swells up; white foam forms when waves break up.	4 - 5.5	
8	Gale	34	40	62	74	It shakes big trees	Medium-high, longer waves; crests start to break up in sprays.	5.5 - 7.5	
9	Strong gale	41	47	75	88	Chimney pots and slated removed	High waves; tight strips of foam form in the direction of the wind.	7 - 10	
10	Storm	48	55	89	102	It uproots trees	Very high waves with long crests; the sea looks completely white; waves fall down violently, visibility is reduced.	9 - 12.5	
:11	Violent storm	56	63	103	117	Serious devastation	Exceptionally high waves (small and medium tonnage ships disappear for a few seconds); visibility is still more reduced.	11.5 - 16	
12	Hurricane	>	64	>1	18	Very serious catastrophes	Air is filled with foam and sprays; sea is completely white because of foam; visibility is greatly reduced.	>14	



Table 17. Windstorm History From NOAA 2019-2024 San Bernardino County

Location Within San Bernardino County	Begin Date	Begi n time	Even t Type	gni tud	Damage Propert y Num	Magni tude Type	En d Dat e	End
APPLE AND LUCERNE VALLEYS (ZONE)	5/21/201 9	1200	Stron g Wind	48	5000	EG	5/21 /201 9	1500
EASTERN MOJAVE DESERT (ZONE)	11/25/20 19	1324	Stron g Wind	43	10000	EG	11/2 5/20 19	1324
SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY MOUNTAINS (ZONE)	12/30/20 19	0	Stron g Wind	43	10000	EG	12/3 1/20 19	2359
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	1/29/202	1000	Stron g Wind	35	10000	EG	1/29 /202 0	1100
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	1/29/202	1500	Stron g Wind	35	10000	EG	1/29 /202 0	1600
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	1/29/202	1800	Stron g Wind	39	10000	EG	1/29 /202 0	1900
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	2/10/202	500	Stron g Wind	43	15000	EG	2/10 /202 0	1200
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	2/11/202	200	Stron g Wind	47	15000	EG	2/11 /202 0	400
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	2/11/202	600	Stron g Wind	40	15000	EG	2/11 /202 0	700
EASTERN MOJAVE DESERT (ZONE)	10/25/20 20	1901	Stron g Wind	39	15000	EG	10/2 5/20 20	1901



APPLE AND LUCERNE VALLEYS (ZONE)	1/25/202	2000	Stron g Wind	22	0	EG	1/26 /202 1	600
EASTERN MOJAVE DESERT (ZONE)	2/24/202	2039	Stron g Wind	43	40000	EG	2/25 /202 1	155
APPLE AND LUCERNE VALLEYS (ZONE)	10/11/20 21	1700	Stron g Wind	30	0	EG	10/1 1/20 21	2200
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	1/21/202	2242	Stron g Wind	35	0	EG	1/21 /202 2	2242
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	1/22/202	24	Stron g Wind	35	0	EG	1/22 /202 2	24
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	1/22/202	158	Stron g Wind	48	0	EG	1/22 /202 2	158
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	1/22/202	213	Stron g Wind	30	0	EG	1/22 /202 2	213
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	1/22/202	925	Stron g Wind	43	0	EG	1/22 /202 2	925
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	1/22/202	1816	Stron g Wind	43	0	EG	1/22 /202 2	1816
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	2/2/2022	1100	Stron g Wind	39	5000	EG	2/2/ 202 2	1300
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	2/2/2022	1200	Stron g Wind	39	1000	EG	2/2/ 202 2	1500



WESTERN MOJAVE DESERT (ZONE)	2/22/202	1400	Stron g Wind	43	100	EG	2/22 /202 2	1405
APPLE AND LUCERNE VALLEYS (ZONE)	3/19/202	1400	Stron g Wind	49	0	MG	3/19 /202 2	1400
SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY MOUNTAINS (ZONE)	3/19/202	1500	Stron g Wind	48	0	MG	3/19 /202 2	1500
APPLE AND LUCERNE VALLEYS (ZONE)	3/19/202	1500	Stron g Wind	43	0	MG	3/19 /202 2	1500
SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY MOUNTAINS (ZONE)	3/19/202	1500	Stron g Wind	46	0	MG	3/19 /202 2	1500
SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY MOUNTAINS (ZONE)	3/20/202	151	Stron g Wind	43	0	MG	3/20 /202 2	151
SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY MOUNTAINS (ZONE)	3/21/202	230	Stron g Wind	46	0	MG	3/21 /202 2	230
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	3/28/202	853	Stron g Wind	40	1000	EG	3/28 /202 2	853
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	10/24/20 22	446	Stron g Wind	37	1000	MG	10/2 4/20 22	446
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	10/24/20 22	536	Stron g Wind	33	1000	MG	10/2 4/20 22	536
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	11/15/20 22	0	Stron g Wind	48	5000	MG	11/1 6/20 22	2359
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	1/14/202	2106	Stron g Wind	38	0	MG	1/14 /202 3	2106



APPLE AND LUCERNE VALLEYS (ZONE)	1/16/202	618	Stron g Wind	26	0	EG	1/16 /202 3	618
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	1/23/202	1	Stron g Wind	36	0	MG	1/23 /202 3	1
SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY MOUNTAINS (ZONE)	1/23/202	229	Stron g Wind	38	0	MG	1/23 /202 3	229
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	1/23/202	732	Stron g Wind	48	0	EG	1/23 /202 3	732
SAN BERNARDINO AND RIVERSIDE COUNTY VALLEYS - THE INLAND EMPIRE (ZONE)	1/31/202	1400	Stron g Wind	35	1000	MG	1/31 /202 3	1500

Within the 2019-2024 timeframe, two federal and/or state declarations were declared for California's severe winter storms, straight-line winds, flooding, landslides, and mudslides within the SBMWD service area. Notice is hereby given that, in a letter dated January 11, 2023(EM-3591-CA), and (EM-3592-CA) dated March 16, 2023, the President issued a major disaster declaration under the authority of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq. (the "Stafford Act"), as follows:

"I have determined that the damage in certain areas of the State of California resulting from severe winter storms, straight-line winds, flooding, landslides, and mudslides beginning on February 21, 2023, and continuing is of sufficient severity and magnitude to warrant a major disaster declaration under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq. (the "Stafford Act"). Therefore, I declare that such a major disaster exists in California...."

Impact Statement: All the service areas within SBMWD have windstorm events; the entire planning area is equally at risk of this hazard. Severe wind has the potential to damage reservoirs, treatment plant facilities, and wells. Structures can also be damaged, including blown-off shingles, siding, awnings, and other features of buildings and overturning of trees. Objects picked up by the wind, including palm fronds and litter, can be hurled through the air, damaging assets and structures when contact is made. In some cases, structures may be blown off foundations, or infrastructure, such as reservoirs, may be blown off their base. In addition, mobile or modular units (such as



those installed for temporary uses) are considered at a higher risk of severe wind. Severe winds can cause damage to communications infrastructure, utility poles, and above-ground power lines, resulting in loss of power. Falling trees also contribute to power line disruptions. When strong winds reach a force great enough to threaten above-ground facilities, power pole lines and power outages may be experienced. These events are known as Public Safety Power Shutoffs (PSPS). PSPS are temporary and are meant to keep the community safe. PSPS events only happen during periods of high winds. There have not been any PSPS events in the last 5 years that have had a negative effect or loss of water in the SBMWD service area.

The entire service area, including all current and future assets (infrastructure, buildings, critical facilities, and population), is vulnerable to severe annual winds due to the topography and movement of weather fronts through the area. Exposed (e.g., aboveground) assets are considered most at risk of severe winds.

#### 4.3.5 Wildfire

**Probability:** (25-50%) Somewhat Likely—Historical Wildfire data for SBMWD and its region indicate at least one significant wildfire within the last five years. This equates to wildfire within their service area every five years or a 20 percent chance of wildfire in any given year. Based on this data, SBMWD determined that future wildfire occurrence within their boundaries continues to be somewhat likely. This section looks at all the hazards affecting the district within its boundaries, which the Planning Team identified.

**Impact**: *Limited* 

Priority: Somewhat Likely

<u>General Definition:</u> A wildfire is any fire occurring in a wildland area (i.e., grassland, forest, brushland) except for fire under prescription or control fire undertaken by land management agencies is the process of igniting fires under selected conditions, in accordance with strict parameters. Wildfires are part of the natural management of forest ecosystems but may also be caused by human factors.

Nationally, over 80 percent of forest fires are started by negligent human behavior, such as smoking in wooded areas or improperly extinguishing campfires. The second most common cause of wildfires is lightning. Downed utility poles or power lines are also a common cause of wildfires.

There are three classes of wildland fires: surface fire, ground fire, and crown fire. A surface fire is the most common of these three classes and burns along the floor of a forest, moving slowly and killing or damaging trees. A ground fire (muck fire) is usually started by lightning or human carelessness and burns on or below the forest floor. Crown



fires spread rapidly by wind and move quickly by jumping along the tops of trees. Wildland fires are usually signaled by dense smoke that fills the area for miles around.

Wildfire probability depends on local weather conditions, outdoor activities such as camping, debris burning, and construction, and the degree of public cooperation with fire prevention measures. Drought conditions and other natural hazards (such as tornadoes, severe winds, etc.) increase the probability of wildfires by producing fuel in urban and rural settings.

Cyclical climate events, such as El Niño-La Niña, can also have a dramatic effect on the risk of wildfires. Fewer fires are typically seen during El Niño (when more rain is present), and larger, more frequent fires are typical during La Nina events.

California is highly susceptible to wildfires, especially during the fall and summer. Southern California experiences Santa Ana winds that develop primarily in the late summer and fall seasons. These winds are known for their high speeds and drying effect, which turn the natural grasses brown and dry. These winds are also capable of blowing down power lines that can start fires in the mountains and hills. The high winds drive the fires and can become large events that destroy large areas, including towns and cities, and cause loss of life and millions of dollars in property damage. In the jurisdictional boundaries, brush fires are known to jump from place to place due to patches of vegetation and winds. The Santa Ana winds are known to cause or spread wildfires.

<u>Climate Change Probability:</u> The probability of heightened wildfire activity resulting from climate change is significant, as drought conditions intensify dryness in the service area. Consequently, there is a higher risk of flooding as wildfires become more prevalent, with dry vegetation exacerbating the situation. It is well-documented that large wildfires can lead to substantial flooding, as the burning of vegetation removes natural barriers.

#### **Climate Change Impacts:**

The following summarizes changes in exposure and vulnerability to the wildfire hazard resulting from climate change:

**Population—C**limate change impacts on wildfire hazard may increase population vulnerability. Evacuations and displacement may occur due to wildfire risks and the safety of the public.

**Critical facilities—C**limate change impacts on the wildfire hazard may increase the exposure and vulnerability of all critical facilities.

<u>Vulnerability & Impact:</u> Wildfire events can harm people throughout the SBMWD service area but have a greater effect on the safety of people experiencing homelessness and those working outdoors. Severe wind events may impact populations that work outside or



have respiratory illnesses as they can spread smoke, ash, and other contaminants that can affect the health of residents and workers. Lower-income residents, who may not have the financial resources to purchase homes (or are renting homes) that are not built or retrofitted to withstand powerful winds, could also have difficulty protecting themselves from polluted air quality.

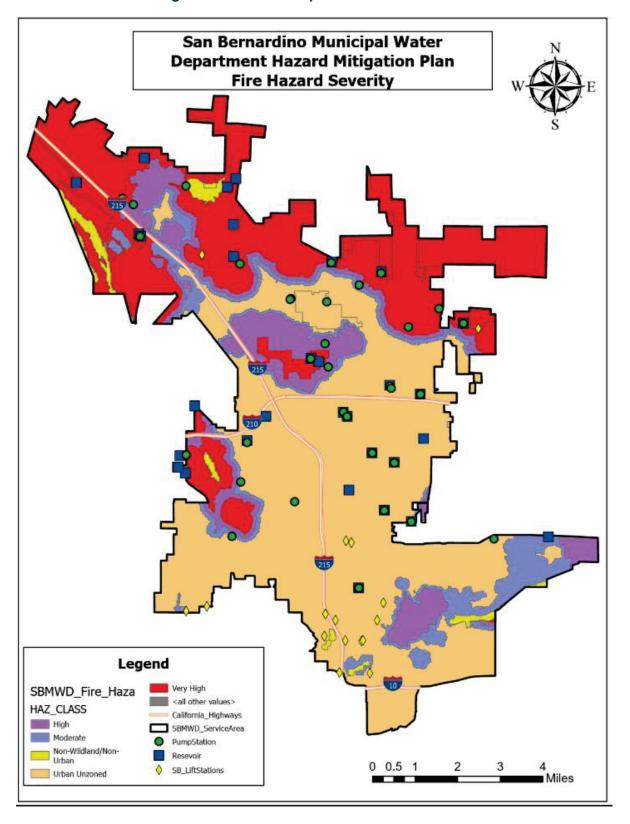
<u>Description:</u> Local facility fires are a significant concern. The District's office facilities, computer systems, SCADA system, and operating pump stations are susceptible to fire damage. The consequences include loss of life, buildings, equipment, and property damage.

California is very susceptible to wildfires, especially during the fall and summer. Southern California has Santa Anna winds that develop primarily in the late summer and fall. These winds are known for their high speeds and drying effect, which turn the natural grasses brown and dry the southwest natural vegetation. These winds can also blow down power lines known to start fires in the mountains and hills. The high winds drive the fires, and the fires become large events that destroy large areas within cities and towns and cause millions of dollars in damage to property and loss of life.

Wildfires affect the District in various ways. During large wildfires, firefighting personnel may draw large amounts of water and strain the water supply system. The fires also burn through electrical power lines, and the District can lose power in critical areas. Without power, the District cannot pump groundwater from the aquifer or pump additional water to needed areas.



Figure 13. Wildfire Map with SBMWD Boundaries





**Table 18. Wildfire History in San Bernardino County** 

Fire Name	Date	Acres Burned
Mount R Fire	7/03/2020	62
Piltzer Fire	7/17/2020	119
Easton Fire	7/20/2020	71
Brook Fire	7/29/2020	185
Apple Fire	7/31/2020	33,424
El Dorado Fire	9/5/2020	22,744
Bruder Fire	10/15/2020	170
Farm Fire	6/09/2021	250
Peak Fire	6/28/2021	35
South Fire	8/25/2021	680
Roadside Fire	8/28/2021	50
Railroad Fire	8/29/2021	61
University Fire	9/22/2021	71
Heritage Fire	5/15/2022	500
Elk Trail Fire	5/26/2022	431
Hesperia Fire	6/06/2022	95
Sheep Fire	6/12/2022	865
Highway Fire	7/29/2022	28



Radford Fire	9/05/2022	1,079
Geology Fire	6/10/2023	1,088
Nice Fire	6/27/2023	90
Roundup Fire	7/04/2023	34
York Fire	8/01/2023	93,078
Hesperia Fire	6/15/2024	1,078
Vista Fire	7/07/2024	2,936
Line Fire	9/05/2024	43,978

Within the 2019 - 2024 timeframe, there was one federal and/or state declaration declared for California wildfires within the SBMWD service area. Notice is hereby given that, in a letter dated October 16, 2020 (DR-4569-CA) the President issued a major disaster declaration under the authority of the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121 *et seq.* (the "Stafford Act"), as follows:

"I have determined that the damage in certain areas of the State of California resulting from wildfires beginning on September 4, 2020, and continuing, is of sufficient severity and magnitude to warrant a major disaster declaration under the Robert T. Stafford Disaster Relief and Emergency Assistance Act, 42 U.S.C. 5121 et seq. (the "Stafford Act"). Therefore, I declare that such a major disaster exists in the State of California.

Impact Statement: Wildfire events have the potential to cause a variety of impacts on SBMWD and its assets. Wildfires could directly damage above-ground assets that are burned or melted by fires. In addition, wildfires have the potential to cause damage to underground pipes in domestic water systems, as demonstrated in Santa Rosa, where heat from a wildfire melts underground pipes, causing benzene to leech into the water supply. Wildfires may also impede access to assets that need maintenance or repair or pose life safety threats to employees. SBMWD will also need to supply water to fight fires, which could impact the available supply.



In addition, wildfires have the potential to result in indirect or cascading hazards to SBMWD. If utility lines are damaged, wildfires can cause power outages, and burned areas are much more susceptible to landslides.

A power outage has the potential to disrupt services provided in the service area. SBMWD relies on an adequate energy source to power many of its assets, including booster stations, lift stations, reclamation plants, water treatment plants, and any other asset that requires an electrical component. SBMWD has backup power supplies on many of its critical assets to minimize the impacts of power outages. However, long-term outages may exceed the fuel required to power backup generators. This could compromise nearly all the services, including domestic water delivery, water treatment, and irrigation. Administrative buildings also require an energy source, and disruptions could compromise operations, billing, and communications. A loss of power resulting in the inability of SBMWD to provide essential services could have direct impacts in terms of revenue loss and reputational impacts, in addition to far-reaching community impacts.

In summary, the entire service area, including all current and future assets (infrastructure, buildings, critical facilities, and population), is considered at risk of wildfire events. All current and future above-ground assets, drinking water systems, and populations (e.g., employees) are at most risk of wildfire. SBMWD has no jurisdiction over land use, development and zoning, socially vulnerable populations, and/or land development within their service area. Water districts nationwide follow the standards set by the American Water Works Association and USEPA governing public water systems.

### 4.3.6 Cyber Security

**Probability:** (50-75%) Likely—Cyber data for SBMWD and its region indicate several attempted attacks on the District within the last five years. This equates to a cyber-attack every year on average or a 50 percent chance of a cyber-attack in any given year. Based on this data, SBMWD determined that the future occurrence of a cyberattack within their boundaries continues to be likely. This section looks at all the hazards affecting the district within its boundaries, which were identified by the Planning Team.

Impact: Critical
Priority: Likely

<u>General Definition:</u> An attack via cyberspace, targeting an enterprise's use of cyberspace to disrupt, disable, destroy, or maliciously control a computing environment/infrastructure, destroy the integrity of the data, or steal controlled information.



#### **Climate Change Impacts:**

The following summarizes changes in exposure and vulnerability to the cyber security hazard resulting from climate change:

- **Population** Population exposure and vulnerability to cyber security are unlikely to increase due to climate change.
- **Critical facilities** All critical facilities' exposure and vulnerability are likely to increase due to climate change.

<u>Vulnerability:</u> A cyber-attack on the water infrastructure would not affect the vulnerable population, as a water district can manually operate the water system if needed.

<u>Description:</u> Outside sources access electronic controls and processes to take over all electronic devices—the ability to control and gain access to critical records, information, and confidential data.

SBMWD does have a comprehensive cyber security plan. However, this plan is private and not to be shared with the public or any public forum.

<u>Impact Statement:</u> Several cyberattacks can occur to the district, water, and wastewater control systems. Listed below are a few threats that the District is susceptible to:

- Malware
- Denial-of-Service (DoS) Attacks
- Phishing
- Spoofing
- Identity-Based Attacks
- Code Injection Attacks
- Supply Chain Attacks
- Insider Threats



### **SECTION 5. COMMUNITY CAPABILITY ASSESSMENT**

#### 5.1 Introductions

The purpose of conducting the capability assessment is to determine SBMWD's ability to implement a comprehensive mitigation strategy and to identify potential opportunities for establishing or enhancing specific mitigation policies, programs, or projects.

The capability assessment has two components:

- 1. An inventory of the existing relevant plans, ordinances, or programs already in place and
- 2. An analysis of SBMWD's capacity to bring them to fruition. A capability assessment highlights the positive mitigation activities within SBMWD and will detect the potential gaps.

### 5.2 Emergency Management

To help mitigate the potential impacts of disasters, SBMWD joined CalWARN. The Department has a mutual aid agreement with CalWARN that covers most water and wastewater agencies in California. As a government entity (a Special Department within California Law), the Department can access the Emergency Managers Mutual Aid (EMMA) and the Emergency Management Assistance Compact (EMAC) for national mutual aid. In addition, the National WARN System can be accessed through the American Water Works Association.

CalWARN holds workshops twice a year for water agency members. It has also been planning public outreach, so the public has a better understanding of hazard mitigation planning in their communities. These workshops promote mitigation and how to prevent hazards' impacts on the utility's infrastructure. CalWARN has access to utility leaders, their past experiences during emergencies, and lessons learned on what they should have done differently. Sharing ideas and experiences is key to understanding mitigation in the future.

SBMWD currently employs 263 full-time and three part-time employees, and by joining CalWARN, SBMWD has the potential to have hundreds of mutual aid water/wastewater workers at its disposal within hours of an emergency. The pressure zones, reservoirs, wells, and maintenance work done at the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department Reclamation Treatment Plant facility are all operated by certified operators and maintained by various certified technical disciplines. In addition, the SBMWD agrees with other water Agencies through CalWARN to support each other during an emergency by offering labor and equipment to the incident.



The General Manager has over 12 years of experience in water/wastewater. He has been with SBMWD for 12 years. Throughout his career with the Department, he has been mitigating earthquake, flood, and drought impacts that face the utility.

Emergency Response Plan (ERP): An emergency response plan outlines responsibility and how resources are deployed during and following an emergency or disaster. The primary objective of the plan is to guide the identification of potential emergencies, a timely and effective response, and the protection of the community's health and safety. The ERP guides the process when an emergency occurs, including blueprinting general operations during a disaster, distributing and managing responsibilities among authorities, and identifying liability.

SBMWD Emergency Response Plan was last revised in August 2021 and details how the Department will respond to various emergencies and disasters. SBMWD must be prepared to respond to a variety of threats that require emergency actions, including:

- Operational incidents, such as power failure or bacteriological contamination of water.
- Outside or inside malevolent acts, such as threatened or intentional contamination of water, intentional damage/destruction of facilities, detection of an intruder or intruder alarm, bomb threat, cyber security, or suspicious mail.
- Natural disasters like earthquakes or floods result in downed power failures.
- Communications with critical users, media outreach, and public notification process.

SBMWD is also required to follow the Standard Emergency Management System (SEMS), the National Incident Management System (NIMS), and the Incident Command System (ICS) when responding to emergencies.

Emergency Operations Center (EOC): An EOC provides a location, on or off-site, from which an agency coordinates a disaster response operation. In times of non-disasters, EOCs typically provide a centralized hub for communication and security oversight. SBMWD's administrative building and operations yard have the potential for two EOCs, one being the primary event center and the secondary being the corporate yard.

Emergency Management Training and Staff: Dedicated emergency management staff and regular training help prepare an agency for events and guide effective response and recovery.

SBMWD conducts regular emergency exercises, following their emergency training plan. Through this training, the staff is trained across divisions within each department to assist with emergency response operations. Additionally, SBMWD has a well-developed emergency notification process for critical staff.



### 5.3 Planning and Regulatory Capability

Planning and regulatory capability is based on implementing plans, policies, and programs that demonstrate SBMWD's commitment to guiding and managing growth while maintaining the general welfare of the community. It includes emergency response and mitigation planning, master planning, capital planning, and enforcement of design and construction standards. Although conflicts can arise, these planning initiatives present significant opportunities to integrate hazard mitigation principles into SBMWD's decision-making process.

The Urban Water Management and Planning Act requires water suppliers to estimate water demands and available water supplies. SBMWD's updated Urban Water Management Plan (UWMP) was completed on June 30, 2021. UWMPs are required to evaluate the adequacy of water supplies, including projections of 5, 10, and 20 years. These plans must also include impacts of climate change and water shortage contingency planning for dealing with shortages, including a catastrophic supply interruption.

The Water Supply Reliability Assessment is a section of the plan that aims to understand the ability to satisfy the water demand during different types of years (e.g., years with average rainfall versus drier years).

### **Water Shortage Contingency Plan (WSCP)**

Certain elements of the WSCP are required by the California Water Code (Water Code), including five specific response actions that align with six standard water shortage levels based on SBMWD's water supply conditions and shortages resulting from catastrophic supply interruptions; SBMWD WSCP was last updated June 2023. The WSCP also contains SBMWD procedures for conducting an annual water supply and demand assessment, the written decision-making process for determining supply reliability each year, and the data and methods used to evaluate reliability.

The WSCP is implemented through a series of ordinances requiring water use restrictions in different stages. For instance, stage 1 requires a 10% water use restriction, and stage 5 requires a greater than 50% water use restriction. The main method of reducing water use is using water budget-based tiered rate structures and penalties for overuse.

UWMPs are intended to be integrated with other urban planning requirements and management plans. Some of these plans include Water Master Plans, Recycled Water Master Plans, Integrated Resource Plans, Integrated Regional Water Management Plans, Groundwater Management Plans, Emergency Response Plans, and others.





### 5.4 Existing Plans

The following emergency-related plans apply as appropriate:

- CalWARN Emergency Operations Plan Updated every 10 years
- The Department's Illness Injury Prevention Plan (IIPP) Updated annually
- The Department's Urban Water Master Plan Updated every 10 years
- Water Shortage Contingency Plan (WSCP)

   Updated every 5 years
- San Bernardino County Fire Master Plan- Updated annually
- Perris Hills Emergency Action Plan Updated every 5 years
- San Bernardino Municipal Water Department Emergency Response Plan Updated every 5 years
- San Bernardino Municipal Water Department Cyber Security Response Plan Updated every 5 years
- San Bernardino County Flood Master Plan Updated annually
- City of San Bernardino Hazard Mitigation Plan Updated every 5 years
- County of San Bernardino Hazard Mitigation Plan Updated every 5 years
- USEPA PSPS SOP for Public Water Systems Updated every 5 years

### 5.5 Mitigation Programs

SBMWD employees have experience with past hazard mitigation and hazard planning and can further enhance their hazard mitigation skills by participating in training offered by other agencies or regional governments.

The Department offers incentives to improve water use efficiency. These incentives include a high-efficiency hose nozzle, low-flow shower heads, conservation educational classes, and water surveys for leak detection. To promote voluntary conservation, the Department has initiated a public awareness and education plan consisting of the following:

- A citizens advisory committee is used to inform and educate constituents about water issues, including water supply conditions and water use efficiency.
- The Department stores disaster supply storage sheds at its corporate yard and Department office for employees during an emergency. The supply sheds are complete with cots, chairs, food bars, MREs, first aid kits, light sticks, batteries, blankets, personal sanitation kits, water, flashlights, etc.
- The Department's Human Resources Department develops and maintains safety manuals and emergency response manuals that are specific to the facility where each department works.



- The Department's Business Emergency Plan is updated annually for both local and county fire hazardous materials departments.
- The Department plans on starting mitigation outreach via a citizens advisory committee and using the Constant Contact platform.

#### 5.6 Fiscal Resources

The ability of SBMWD to act is closely associated with the number of fiscal resources available to implement mitigation policies and projects. This may take the form of outside grant funding awards or Department-based revenue and financing. The cost of mitigation policy and project implementation vary widely. In some cases, mitigation actions are tied primarily to staff time or administrative costs associated with the creation and monitoring of a given program. In other cases, direct expenses are linked to an actual project, such as installing backup power generators and sustainable energy resources, which can require a substantial commitment from SBMWD and state and federal funding sources. SBMWD has made fiscal commitments to mitigate hazards through its Capital Improvement Plan (CIP).

The following is a summary of the Department's fiscal capabilities. A number of governmental funds and revenue-raising activities can be allocated for hazard mitigation activities. Included below are potential sources of discretionary general funding from local, state, and federal resources.

- New connection fees from industrial users
- State and Federal grants

Through the California Department of Water Resources, local grants and/or loans are available for water conservation, groundwater management, studies, and activities to enhance local water supply quality and reliability. Project eligibility depends on the type of organization(s) applying and participating in the project, as well as the specific type of project. More than one grant or loan may be appropriate for a proposed activity. Completing the LHMP will facilitate and obtain grant funding in the future. For instance, Building Resilient Infrastructure Communities (BRIC), Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP), or Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA) grants. Grant opportunities will be reviewed each year to ensure there will be funding available for specific mitigation items.

### 5.7 Capabilities Assessment

A Capability Assessment examines SBMWD's capabilities to detect any existing gaps or weaknesses within ongoing activities that could hinder proposed mitigation activities and possibly exacerbate community hazard vulnerability. The conclusions of the Risk Assessment and Capability Assessment serve as the foundation for the development of



a meaningful hazard mitigation strategy. The list below outlines key capabilities SBMWD will consider in the Mitigation Strategy.

- 1. **Coordinate** with the San Bernardino County Emergency Management to achieve interoperability of Web EOC software and representations in appropriate EOCs.
- 2. **Provide** necessary staffing and software for ongoing maintenance of asset management program data.
- 3. **Add funding** for hazard mitigation actions to the Department's Capital Improvement Plan planning efforts.
- 4. **Incorporate** projects from the Capital Improvement Plan into the mitigation strategy (and vice versa).
- 5. Expand Public outreach and education on emergency management. This allows SBMWD to form a plan to continually educate their customers regarding natural hazards and the effects these hazards have on drinking water systems. They educate the residents on the importance of mitigating these hazards to build a more resilient community.
- 6. **Broaden** staff training: SBMWD employees have experience with past hazard mitigation and hazard planning and can improve their hazard mitigation skills by participating in training offered by other agencies or other regional governments. This plan should continue with educating grades K-12 in the local schools and on the SBMWD website.



#### **SECTION 6. MITIGATION STRATEGIES**

#### 6.1 Overview

SBMWD derived its mitigation strategy from the in-depth review of the existing vulnerabilities and capabilities outlined in previous sections of this plan, combined with a vision for creating a disaster-resistant and sustainable system for the future. This vision is based on informed assumptions that recognize both mitigation challenges and opportunities and is demonstrated by the goals and objectives outlined below. Additionally, the mitigation measures identified under each objective include an implementation plan for each measure. The measures were individually evaluated during discussions of mitigation alternatives, and the conclusions were used as inputs when priorities were decided. All priorities are based on the consensus of the Planning Team.

Mitigation measures are categorized generally for all hazards and specifically for the six high-risk hazards that were extensively examined in the risk assessment section. These hazards include earthquakes, climate change—induced drought, flooding, wildfire, and cyber security.

### 6.2 Mitigation Goals, Objectives, and Projects

The process of identifying goals began with a review and validation of the FEMA Hazard Maps for SBMWD and surrounding cities in San Bernardino County. The team completed an assessment and discussion of whether each of the goals was valid. These discussions led to the opportunity to identify Goals and Objectives. In reviewing the mitigation objectives and actions, it was the Planning Team's consensus that the following goals should be included in the LHMP.

Overall, the primary objective is to protect lives and prevent damage to infrastructure that disrupts water services. Global measures that apply across all hazards include:

- Continually improve the community's understanding of potential impacts due to hazards and the measures needed to protect lives and critical infrastructure.
- SBMWD communications should provide public outreach to inform the public of the hazards identified to the drinking water system in emergencies, such as how to conserve water in the event of a disaster and how to obtain drinking water when water may not be available.
- Continually provide State and Local Agencies with updated information about hazards, vulnerabilities, and mitigation measures at SBMWD.
- Review and verify that the Department-owned and operated infrastructure meets the minimum standards for safety.
- Review the Department's facilities and developments in high-risk areas to verify that these areas are appropriately protected from potential hazards.



- Identify and mitigate imminent threats to life safety and facility damage.
- The six high-profile hazards for SBMWD are earthquakes, climate change—induced drought, flooding, wildfire, windstorms, and cyber security. While other hazards were profiled in previous sections, SBMWD's priority and focus for the mitigation projects will be on the six high-profile hazards.

The LHMP Team only considered the listed items for Mitigation. There are items listed that were not completed in the last

The table below shows the status of mitigation actions from the 2019 LHMP that could not be done, because of COVID shutdown.

Table 19. Mitigation Actions from 2019 LHMP

Hazard	Title/Mitigation Action	Status
Earthquake	<ul> <li>Install flexible pipe joints at wellheads, pump stations, and reservoirs</li> <li>Install additional booster pumps</li> <li>Purchase and install generators and generator hook-ups</li> <li>Tie down equipment</li> <li>Bolt down reservoirs</li> <li>Install seismic shut-off valves</li> </ul>	Completed since 2019 LHMP:  1. Terrace No. 2  2. Cajon  3. Ridgeline  4. College  5. Perris Hill  6. Lytle Creek No. 2  Under Construction:  1. Terrace No. 3 (Start Date February 2024)  2. Sycamore No. 1 (Start Date February 2024)  3. Devore (Start Date November 2024)  4. Del Rosa No. 3 (Start Date October 2024)



Hazard	Title/Mitigation Action	Status
	Install block or concrete diversion walls	At designated locations (Ongoing as needed)
	Purchase portable booster pumps	Ongoing as needed
	Purchase generators and generator hook-ups	Ongoing as needed
Flooding	Protect pipelines running across bridges	All new construction is designed to meet current design practices and codes (Ongoing as needed)
	Install concrete protection of pipelines in washes, creeks, and rivers	Ongoing as needed
	Floodproof facilities that are in the flood plain: Raise well motors	Added Rip Rap around the wells as needed. Completed (2021 & 2022)
	Purchase more portable generators	Ongoing- will be in 2024 LHMP mitigation projects
	Redundant SCADA and communications equipment	Ongoing- will be in 2024 LHMP mitigation projects
Wildfire	Purchase additional stationary generators and generator hook-ups	Updated mitigation action to battery backup not generators. Completed (2020-2023)
	Purchase water booster pumps	Completed (2021)
	Keep brush and trees clear from facilities • Improve communication with local fire,	Ongoing as needed



Hazard	Title/Mitigation Action	Status
	police, and San Bernardino County OES	
	Train the public in "if you see something, say something."	Ongoing- will be in 2024 LHMP mitigation projects
Terrorist Event	Improved SCADA controls: Install and improve video cameras at critical facilities	Ongoing- will be in 2024 LHMP mitigation projects
	Build block walls around critical facilities for additional security	Ongoing as needed
	Increase public awareness of water conservation	Ongoing- will be in 2024 LHMP mitigation projects
	Monitor groundwater elevations and evaluate trends	Ongoing- will be in 2024 LHMP mitigation projects
Climate Change/Drough t	Increase water pumping capabilities	Ongoing as needed
	Increase groundwater supplies	Ongoing as needed
	Study system interties with other water systems in the area	Completed (2021)
Windstorm	Install redundant SCADA controls	Ongoing- will be in 2024 LHMP mitigation projects
	Purchase water booster pumps	Ongoing as needed



Hazard	Title/Mitigation Action	Status
	Replace roofs with wind resistant material	Ongoing as needed
	Remove trees and brush from around facilities	Ongoing

### 6.3 Earthquake

**Goal:** To protect life and property in San Bernardino Municipal Water Department in the event of an earthquake.

**Description:** The goal is to avoid injury, loss of life, and damage to property. Southern California is susceptible to earthquakes because there are many earthquake faults dissecting the state.

#### **Mitigation Projects:**

Below is the project's priority, the department responsible for this action, and the source of funding. Further analysis will be required for each mitigation project to provide a more accurate cost estimate when ready to implement. All the actions listed for each hazard were the only actions considered by SBMWD. As SBMWD is a community facing economic challenges, the Department and its board are required to adhere to a stringent budget. Consequently, the Department must seek opportunities to save costs or secure grants to finance capital and mitigation initiatives. The identified projects and current cost estimates include:

Seismic upgrades, including shear wall and roof diaphragm retrofits with fiber-reinforced polymer, topsoil weight removal, and wall footing expansion for Newmark No 2, No. 3, and No. 4. Director of Operations or General Manager. (5 Years) \$1.5 million. ARPA Grant Funding, CIP. High Priority.

### 6.4 Climate Change – Induced Drought

**Goal:** To protect life and property in San Bernardino Municipal Water Department in the event of a drought.

**Description:** The goal is to avoid injury, loss of life, and damage to property. Due to Climate Change, there are more extremes in the weather, which means the summers can be hotter, the winters colder, and periods of rain can become less wet or wetter, which



causes flooding. It is expected that there will be greater fluctuations in weather patterns, including prolonged dry periods and drought hazards, which can be mitigated over the long term.

#### **Mitigation Projects:**

Below is the project's priority, the department responsible for this action, and the funding source. Further analysis will be required for each mitigation project to provide a more accurate cost estimate when ready to implement. All the actions listed for each hazard were the only actions considered by SBMWD. As SBMWD is a community facing economic challenges, the Department and its board must adhere to a stringent budget. Consequently, the Department must seek opportunities to save costs or secure grants to finance capital and mitigation initiatives. The identified projects and current cost estimates include:

 Replace aging infrastructure prone to leaks. Improving pipelines, collection systems, and leak surveys. Looking for water loss in the system, etc. \$2 Million (5 Years) Director of Operations HMGP, BRIC, CIP. High.

#### 6.5 Flood

**Goal:** To protect life and property in San Bernardino Municipal Water Department in the event of flooding.

SBMWD does not participate in the National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP).

**Description**: The goal is to avoid injury, loss of life, and property damage. A localized flood of great volume and short duration is typically caused by unusually heavy rain in a semiarid area. Floods can reach their peak volume in a matter of a few minutes and often carry large loads of mud and rock fragments.

#### **Mitigation Projects:**

Below is the project's priority, the department responsible for this action, and the funding source. Further analysis will be required for each mitigation project to provide a more accurate cost estimate when ready to implement. All the actions listed for each hazard were the only actions considered by SBMWD. As SBMWD is a community facing economic challenges, the Department and its board must adhere to a stringent budget. Consequently, the Department must seek opportunities to save costs or secure grants to finance capital and mitigation initiatives. The identified projects and current cost estimates include:

Improve existing facilities and construct new facilities to mitigate flooding (5 Years)
 \$5 Million. Director of Operations. BRIC, HMGP.



• The following plants are under design for block walls and flood diversion Ogden Facility, Electric facility, and Shandin Hills booster station. This is to help mitigate flooding. (4 years). \$1.5 million. HMGP, BRIC, CIP. Engineering.

#### 6.6 Wildfire

**Goal:** To protect life and property in San Bernardino Municipal Water Department in the event of a wildfire.

**Description**: The goal is to avoid injury, loss of life, and property damage and to maintain water flow for firefighting efforts. SBMWD knows it is a matter of time before the hills in the service area have a major fire. The only hope is that this fire does not happen during Santa Ana wind conditions, as this condition will drive the fire down the hills into the valley.

#### **Mitigation Projects:**

Below is the priority of the project department responsible for this action and the funding source. Further analysis will be required for each mitigation project to provide a more accurate cost estimate when ready to implement. All the actions listed for each hazard were the only actions considered by SBMWD. As SBMWD is a community facing economic challenges, the Department and its board must adhere to a stringent budget. Consequently, the Department must seek opportunities to save costs or secure grants to finance capital and mitigation initiatives. The identified projects and current cost estimates include:

- Remove brush and trees from around facilities. \$30,000 (Annual). High Priority. Director of Operations. CIP.
- Remove old wood electrical panels and install them into block buildings, increasing fire resiliency and security. \$2.5 Million. (5 Years). High Priority. Director of Operations. HMGP, CIP, and BRIC.

#### 6.7 Windstorm

**Goal:** To protect life and property in San Bernardino Municipal Water Department in the event of windstorms.

**Description**: The goal is to avoid injury, loss of life, and property damage. The Santa Ana winds are notorious in Southern California for wreaking havoc during the fall and winter months each year. The winds are known for their hot, dry weather and bring the lowest relative humidity of the year. The Santa Ana winds easily reach over 40 miles per hour with a gust of over 60 miles per hour. These winds topple trees and power lines, start wildfires, and cause havoc throughout the region. This has caused Southern California Edison and other power providers in California to cut power in regions during these wind events, which are called Public Safety Shutoff events.

#### **Mitigation Projects:**



Below, you will find the priority of the project department responsible for this action, as well as the source of funding. Further analysis will be required for each mitigation project to provide a more accurate cost estimate when ready to implement. The identified projects and current cost estimates include:

 Generator hookups and automatic transfer panels. Mitigation of loss of power allows wells, boosters, and pumps to keep water in the system. Completed in October of 2023. Ongoing for Sewer Lift stations \$500,000. (2 years) General Manager. High priority. BRIC, CIP, HMGP.

### 6.8 Cyber Security

**Goal:** To protect life and property in San Bernardino Municipal Water Department in the event of a cyber security attack.

**Description**: The goal is to avoid injury, loss of life, and damage to property. A cyber-attack can take many forms, such as malware, phishing, and insider threats. It is up to the Department to train and protect from external or internal infiltration. As an added security measure, the Department will not share its cyber security planning within this LHMP. SBMWD does have a comprehensive cyber security plan; however, this plan is private and not to be shared with the public or any public forum.

#### **Mitigation Projects:**

Below is the priority of the project department responsible for this action and the funding source. Further analysis will be required for each mitigation project to provide a more accurate cost estimate when ready to implement. All the actions listed for each hazard were the only actions considered by SBMWD. As SBMWD is a community facing economic challenges, the Department and its board must adhere to a stringent budget. Consequently, the Department must seek opportunities to save costs or secure grants to finance capital and mitigation initiatives. The identified projects and current cost estimates include:

- SCADA Standards Revision. Update and modernize the current SCADA system. \$1.6 million (2 Years). High Priority. Director of Operations. HMGP and BRIC, CIP.
- Department-wide Video Surveillance Improvement. Update, install, and modernize video cameras and recording devices. \$1 million. High Priority. (5 Years). IT Department. CIP.

### 6.9 Mitigation Priorities

During the development of the risk assessment for SBMWD, the Planning Team proposed and discussed alternative mitigation goals, objectives, and specific mitigation measures that SBMWD should undertake to reduce the risk from the six high-risk hazards facing the Department. Priorities from the 2019 LHMP have not changed for the 2024 plan.



The team considered multiple factors to establish the mitigation priorities included in this plan. It assigned the highest priority rankings to those mitigation measures that met three primary criteria:

- Greatest potential for protecting life and safety
- Greatest potential for maintaining critical Department functions and operability following a disaster
- Achievability in terms of residents' support and cost-effectiveness

All rankings were determined by the consensus of the Planning Team. As described in the previous section on hazard and risk assessment, earthquakes have the potential to affect the largest number of people, damage critical facilities and buildings, and cause the greatest economic losses. This fact, combined with the relatively high probability of an earthquake occurrence in the next several decades, makes increasing disaster resistance and readiness for earthquakes a high priority. Given the extreme importance of maintaining critical functions in times of disaster and the large number of customers who depend and rely on SBMWD services and infrastructure, those mitigation measures that improve disaster resistance, readiness, or recovery capacity are generally given higher priority.

Earthquakes, climate change-induced drought, flooding, wildfire, windstorm and cyber security mitigation actions are identified and assigned a priority according to their importance, cost, funding availability, the degree to which project planning has been completed, and the anticipated time to implement the measures.

Using the above rationale for establishing mitigation priorities, each mitigation measure is assigned a priority ranking as follows:

- High Projects that will be the primary focus of implementation over the next five years.
- Medium Projects that may be implemented over the next five years.
- Low Projects that will not be implemented over the next five years unless conditions change (new program and funding source).

### 6.10 Implementation Strategy

The implementation strategy is intended to successfully mitigate the hazards identified in this plan within a reasonable time. SBMWD is currently operating within its annual budget. SBMWD revenues and capital improvement projects have remained a priority. SBMWD staff will review the Hazard Mitigation Plan each year before developing the next year's fiscal budget. The plan will also be reviewed by the Water Board for items to be included in the new fiscal budget. The SBMWD staff will also actively explore opportunities to



secure Hazard Mitigation Grants annually to mitigate the effects on the fiscal budget and provide some relief to the residents. The following equation is the cost-benefit analysis equation used to ensure that the cost-benefit to the Department is within FEMA guidelines. When completing a cost-benefit analysis with FEMA, the formula is all in electronic form but resembles the formula below.

$$B/C = \left[ \frac{B_0}{(l+i)^0} + \dots + \frac{B_T}{(l+i)^T} \right] \div \left[ \frac{C_0}{(l+i)^0} + \dots + \frac{C_T}{(l+i)^T} \right]$$

#### **Mitigation Projects Funding Source**

There is currently no mitigation money in the Department's budget. The Department will include mitigation into the budgeting process when funding becomes available and look at what mitigation projects could be funded in future budget cycles.

#### **Timeframe**

Over the next five years, the Department will incorporate mitigation into all capital improvement projects that it undertakes. The previous 2019 LHMP was incorporated in the CIP and any other relevant planning mechanisms, including the Urban Water Management Plan, which incorporates LHMP mitigation projects.

The Department will apply for mitigation grants as the opportunities become available in the State of California, County of San Bernardino, each year. The Department will consider all mitigation items during the review of the Ten-Year Capital Improvement Plan and during the annual budget workshops.



#### **SECTION 7. PLAN MAINTENANCE**

#### 7.1 Monitoring, Evaluating, and Updating the Plan

The General Manager and/or the Engineering Manager will evaluate the plan annually and consider whether new hazards have emerged, community vulnerability has changed, and goals are still relevant to current conditions. This will be tracked by evaluating and recording completed mitigation actions and adding mitigation projects to the current LHMP. The LHMP will be reviewed as part of the annual budget planning each year and whenever new infrastructure updates are made within SBMWD. The General Manager and/or Engineering Manager will ensure the LHMP is reviewed annually, and any items that have been mitigated will be recorded and tracked within the LHMP. At that time, staff and the elected Water Board will review funding and capital improvement replacement projects in the next fiscal year's budget. Annually, the General Manager and/or Engineering Manager and the Controller will review funding and determine the projects to be included in the next fiscal year's Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) budget. The General Manager and/or Engineering Manager will include the LHMP in all budget planning and grant planning meetings. This will allow open discussion, evaluation, and assessment of the LHMP to achieve goals, allowing the addition and removal of mitigated items.

The General Manager and/or Engineering Manager leads a full review of the LHMP at a three-and-a-half-year interval like the initial LHMP. At this time, the planning team headed by the operations department and including the General Manager and/or Engineering Manager will address progress in reaching mitigation goals, assessment of new and existing hazards, using the new revised FEMA review tool, cross referencing hazards from the county, and development of new mitigation strategies and goals will be addressed by the Planning Team headed by the Operations Department that will include the General Manager and/or Engineering Manager.

The consumers within SBMWD will be asked to participate in the LHMP update process. There has not been any substantial development within the service area in the last 5 years. In the 2019 LHMP, the plan was incorporated into planning documents for updates on water mains.

#### 7.2 Implementation through Existing Programs

Once the State of California OES and FEMA approve the LHMP, SBMWD will incorporate the LHMP into capital improvement replacement projects, capital replacement programs, building design, and any updates or repairs to the water distribution system. Information gathered from hazard profiles, such as flood maps and facility vulnerabilities, will be used as a resource document and support the plans, projects, and programs that will benefit



the water system and building within the service area. SBMWD will submit a Notice of Intent to the State of California to help facilitate opportunities to obtain FEMA and state funding to mitigate hazards within the water system. The General Manager and/or Engineering Manager will be responsible for implementing the LHMP and working toward the LHMP-recommended goals and objectives that are met. The General Manager and/or Engineering Manager will be responsible for placing the LHMP on the SBMWD website and incorporating the LHMP into the annual budget planning meetings. The General Manager and/or Engineering Manager will verify that the LHMP is updated and rewritten over a 5-year cycle. SBMWD will start the update process one and a half years before the expiration date on this document. With COIVD 19 and all the shutdowns during the 5-year term of the last LHMP period, the LHMP was not included in projects as no new projects were devolved during COVID-19.

#### 7.3 Continued Public Involvement

The approved LHMP will be continuously posted with contact information on the SBMWD's Website. The General Manager or his/her assignee is responsible for ensuring the LHMP is brought before the Water Board each year during Budget Planning. Public comments will be taken regarding the LHMP when the plan is updated in 2029, and projects that could be included in next year's budget will be considered. As new facilities are incorporated into SBMWD, the LHMP will be updated to include new facilities and new hazards, if warranted. When the LHMP is rewritten and updated, the public can review it and coincide with the document's changes. It is the General Manager or Engineering Manager's responsibility to ensure the LHMP is updated throughout the year and every 5 years.

The plan is reviewed annually. SBMWD. The General Manager and/or Engineering Manager will conduct outreach with the nonprofit organizations, including community-based organizations, to represent the community's input into the updates. SBMWD can also learn how community priorities have changed since the last update by conducting outreach to the public on construction, infrastructure improvements, and overall abilities.



# APPENDIX A: PLANNING TEAM MEETING MATRIX & AGENDA



Table 20. Meeting Matrix and Attendees

	05/07/2024	07/31/2024	09/09/2024	10/14/2024
Meeting Matrix/ Attendees	Kick-Off Meeting	Working Session	Working Session	Final Planning Meeting
	(In-Person)	(In-Person)	(In-Person)	(In-Person)
Karl Wendt	X	X		Х
Daniel Rios	Χ	Χ	Χ	X
Ashleigh Torres	Х	X	X	X
Miguel J. Guerrero	Х		Χ	
Marissa Flores- Acosta	X	X	X	
Francisco Salazar	Х	X	Χ	X
Gary Sturdivan	Х	X	X	X



#### Agenda

### San Bernardino Municipal Water Department

#### LHMP Kick-Off Meeting

#### May 7, 2024

- 1. Introductions
- 2. Why we are here
- 3. What is a Local Hazard Mitigation Plan
- 4. Local voices and
- 5. At Risk Population and involvement
- 6. Involvement of the City, County OES and other locale Water Agencies
- 7. Mapping the hazards, risks, land use natural only
- 8. Cyber and Climate change must be included
- 9. Capabilities
- 11. Strategies
- 12. Adoption of the plan

Next meeting date and time TBT





#### Agenda

#### San Bernardino Municipal Water District

#### 7/31/2024

9:00 am - 11:00 am

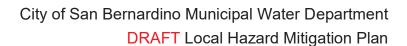
- 1. Introduction
- 2. Why are we here/what is a Hazard Mitigation Plan, and what does a FEMA-approved plan do for the Department
- 3. What natural hazards are we using currently? Are there any new ones from 5 years ago?
- 4. How do the identified hazards affect the at-risk populations?
- 5. How do the responders, water/wastewater, and the city work together?
- 6. What is the Damn rupture plan and its effects on the city and residents?
- 7. What mitigation items were completed in the last 5 years? What items will carry over, and what are the new items for the next five



#### 8. How is climate change affecting the water department

- Is Liquefaction not an issue for San Bernardino? Liquefaction is listed in the City Plan again.
- 10. Next Meeting date and time







# Agenda San Bernardino Municipal Water District September 9, 2024

- 1. Questions on sections 1-6
- 2. Review of section 7
- 3. List Critical Infrastructure and past FEMA grant fundings
- 4. Critical Facilities, what is critical from the list most to least
- GIS, will need another map for Dam Inundation (Perris Hill Reservoir)
- 6. 30-day comment period.
- 7. Questions
- 8. Next meeting date and time



# Agenda San Bernardino Municipal Water District

#### October 14, 2024

- 1. Questions on sections 1-6
- 2. Review of section 7
- 3. List Critical Infrastructure and past FEMA grant fundings
- 4. Critical Facilities, what is critical from the list most to least
- 5. GIS, will need another map for Dam Inundation (Perris Hill Reservoir)
- 6. 30-day comment period.
- 7. Questions
- 8. Next meeting date and time





### APPENDIX B: PUBLIC OUTREACH



No public comments were collected at this time.

Figure 14. Posted on SBMWD Website for Public Outreach

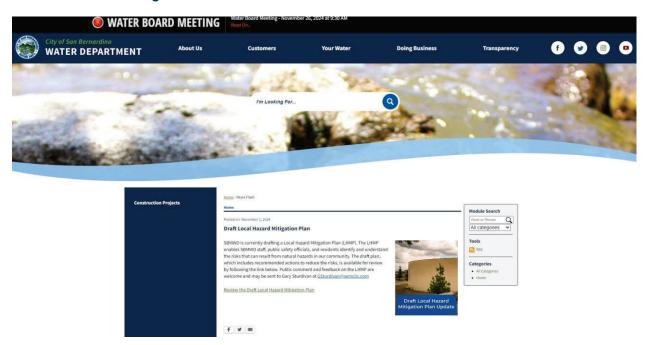
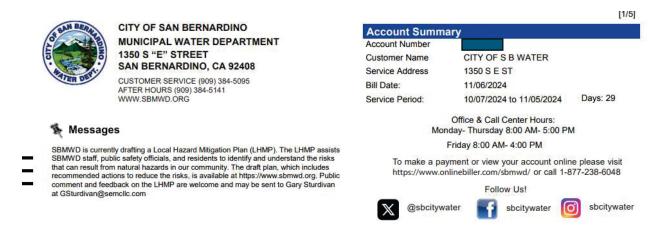


Figure 15. Bill Insert on LHMP Message for Public Comments





### CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT

WATER BOARD STAFF REPORT

TO:

Miguel J. Guerrero, P.E., General Manager

FROM:

Kevin T. Stewart, P.E., Director of Water Reclamation

**SUBJECT:** 

AWARD OF PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT - SPEC 1844 REGIONAL BIOSOLIDS PROGRAM FEASIBILITY STUDY (PHASE I) -

CAROLLO ENGINEERS, INC.

DATE:

April 15, 2025

CC:

C. Mouser; D. Andolsen; J. Hanford; J. Laureano

#### **BACKGROUND:**

The City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department (SBMWD) serves the City of San Bernardino (City) through provision of water treatment, water distribution, wastewater collection, and wastewater treatment. Wastewater treatment has taken place at the Water Reclamation Plant (WRP), located at 399 Chandler Place, San Bernardino since 1958. The WRP has been operated by the Department since 1973 and has a rated capacity of 33 million gallons per day (MGD) and is currently treating approximately 16 MGD of flow. It is a regional secondary treatment facility that provides wastewater treatment services for the Cities of San Bernardino and Loma Linda, and some areas of unincorporated San Bernardino County.

The activated sludge wastewater treatment process at the WRP consists of a liquid stream and a solids stream. As sludge, scum, and Waste Activated Sludge (WAS) are removed from the clarifiers and thickened in the solids stream, the treated material is sent to one of three (3) mesophilic anaerobic digesters (MAD). The MAD process reduces pathogens, heavy metals volume, vector attraction, and volatile solids using a combination of time, temperature, and other conditions. Following the MAD process, the resultant biosolids (solid organic material / treated sewage sludge) comply with the requirements of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 503 regulations for "Class B Biosolids." The Class B Biosolids are dewatered to approximately 21.5% solids to reduce the weight of the "cake" prior to transport. The biosolids cake is stored in a silo before being collected and transported to a privately-owned, privately-operated facility for further treatment beyond "Class A Biosolids" standards. The biosolids are converted to "Compost" where the material is beneficially used as a soil amendment and fertilizer, rich in nutrients, that can improve soil quality and reduce the need for chemical fertilizers. This process is one of the Department's highest costs for wastewater treatment.

Page 2

April 15, 2025

SUBJECT:

AWARD OF PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT – SPEC 1844 REGIONAL BIOSOLIDS PROGRAM FEASIBILITY STUDY (PHASE I) – CAROLLO ENGINEERS, INC.

In May 2020, Hazen & Sawyer completed the WRP Master Plan. Within that Master Plan were recommendations for immediate completion of a Biosolids Strategic Plan (BSP). Although the current biosolids program had served the Department well for many years, there were significant challenges facing the biosolids program that warranted a thorough planning process to ensure the Department's overarching goals for a reliable, cost-effective, and sustainable biosolids management program could be met well into the future. Some of those challenges included:

- Aging infrastructure with both Digesters  $\Lambda$  and B in poor condition
- Reliance on a single contractor with the risk of sudden contract termination
- An evolving regulatory environment with many unknowns related to biosolids management

The BSP project was awarded to Black & Veatch (B&V). The BSP was a thorough review of the Department's biosolids efforts. This included:

- Evaluation of the then-current biosolids program needs and immediate challenges
- Regulatory assessment
- Regional opportunities assessment and national survey
- Market assessment
- Alternatives development and evaluation

B&V developed a thoroughly evaluated "road map" for the Department to follow with regard to its overall biosolids program. The final BSP was issued on November 17, 2021. The final recommendation of the BSP included:

- Remaining with the single contractor as the lowest cost alternative
- Development of a roadmap with multiple "offramps" in the event of any of the following "roadblocks":
  - o Single contractor stops taking biosolids
  - o Regulations force the Department to transition to producing Class A Biosolids
  - o Loss of local markets for produced material
  - o PFAS or other regulations limit current methods

Throughout 2022 and the first half of 2023, the Department and the industry encountered issues that directly impacted and/or threatened the Department's ability to carry out its responsibility to properly handle and dispose of biosolids from the WRP. Some of the greatest issues encountered in this period included:

- Contracted biosolids hauling/disposal facility was temporarily closed in 2022
- Arizona House Bill 2669 very nearly passed with original language that would have disallowed land application of biosolids in Arizona
- Hauling challenges (driver shortage, truck repair parts delays, fuel costs, subcontractor disinterest, subcontractor preference for higher-paying agencies, etc.)

Page 3

April 15, 2025

SUBJECT:

AWARD OF PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT – SPEC 1844 REGIONAL BIOSOLIDS PROGRAM FEASIBILITY STUDY (PHASE I) – CAROLLO ENGINEERS, INC.

- Financial stability of potential private biosolids partners and ease of cessation of service
- Maine biosolids land application prohibition due to PFAS with simultaneous ban on bulking materials that also disallowed the only remaining alternative, landfilling

Although these issues were discussed and evaluated in the BSP, they were experienced differently, sooner, more dramatically than originally anticipated, and simultaneously. As a results, Staff was interested in revisiting and reevaluating the BSP and potentially resetting the road map to reprioritize or accelerate certain activities. A key focus of Staff was to reset the map to incorporate a significantly increased degree of resiliency and flexibility so that the Department can better respond and adapt to issues impacting its biosolids operations more readily in the future. B&V was awarded a Professional Services Agreement (PSA) to complete a 2023 Update to the BSP in June 2023. This update was finalized in September 2024. B&V found that the resiliency of the Department's biosolids program had decreased over the 2022/2023 period, with the program becoming overly reliant on third-party contractors to manage the WRP's biosolids production. In order to increase resilience, B&V recommended pursuing a regional processing facility with other utility partners, owned and operated by member agencies, to better manage risks and develop diverse outlets for the product. The recommendations of the 2023 BSP included:

- Development of a Memorandum of Understanding for a regional facility
- Development of a Scope of Work for a Feasibility Study for a regional facility
- Conduct a Regional Facility Feasibility Study
- Development of an Implementation Strategy

From the summer of 2023 through spring of 2024, the Department met with more than 15 local agencies to gauge the level of interest in a publicly owned and operated regional biosolids facility or facilities. Staff found that the level of interest was very high. Multiple group meetings were held with an ever-increasing list of attendees from agencies throughout Southern California. Staff evaluated multiple models for other regional biosolids facilities and groups across the country, in various stages of development or completion. One key model regional partnership was that of the Charleston Regional Resource Recovery Authority (CRRRA) in South Carolina. The CRRRA was in the later stages of development of a regional facility following a phased-development approach. Key amongst their successful methods was use of "off-ramps" for agencies to use after each development phase. Entities committing to the development were only committed to the end of that Phase. Phases included: 1) Feasibility Assessment; 2) Plan Development; and 3) Phased Implementation of Plan. After beginning with 6 agencies, 2 agencies off-ramped after Phase 1. An additional agency off-ramped after Phase 2 before the final 3 agencies committed to Phase 3. Charleston Water System, Mount Pleasant Waterworks Clean Water, and North Charleston Sewer District formed a partnership and has since completed the land acquisition phase and partnership with a contractor.

Page 4

April 15, 2025

SUBJECT:

AWARD OF PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT – SPEC 1844 REGIONAL BIOSOLIDS PROGRAM FEASIBILITY STUDY (PHASE I) – CAROLLO ENGINEERS, INC.

Following an extensive set of meetings, the Department and thirteen (13) other agencies (fourteen agencies in total) executed a Cooperative Agreement (CA) between December 4, 2024 and January 28, 2025. The essential elements of the CA include:

- SBMWD will serve as the Lead Agency
- All Partnering Agencies will share equally in the cost of the Feasibility Study in an amount not to exceed \$50,000.00 per agency without amendment
- SBMWD will hold and fund the PSA with the Engineering Consultant for the Feasibility Study and will be reimbursed for all applicable shares by each Partnering Agency following any approval of the PSA by the Water Board

The list of Partnering Agencies, in alphabetical order, includes:

- Coachella Valley Water District (CVWD)
- Colton, City of (Colton)
- Corona, City of (Corona)
- Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD)
- East Valley Water District (EVWD)
- Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District (EVMWD)
- Los Angeles County Sanitation Districts (LACSD)
- Moulton Niguel Water District (MNWD)
- Orange County Sanitation District (OC San)
- Ramona Municipal Water District (RMWD)
- Redlands, City of (Redlands)
- San Bernardino Municipal Water Department (SBMWD)
- Western Municipal Water District (WMWD)
- Western Riverside County Regional Wastewater Authority (WRCRWA)

After extensive meetings with potential consultants in the industry, Staff issued a Request for Proposals (RFP) on January 28, 2025 under Specification 1844 to all firms registered on PlanetBids. The RFP was for a properly-qualified Professional Engineering consultant to produce a detailed summary of the agencies, conditions, and drivers to objectively and rationally analyze whether further development of a jointly publicly owned and operated regional biosolids facility or facilities is favorable based upon clearly understood details, estimates, strengths, and weaknesses of the Project.

April 15, 2025

**SUBJECT:** 

AWARD OF PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT – SPEC 1844 REGIONAL BIOSOLIDS PROGRAM FEASIBILITY STUDY (PHASE I) – CAROLLO ENGINEERS, INC.

While the RFP was open, an additional agency, the South Orange County Wastewater Authority (SOCWA) requested to join. Staff worked with the existing Partnering Agencies to execute Amendment 1 to the Cooperative Agreement. This amendment allows for the Lead Agency (SBMWD) to add additional Partnering Agencies to the original CA, so long as they met certain criteria. Amendment 1 was executed on April 11, 2025. SOCWA executed a Cooperative Agreement Acknowledgement with SBMWD on April 14, 2025 that authorizes them as a fifteenth (15<sup>th</sup>) agency.

On March 14, 2025, two (2) responses to the RFP were received from the following teams:

- Carollo Engineers, Inc (Prime) with Brown & Caldwell (Subconsultant)
- Hazen and Sawyer (Prime) with Stantec (Subconsultant) and Rincon Consultants (Subconsultant)

Each Partnering Agency was asked to provide review comments for the proposals, as well as a ranked choice. Two (2) industry associations, California Association of Sanitation Agencies (CASA) and Clean Water SoCal (CWS) were also invited to participate in this effort. Response comments and ratings were received from 11 of the agencies and one of the associations. Another association provided generalized review comments but not a rating, based upon their request not to rate their own paying associate members. As the rankings were not unanimous, the Department proceeded with interviewing both teams.

Following the rankings, the Fee Proposals were opened for each team. The Original Fees proposed include:

Team	Total Fee	Total Hours	Average Hourly Rate
Carollo Engineers	\$662,966	2,727	\$243.11
Hazen & Sawyer	\$498,180	1,801	\$276.62

On April 9, 2025, both teams participated in an in-person interview by one panelist from each of the following agencies and industry associations:

- Coachella Valley Water District (CVWD)
- Colton, City of (Colton)
- Corona, City of (Corona)
- Eastern Municipal Water District (EMWD)
- Los Angeles County Sanitation Districts (LACSD)
- Orange County Sanitation District (OC San)
- San Bernardino Municipal Water Department (SBMWD)
- California Association of Sanitation Agencies (CASA; non-ranking panelist at their request)
- Clean Water SoCal (CWS)

Page 6

April 15, 2025

SUBJECT:

AWARD OF PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT - SPEC 1844 REGIONAL BIOSOLIDS PROGRAM FEASIBILITY STUDY (PHASE I) -

CAROLLO ENGINEERS, INC.

Following the interview, the team led by Carollo was unanimously ranked as the top consultant based upon overall value to the Partnering Agencies. Department staff negotiated with Carollo on the Fee Proposal. A Negotiated Fee Proposal was received from Carollo on April 15, 2025 in the amount of \$599,975.00. Staff informed the other panelists of the results of the negotiations and there were no objections to the Department recommending award of the PSA to Carollo.

The Final Fees and hours proposed include:

Team	Total Fee	Total Hours	Average Hourly Rate
Carollo Engineers (Negotiated)	\$599,575	2,421	\$247.82
Carollo Engineers (Original)	\$662,966	2,727	\$243.11
Hazen & Sawyer	\$498,180	1,801	\$276.62

#### **GOALS AND OBJECTIVES:**

This Feasibility Study aligns with the Department's Strategic Plan under Target 4: Relationships/Partnerships, Goal 12: Collaborate with regional partners and Target 2: Infrastructure/Efficiencies, Goal 5: Address the impact of regulatory requirements.

#### FISCAL IMPACT:

The funding source for this project is the FY 2024/2025 Operating Fund account 204090-5203 – Engineering Services. \$75,000 was allotted in the approved budget for the Department's portion of this effort. Sufficient funds exist in the account to temporarily cover the remaining costs while awaiting reimbursement from the Partnering Agencies.

#### **RECOMMENDATION:**

It is recommended that the Water Board make the following motion:

On behalf of Partnering Agencies under the COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT AMONG THE SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT AND THE PARTNERING AGENCIES REGARDING THE REGIONAL BIOSOLIDS PROGRAM FEASIBILITY STUDY (PHASE I) PROJECT dated December 4, 2024, approve the Professional Service Agreement with Carollo Engineers, Inc. in response to RFP 1844 REGIONAL BIOSOLIDS PROGRAM FEASIBILITY STUDY (PHASE I) in an amount not-to-exceed FIVE HUNDRED NINETY NINE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED SEVENTY FIVE AND 00/100 DOLLARS (\$599,975.00); and authorize the General Manager to finalize negotiations to the Scope of Work and execute the Professional Service Agreement.

April 15, 2025

SUBJECT:

AWARD OF PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT – SPEC 1844 REGIONAL BIOSOLIDS PROGRAM FEASIBILITY STUDY (PHASE I) – CAROLLO ENGINEERS, INC.

Respectfully submitted,

Kevin T. Stewart, P.E.

Director of Water Reclamation

#### Attachments:

- Cooperative Agreement dated December 4, 2024
- Cooperative Agreement Amendment 1 dated April 14, 2025
- Cooperative Agreement Acknowledgment with SOCWA dated April 14, 2025
- 1844 Negotiated Fee Proposal dated April 15, 2025
- Professional Services Agreement Contract No. 1844 dated April 22, 2025

# COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT AMONG THE SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT AND THE PARTNERING AGENCIES REGARDING THE REGIONAL BIOSOLIDS PROGRAM FEASIBILITY STUDY (PHASE I) PROJECT

This Cooperative Agreement ("Agreement") is entered into and effective this 4th day of December, 2024 by and among the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department ("SBMWD"), and the Partnering Agencies listed below. SBMWD and the Partnering Agencies are each sometimes referred to herein individually as a "Party" and are collectively referred to herein as the "Parties."

#### **PARTNERING AGENCIES**

- A. Coachella Valley Water District ("CVWD")
- B. Colton, City of ("Colton")
- C. Corona, City of ("Corona")
- D. Eastern Municipal Water District ("EMWD")
- E. East Valley Water District ("EVWD")
- F. Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District ("EVMWD")
- G. Los Angeles County Sanitation Districts ("LA County San")
- H. Moulton Niguel Water District ("MNWD")
- I. Orange County Sanitation District ("OC San")
- J. Ramona Municipal Water District ("RMWD")
- K. Redlands, City of ("Redlands")
- L. Western Municipal Water District ("WMWD")
- M. Western Riverside County Regional Wastewater Authority ("WRCRWA")

SBMWD, CVWD, Colton, Corona, EMWD, EVWD, EVMWD, LA County San, MNWD, OC San, RMWD, Redlands, WMWD, and WRCRWA are all collectively referred to herein as "Partnering Agencies."

#### **RECITALS**

- A. WHEREAS, at present, SBMWD and all Partnering Agencies are local and/or regional governmental utilities that own and/or operate wastewater treatment plants ("WWTPs"); and
- B. **WHEREAS**, the Parties each currently treat and then legally dispose of sewage sludge generated during the treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works ("biosolids") at one or more of many permitted locations in accordance with Title 40 Chapter I Subchapter

- O Part 503 "Standards for the Use or Disposal of Sewage Sludge" promulgated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA; "EPA 503"); and
- C. **WHEREAS**, The Parties have decided to consider alternative options for the disposal of biosolids in the future; and
- D. WHEREAS, the Parties desire to discuss the feasibility of establishing and governing a regional, publicly-owned facility or facilities ("Regional Biosolids Program") to legally treat and dispose of the biosolids generated at their respective WWTPs in compliance with EPA 503 regulations in a manner that will maximize the benefits to the Parties and their ratepayers (hereinafter, the "Project"); and
- E. **WHEREAS**, the Parties desire to share the costs associated with the preparation of a Phase I Feasibility Study for the Project to cover the Scope of Work attached hereto as Exhibit A ("Study"); and
- F. **WHEREAS**, the Parties desire to share equally in the cost of the Study and wish to memorialize their agreement to pay for such costs as set forth in this Agreement.

**NOW THEREFORE**, the Parties hereto agree as follows:

#### **AGREEMENTS**

- A. <u>Lead Agency</u>. The Parties agree that SBMWD will act as the lead agency in the selection and engagement of a consultant for the preparation of the Study in accordance with its procurement rules. Nevertheless, SBMWD shall consult with Partnering Agencies in both the preparation of any request for proposals and in the selection process. Partnering Agencies agree to participate in these processes, including participating in the review of proposals and in interviews of consultants.
- B. Cost Sharing. The Parties agree to share equally in the cost of the Study.
  - a. <u>Anticipated Cost</u>. The Parties acknowledge the anticipated cost of the Study shall not exceed \$500,000.00. SBMWD anticipates that a minimum of nine (9) Partnering Agencies intend to participate in the Study. Each Party's participation, therefore, shall not exceed \$50,000.00 without prior written notice and approval by all Parties, hereto.
  - b. <u>Actual Cost and Billing</u>. Upon completion of the selection process for the consultant, SBMWD shall submit an invoice to each Partnering Agency for its share of the cost of the Study. Payment shall be made within 45 days following receipt of the invoice. If following the selection process, the consultant costs exceed the anticipated cost, an amendment to this Agreement shall be sought prior to engagement of the consultant.
  - c. <u>Subsequent Phases</u>. If the Project moves forward after the completion of the Study, the Parties may enter into further participation or cost-sharing agreements for any subsequent phase that will be responsible for the Project going forward. Nothing herein shall bind any Party to participate in a subsequent phase or bind any particular cost-sharing mechanism.

#### C. Project Management.

- a. Good Faith. The Parties agree to work together in good faith.
- b. <u>Party Obligations</u>. The Parties agree to comply with the obligations required of each Party as set forth in Exhibit A (occasionally indicated as "Owner"), as it relates to each of them individually.
- c. <u>Responsiveness</u>. The Parties agree to respond in a timely fashion to all requests for information or promptly advise SBMWD and the selected consultant with the expected date that the information will be provided. SBMWD shall respond to Party inquiries regarding Project status in a timely fashion.
- d. <u>Project Manager</u>. Each Party will designate one Project Manager that will be the primary point of contact for day-to-day project management and communications not intended to be an official notice (which will be sent to the address indicated on the signature page for that Party).
- e. <u>Monthly Meeting</u>. SBMWD will hold no less than one videoconference meeting per month on a recurring basis to provide a status update to the Parties. Upon selection and engagement of a consultant for the Study, the consultant shall be present for these meetings. Special in-person workshops may be held as deemed necessary.

#### D. Miscellaneous Provisions. Text.

- a. <u>Amendment, Termination, and Assignment</u>. This Agreement may not be amended, changed, modified, terminated, or assigned, except in accordance with the express provisions of this Agreement or with the written consent of all parties hereto.
- b. <u>Execution in Counterpart</u>. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which, together, shall constitute one and the same instrument.
- c. <u>Jurisdiction and Venue</u>. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of California. Any suit, action, or proceeding brought under the scope of this Agreement shall be brought and maintained to the extent allowed by law in the County of San Bernardino.
- d. <u>Sections; Headings</u>. Headings at the beginning of each section and subsection are solely for convenience and reference and are not part of this Agreement.
- e. <u>No Construction Against Drafter</u>. The Parties hereby acknowledge that they have reviewed this Agreement and concur that any rule of construction to the effect that ambiguities are to be resolved against the drafting party shall not apply in the interpretation of any provision of this Agreement.
- f. <u>Successors and Assigns</u>. This Agreement shall be binding on and inure to the benefit of the successors and assigns of the respective Parties to this Agreement. No Party may assign its interests in or obligations under this Agreement without the written consent of the other Parties.

- g. <u>Effective Date; Term.</u> This Agreement shall become effective as of the first date set forth above. This Agreement shall continue in full force and effect until completion and distribution of the Study ("Term"). If the proposed cost of the Study exceeds the anticipated cost set forth in Section B.a., and the Parties are unable to agree to amend the Agreement to increase the participation costs, any Party may terminate the Agreement. Upon the end of the Term, this Agreement shall expire without further action or acknowledgement from any Party hereto.
- h. <u>Severability</u>. If any portion of this Agreement shall be declared by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable, such portion shall be deemed severed from this Agreement, and the remaining parts of the Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.
- i. <u>Authority</u>. Each signatory of this Agreement represents that they are duly authorized to execute this Agreement on behalf of the Party for which such signatory executes this Agreement. Each Party represents that it has the appropriate legal authority to enter into this Agreement and to perform all obligations under this Agreement.
- j. <u>Compliance with Law</u>. In performing their respective obligations under this Agreement, the Parties shall comply with and conform to all applicable laws, rules, regulations, and ordinances.
- k. <u>Attorneys' Fees</u>. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, each Party who files any action or brings any action or proceeding against the other arising from this Agreement, seeks resolution of disputes pursuant to this Agreement or is made a party to any action or proceeding brought by any other person or governmental entity, shall bear its own costs and fees.
- I. <u>Approvals</u>. Approvals required by the Parties, or any officers, agents or employees of either Party, shall not be unreasonably withheld and approval or disapproval shall be given within a reasonable time.
- m. <u>Further Actions and Instruments</u>. Each of the Parties shall cooperate with and provide reasonable assistance to the other to the extent contemplated hereunder in the performance of all obligations under this Agreement and the satisfaction of the conditions of this Agreement.
- n. <u>Third Party Beneficiaries</u>. This Agreement and the performance of the Parties' obligations hereunder are for the sole and exclusive benefit of the Parties. No person or entity who or which is not a signatory to this Agreement shall be deemed to be benefited or intended to be benefited by any provision hereof, and no such person or entity shall acquire any rights or causes of action against any Party hereunder as a result of a Party's performance or non-performance of its obligations under this Agreement.
- o. <u>Relationship of Parties</u>. The Parties agree and intend that they are independent contracting entities and do not intend by this Agreement to create any partnership, joint venture, or similar business arrangement, relationship or association between them.

IN WITNESS HEREOF, the Parties have executed this Agreement on the dates set forth below:  [SIGNATURE PAGES FOLLOW]

#### CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT

By: Zululum

Dated: 18/9/24

Miguel J. Guerrero, P.E. General Manager

Notifications to:

**Kevin T. Stewart**, P.E., Director of Water Reclamation San Bernardino Municipal Water Department 399 Chandler Place San Bernardino, CA 92408

Phone: (909) 453-6213

E-mail: kevin.stewart@sbmwd.org

#### **COACHELLA VALLEY WATER DISTRICT**

Ву	: J. M. Barrett	Dated:
----	-----------------	--------

J.M. Barrett General Manager

Notifications to:

**J.M. Barrett**, General Manager Coachella Valley Water District P.O. Box 1058

Coachella, CA 92236 Phone: (760) 398-2651 E-mail: jbarrett@cvwd.org

#### **CITY OF COLTON**

By: White State of the state of

Dated: 18 020 2024

William R. Smith City Manager

Notifications to:

**Bassam Alzammar**, Water/Wastewater Operations Manager City of Colton – Water Utilities Department

160 S. 10<sup>th</sup> Street Colton, CA, 92324 Phone: (909) 370-6101

E-mail: balzammar@coltonca.gov

#### **CITY OF CORONA**

	Signed by:	
By ket	tom Moo	
•	47A311008FB	B436
		1

Dated: 12/11/2024

Tom Moody Director of Utilities

#### Notifications to:

**Tom Moody**, Director of Utilities City of Corona 755 Public Safety Way Corona, CA 92878

Phone: (951) 736-2477

E-mail: tom.moody@coronaca.gov

EASTERN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT

By:

Joe Mouawad, PE General Manager Dated: 1/6/2025

Notifications to:

**Ken Tagney**, Director of Water Reclamation Eastern Municipal Water District 2270 Trumble Road Perris, CA 92570

Phone: (951) 928-3777 x-6255 E-mail: tagneyk@emwd.org

#### **EAST VALLEY WATER DISTRICT**

By: Olf lon

Dated: 1-14-25

Michael Moore, P.E. General Manager/CEO

Notifications to:

Michael Moore, P.E., General Manager/CEO

East Valley Water District 31111 Greenspot Road Highland, CA 92346

Phone: (909) 889-9501

E-mail: mmoore@eastvalley.org

#### **ELSINORE VALLEY MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT**

Jessie Arellano

Wastewater Operations Manager

Dated: 12-9-24

#### Notifications to:

Jessie Arellano, Wastewater Operations Manager

Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District

31315 Chaney Ave

Lake Elsinore, CA 92530

Phone: (951) 674-3146 E-mail: jarellano@evmwd.net

#### **LOS ANGELES COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICTS**

By: Robot C Finante

Dated: December 9, 2024

Robert Ferrante

Chief Engineer and General Manager

Notifications to:

Matt Hutton, Civil Engineer Los Angeles County Sanitation Districts 1955 Workman Mill Road Whittier, CA 90601

Phone: (559) 580-4070

E-mail: matthewhutton@lacsd.org

#### **MOULTON NIGUEL WATER DISTRICT**

By:

Matt Collings, P.E.

Assistant General Manager

Dated: 12/10/24

Notifications to:

David Larsen, P.E., Director of Infrastructure and Reuse

Moulton Niguel Water District

26161 Gordon Road Laguna Hills, CA 92653

Phone: (949) 425-3578 E-mail: <u>dlarsen@mnwd.com</u>

#### **ORANGE COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT**

By:

Rob Thompson General Manager Dated: 1/27/2025

Notifications to:

Matt Smith, Senior Regulatory Specialist Orange County Sanitation District 18480 Bandilier Circle Fountain Valley, CA 92708

Phone: (949) 614-9445 E-mail: msmith@ocsan.gov

#### RAMONA MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT

Ву:

Eura WiSlei

Dated: 12/4/24

Erica Wolski, P.E. General Manager

Notifications to:

**Erica Wolski, P.E.**, General Manager Ramona Municipal Water District 105 Earlham St Ramona, CA 92065

Phone: (760) 788-2214 E-mail: ewolski@rmwd.org CITY OF REDLANDS

Ву:

John R. Harris

Municipal Utilities & Engineering Director

Dated: 12/10/2024

Notifications to:

Fernando Mata, Wastewater Utility Manager

City of Redlands 35 Cajon St. Suite 15A Redlands, CA 92373 Phone: (909) 841-3142

E-mail: fmata@cityofredlands.org

#### **WESTERN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT**

By:

Craig Miller, P.E. General Manager Dated: 12/2/24

Notifications to:

**Brian Noh**, P.E., Operations Field Manager Western Municipal Water District

14651 El Sobrante Road Riverside, CA 92503

Phone: (951) 789-5710 E-mail: bnoh@wmwd.com

# WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY REGIONAL WASTEWATER AUTHORITY

By:

Gary Miller

WRCRWA Administrator

Dated: 12/1/2024

Notifications to:

**Brian Noh**, P.E., Operations Field Manager Western Municipal Water District 14651 El Sobrante Road Riverside, CA 92503

Phone: (951) 789-5710 E-mail: bnoh@wmwd.com

# FIRST AMENDMENT TO COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT AMONG THE SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT AND THE PARTNERING AGENCIES REGARDING THE REGIONAL BIOSOLIDS PROGRAM FEASIBILITY STUDY (PHASE I) PROJECT

This First Amendment to the Cooperative Agreement ("Agreement") is entered into and effective this 19th day of March, 2025 ("Effective Date") by and among the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department ("SBMWD"), with its principal place of business at 1350 S. "E" Street, San Bernardino, CA 92408, and the Partnering Agencies listed below. SBMWD and the Partnering Agencies are each sometimes referred to herein individually as a "Party" and are collectively referred to herein as the "Parties."

### **PARTNERING AGENCIES**

- A. Coachella Valley Water District ("CVWD")
- B. Colton, City of ("Colton")
- C. Corona, City of ("Corona")
- D. Eastern Municipal Water District ("EMWD")
- E. East Valley Water District ("EVWD")
- F. Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District ("EVMWD")
- G. Los Angeles County Sanitation Districts ("LA County San")
- H. Moulton Niguel Water District ("MNWD")
- I. Orange County Sanitation District ("OC San")
- J. Ramona Municipal Water District ("RMWD")
- K. Redlands, City of ("Redlands")
- L. Western Municipal Water District ("WMWD")
- M. Western Riverside County Regional Wastewater Authority ("WRCRWA")

SBMWD, CVWD, Colton, Corona, EMWD, EVWD, EVMWD, LA County San, MNWD, OC San, RMWD, Redlands, WMWD, and WRCRWA are all collectively referred to herein as "Partnering Agencies."

### **RECITALS**

- A. **WHEREAS**, SBMWD and the Partnering Agencies entered into the Agreement on December 4, 2024; and
- B. **WHEREAS**, the parties recognize a growing interest from other entities to participate in Phase I of the Regional Biosolids; and

C. **WHEREAS**, the parties desire to amend the Agreement, pursuant to Section D.a, to allow for a more streamlined addition of new Partnering Agencies;

**NOW THEREFORE**, it is mutually understood and the Parties hereto agree as follows:

### <u>AMENDMENT</u>

- 1. <u>Incorporation of Recitals</u>. The recitals above are true and correct and are hereby incorporated herein by this reference.
- 2. <u>Original Agreement</u>. Upon its Effective Date, this First Amendment will amend the Agreement as provided herein. Except as expressly amended by this First Amendment, all terms and conditions of the Agreement remain unmodified and in full force and effect.
- 3. <u>Amendment to Section A of the Agreement.</u> Section A is amended to add the following as Section A.a:
  - "a. As lead agency, SBMWD shall have the ability to add additional Partnering Agencies to this Agreement, so long as the proposed new agencies meet the following criteria:
    - 1. Are local and/or regional governmental utilities that own and/or operate wastewater treatment plants ("WWTPs")
    - 2. Each owns and/operates WWTPs in the county of: San Bernardino, Riverside, Los Angeles, Orange, San Diego, Imperial, or Ventura
    - 3. Each currently treats and then legally disposes of sewage sludge generated during the treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works ("biosolids") at one or more of many permitted locations in accordance with Title 40 Chapter I Subchapter O Part 503 "Standards for the Use or Disposal of Sewage Sludge" promulgated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA; "EPA 503").
    - 4. The deadline for adding additional Partnering Agencies to the Agreement under Section A.a shall be the date of SBMWD Board Approval for an award of a professional service agreement with a consultant for the Study."
- 4. <u>Counterparts</u>. This First Amendment may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original. All counterparts shall be construed together and shall constitute one single First Amendment.
- 5. <u>Electronic Signatures</u>. Each Party acknowledges and agrees that this Amendment may be executed by electronic or digital signature, which shall be considered as an original signature for all purposes and shall have the same force and effect as an original signature.

**IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, the Parties have executed this First Amendment as of the Effective Date first written above.

# [SIGNATURE PAGES FOLLOW]

# **CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT**

Зу:	Ol Ham	03/19/2025 Dated:
-	N	

Miguel J. Guerrero, P.E. General Manager

Notifications to:

**Kevin T. Stewart**, P.E., Director of Water Reclamation San Bernardino Municipal Water Department 399 Chandler Place

San Bernardino, CA 92408

Phone: (909) 453-6213

E-mail: kevin.stewart@sbmwd.org

# **COACHELLA VALLEY WATER DISTRICT**

General Manager

Ву:	J. M. Barrett	Dated:04/1	1/25
	J M Barrett		

# Notifications to:

**J.M. Barrett**, General Manager Coachella Valley Water District P.O. Box 1058

Coachella, CA 92236 Phone: (760) 398-2651 E-mail: jbarrett@cvwd.org

# **CITY OF COLTON**

Ву:

Dated: 25 M2 2025

William R. Smith City Manager

Notifications to:

Bassam Alzammar, Water/Wastewater Operations Manager

City of Colton – Water Utilities Department

160 S. 10<sup>th</sup> Street Colton, CA, 92324

Phone: (909) 370-6101

E-mail: balzammar@coltonca.gov

# **CITY OF CORONA**

Ву:	signed by: Tom Moody	Dated:
-	Tom Moody	
	Director of Utilities	

Notifications to:

**Tom Moody**, Director of Utilities City of Corona 755 Public Safety Way Corona, CA 92878

Phone: (951) 736-2477

E-mail: <a href="mailto:tom.moody@coronaca.gov">tom.moody@coronaca.gov</a>

# EASTERN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT

By:

Joe Mouawad, PE General Manager Dated: 3/24

Notifications to:

**Ken Tagney**, Director of Water Reclamation Eastern Municipal Water District 2270 Trumble Road Perris, CA 92570

Phone: (951) 928-3777 x-6255 E-mail: tagneyk@emwd.org

# **EAST VALLEY WATER DISTRICT**

By: Ill Con

Dated: 3 - 25 - 25

Michael Moore, P.E. General Manager/CEO

### Notifications to:

Michael Moore, P.E., General Manager/CEO

East Valley Water District 31111 Greenspot Road Highland, CA 92346

Phone: (909) 889-9501

E-mail: mmoore@eastvalley.org

# **ELSINORE VALLEY MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT**

Ву:

Dated: 3-19-25

Jessie Arellano

Wastewater Operations Manager

## Notifications to:

**Jessie Arellano**, Wastewater Operations Manager Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District 31315 Chaney Ave

Lake Elsinore, CA 92530 Phone: (951) 674-3146

E-mail: jarellano@evmwd.net

# **LOS ANGELES COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICTS**

By: Rolut / Furante Dated: March 20, 2025

Robert Ferrante
Chief Engineer and General Manager

## Notifications to:

**Matt Hutton**, Civil Engineer Los Angeles County Sanitation Districts 1955 Workman Mill Road Whittier, CA 90601

Phone: (559) 580-4070

E-mail: matthewhutton@lacsd.org

# **MOULTON NIGUEL WATER DISTRICT**

Matt Collings, P.E.

Assistant General Manager

Dated: 3/26/25

# Notifications to:

By:

David Larsen, P.E., Director of Infrastructure and Reuse

Moulton Niguel Water District

26161 Gordon Road

Laguna Hills, CA 92653

Phone: (949) 425-3578

E-mail: dlarsen@mnwd.com

# **ORANGE COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT**

By: Robert Thompson Dated: March 19, 2025

Rob Thompson General Manager

Notifications to:

**Matt Smith**, Senior Regulatory Specialist Orange County Sanitation District 18480 Bandilier Circle Fountain Valley, CA 92708

Phone: (949) 614-9445 E-mail: msmith@ocsan.gov

# **RAMONA MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT**

By: Erua Woshi

Dated: 3/19/25

Erica Wolski, P.E. General Manager

# Notifications to:

Erica Wolski, P.E., General Manager Ramona Municipal Water District 105 Earlham St Ramona, CA 92065

Phone: (760) 788-2214 E-mail: ewolski@rmwd.org

# **CITY OF REDLANDS**

John R. Harris

Municipal Utilities and Engineering Director

Dated: 3 25 2025

# Notifications to:

Ву:

Fernando Mata, Wastewater Utility Manager

City of Redlands 1950 Nevada St Redlands, CA 92373

Phone: (909) 841-3142

E-mail: fmata@cityofredlands.org

# **WESTERN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT**

By:

Oraig Miller, P.E. General Manager Dated: 3/10/25

# Notifications to:

**Brian Noh**, P.E., Operations Field Manager Western Municipal Water District 14651 El Sobrante Road Riverside, CA 92503

Phone: (951) 789-5710 E-mail: <u>bnoh@wmwd.com</u>

# WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY REGIONAL WASTEWATER AUTHORITY

By: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Gary Miller

**WRCRWA Administrator** 

Dated:

Notifications to:

**Brian Noh**, P.E., Operations Field Manager Western Municipal Water District 14651 El Sobrante Road Riverside, CA 92503

Phone: (951) 789-5710 E-mail: <u>bnoh@wmwd.com</u>

# COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AMONG THE SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT AND THE SOUTH ORANGE COUNTY WASTEWATER AUTHORITY

This Cooperative Agreement Acknowledgment ("Agreement") is entered into and effective this 14<sup>th</sup> day of April, 2025 ("Effective Date") by and among the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department ("SBMWD"), with its principal place of business at 1350 S. "E" Street, San Bernardino, CA 92408, and the South Orange County Wastewater Authority, with its principal place of business at 34156 Del Obispo St., Dana Point, CA 92629 ("Agency"). SBMWD and the Agency are each sometimes referred to herein individually as a "Party" and are collectively referred to herein as the "Parties."

### **RECITALS**

- **A. WHEREAS**, SBMWD and the other thirteen (13) initial partnering agencies entered into the Cooperative Agreement regarding the Regional Biosolids Program Feasibility Study (Phase I) Project ("Cooperative Agreement") on December 4, 2024; and
- **B. WHEREAS**, SBMWD and the initial partnering agencies amended the Cooperative Agreement from March 19, 2025 through April 11, 2025, to allow for easier addition of new partnering agencies (First Amendment); and
- **C. WHEREAS**, pursuant to the First Amendment, SBMWD has the authority to add new participating agencies, so long as the proposed new agencies meet certain criteria; and
- **D. WHEREAS**, the Agency desires to become a partnering agency in the Project and meets the criteria outlined in the First Amendment; and
  - **E. WHEREAS**, SBMWD desires to add the Agency as a new partnering agency;

**NOW THEREFORE**, it is mutually understood and the Parties hereto agree as follows:

### **AGREEMENT**

- 1. <u>Incorporation of Recitals.</u> The recitals above are true and correct and are hereby incorporated herein by this reference.
- 2. <u>Acknowledgement.</u> Agency agrees to comply with all provisions of the Cooperative Agreement, including any past and future amendments. Agency acknowledges that it has read and understands all provisions of the Cooperative Agreement, and agrees to be bound by the terms therein.
- 3. <u>Counterparts.</u> This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original. All counterparts shall be construed together and shall constitute one Agreement.
- 4. <u>Electronic Signatures.</u> Each Party acknowledges and agrees that this Amendment may be executed by electronic or digital signature, which shall be considered as an original signature for all purposes and shall have the same force and effect as an original signature.

**IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, the Parties have executed this Agreement as of the Effective Date first written above.

# [SIGNATURE PAGES FOLLOW]

### SIGNATURE PAGE FOR COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT ACKNOWLEDGMENT BETWEEN THE CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT AND THE SOUTH ORANGE COUNTY WASTEWATER AUTHORITY

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties hereto have executed this Agreement as of the date first written above.

CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT	SOUTH ORANGE COUNTY WASTEWATER AUTHORITY	
el H_	Ambro, Eoona	
Miguel J. Guerrero, P.E		
General Manager	Signature	
Apr 14, 2025		
	Amber Boone	
APPROVED AS TO FORM:		
<u>,                                      </u>	General Manager	
Best Best & Krieger LLP		
City Attorney	Apr 14, 2025	

# **EXHIBIT A**

# **Cooperative Agreement**

# COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT AMONG THE SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT AND THE PARTNERING AGENCIES REGARDING THE REGIONAL BIOSOLIDS PROGRAM FEASIBILITY STUDY (PHASE I) PROJECT

This Cooperative Agreement ("Agreement") is entered into and effective this 4th day of December, 2024 by and among the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department ("SBMWD"), and the Partnering Agencies listed below. SBMWD and the Partnering Agencies are each sometimes referred to herein individually as a "Party" and are collectively referred to herein as the "Parties."

### **PARTNERING AGENCIES**

- A. Coachella Valley Water District ("CVWD")
- B. Colton, City of ("Colton")
- C. Corona, City of ("Corona")
- D. Eastern Municipal Water District ("EMWD")
- E. East Valley Water District ("EVWD")
- F. Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District ("EVMWD")
- G. Los Angeles County Sanitation Districts ("LA County San")
- H. Moulton Niguel Water District ("MNWD")
- I. Orange County Sanitation District ("OC San")
- J. Ramona Municipal Water District ("RMWD")
- K. Redlands, City of ("Redlands")
- L. Western Municipal Water District ("WMWD")
- M. Western Riverside County Regional Wastewater Authority ("WRCRWA")

SBMWD, CVWD, Colton, Corona, EMWD, EVWD, EVMWD, LA County San, MNWD, OC San, RMWD, Redlands, WMWD, and WRCRWA are all collectively referred to herein as "Partnering Agencies."

#### RECITALS

- A. **WHEREAS**, at present, SBMWD and all Partnering Agencies are local and/or regional governmental utilities that own and/or operate wastewater treatment plants ("WWTPs"); and
- B. WHEREAS, the Parties each currently treat and then legally dispose of sewage sludge generated during the treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works ("biosolids") at one or more of many permitted locations in accordance with Title 40 Chapter I Subchapter

- O Part 503 "Standards for the Use or Disposal of Sewage Sludge" promulgated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA; "EPA 503"); and
- WHEREAS, The Parties have decided to consider alternative options for the disposal of biosolids in the future; and
- D. WHEREAS, the Parties desire to discuss the feasibility of establishing and governing a regional, publicly-owned facility or facilities ("Regional Biosolids Program") to legally treat and dispose of the biosolids generated at their respective WWTPs in compliance with EPA 503 regulations in a manner that will maximize the benefits to the Parties and their ratepayers (hereinafter, the "Project"); and
- E. **WHEREAS**, the Parties desire to share the costs associated with the preparation of a Phase I Feasibility Study for the Project to cover the Scope of Work attached hereto as Exhibit A ("Study"); and
- F. **WHEREAS**, the Parties desire to share equally in the cost of the Study and wish to memorialize their agreement to pay for such costs as set forth in this Agreement.

**NOW THEREFORE**, the Parties hereto agree as follows:

### **AGREEMENTS**

- A. <u>Lead Agency</u>. The Parties agree that SBMWD will act as the lead agency in the selection and engagement of a consultant for the preparation of the Study in accordance with its procurement rules. Nevertheless, SBMWD shall consult with Partnering Agencies in both the preparation of any request for proposals and in the selection process. Partnering Agencies agree to participate in these processes, including participating in the review of proposals and in interviews of consultants.
- B. Cost Sharing. The Parties agree to share equally in the cost of the Study.
  - a. <u>Anticipated Cost.</u> The Parties acknowledge the anticipated cost of the Study shall not exceed \$500,000.00. SBMWD anticipates that a minimum of nine (9) Partnering Agencies intend to participate in the Study. Each Party's participation, therefore, shall not exceed \$50,000.00 without prior written notice and approval by all Parties, hereto.
  - b. <u>Actual Cost and Billing.</u> Upon completion of the selection process for the consultant, SBMWD shall submit an invoice to each Partnering Agency for its share of the cost of the Study. Payment shall be made within 45 days following receipt of the invoice. If following the selection process, the consultant costs exceed the anticipated cost, an amendment to this Agreement shall be sought prior to engagement of the consultant.
  - c. <u>Subsequent Phases</u>. If the Project moves forward after the completion of the Study, the Parties may enter into further participation or cost-sharing agreements for any subsequent phase that will be responsible for the Project going forward. Nothing herein shall bind any Party to participate in a subsequent phase or bind any particular cost-sharing mechanism.

# C. Project Management.

- a. <u>Good Faith</u>. The Parties agree to work together in good faith.
- b. <u>Party Obligations</u>. The Parties agree to comply with the obligations required of each Party as set forth in Exhibit A (occasionally indicated as "Owner"), as it relates to each of them individually.
- c. <u>Responsiveness</u>. The Parties agree to respond in a timely fashion to all requests for information or promptly advise SBMWD and the selected consultant with the expected date that the information will be provided. SBMWD shall respond to Party inquiries regarding Project status in a timely fashion.
- d. <u>Project Manager</u>. Each Party will designate one Project Manager that will be the primary point of contact for day-to-day project management and communications not intended to be an official notice (which will be sent to the address indicated on the signature page for that Party).
- e. <u>Monthly Meeting.</u> SBMWD will hold no less than one videoconference meeting per month on a recurring basis to provide a status update to the Parties. Upon selection and engagement of a consultant for the Study, the consultant shall be present for these meetings. Special in-person workshops may be held as deemed necessary.

### D. Miscellaneous Provisions. Text.

- a. <u>Amendment, Termination, and Assignment.</u> This Agreement may not be amended, changed, modified, terminated, or assigned, except in accordance with the express provisions of this Agreement or with the written consent of all parties hereto.
- b. <u>Execution in Counterpart.</u> This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, but all of which, together, shall constitute one and the same instrument.
- c. <u>Jurisdiction and Venue</u>. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of California. Any suit, action, or proceeding brought under the scope of this Agreement shall be brought and maintained to the extent allowed by law in the County of San Bernardino.
- d. <u>Sections; Headings</u>. Headings at the beginning of each section and subsection are solely for convenience and reference and are not part of this Agreement.
- e. <u>No Construction Against Drafter.</u> The Parties hereby acknowledge that they have reviewed this Agreement and concur that any rule of construction to the effect that ambiguities are to be resolved against the drafting party shall not apply in the interpretation of any provision of this Agreement.
- f. <u>Successors and Assigns.</u> This Agreement shall be binding on and inure to the benefit of the successors and assigns of the respective Parties to this Agreement. No Party may assign its interests in or obligations under this Agreement without the written consent of the other Parties.

- g. <u>Effective Date: Term.</u> This Agreement shall become effective as of the first date set forth above. This Agreement shall continue in full force and effect until completion and distribution of the Study ("Term"). If the proposed cost of the Study exceeds the anticipated cost set forth in Section B.a., and the Parties are unable to agree to amend the Agreement to increase the participation costs, any Party may terminate the Agreement. Upon the end of the Term, this Agreement shall expire without further action or acknowledgement from any Party hereto.
- h. <u>Severability</u>. If any portion of this Agreement shall be declared by any court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable, such portion shall be deemed severed from this Agreement, and the remaining parts of the Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.
- i. <u>Authority</u>. Each signatory of this Agreement represents that they are duly authorized to execute this Agreement on behalf of the Party for which such signatory executes this Agreement. Each Party represents that it has the appropriate legal authority to enter into this Agreement and to perform all obligations under this Agreement.
- j. <u>Compliance with Law.</u> In performing their respective obligations under this Agreement, the Parties shall comply with and conform to all applicable laws, rules, regulations, and ordinances.
- k. <u>Attorneys' Fees.</u> Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, each Party who files any action or brings any action or proceeding against the other arising from this Agreement, seeks resolution of disputes pursuant to this Agreement or is made a party to any action or proceeding brought by any other person or governmental entity, shall bear its own costs and fees.
- Approvals. Approvals required by the Parties, or any officers, agents or employees
  of either Party, shall not be unreasonably withheld and approval or disapproval
  shall be given within a reasonable time.
- m. <u>Further Actions and Instruments</u>. Each of the Parties shall cooperate with and provide reasonable assistance to the other to the extent contemplated hereunder in the performance of all obligations under this Agreement and the satisfaction of the conditions of this Agreement.
- n. <u>Third Party Beneficiaries</u>. This Agreement and the performance of the Parties' obligations hereunder are for the sole and exclusive benefit of the Parties. No person or entity who or which is not a signatory to this Agreement shall be deemed to be benefited or intended to be benefited by any provision hereof, and no such person or entity shall acquire any rights or causes of action against any Party hereunder as a result of a Party's performance or non-performance of its obligations under this Agreement.
- <u>Relationship of Parties</u>. The Parties agree and intend that they are independent contracting entities and do not intend by this Agreement to create any partnership, joint venture, or similar business arrangement, relationship or association between them.

IN WITNESS HEREOF, the Parties have executed this Agreement on the dates set forth low:  [SIGNATURE PAGES FOLLOW]			

### CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT

By: Thelen

Dated: 10/4/24

Miguel J. Guerrero, P.E. General Manager

Notifications to:

**Kevin T. Stewart**, P.E., Director of Water Reclamation San Bernardino Municipal Water Department 399 Chandler Place

San Bernardino, CA 92408 Phone: (909) 453-6213

E-mail: kevin.stewart@sbmwd.org

# **COACHELLA VALLEY WATER DISTRICT**

By: J. M. Barrett	Dated: 12/10/2024
1 11 120000	Dated: 12/10/2024

J.M. Barrett General Manager

Notifications to:

**J.M. Barrett**, General Manager Coachella Valley Water District P.O. Box 1058 Coachella, CA 92236

Phone: (760) 398-2651 E-mail: jbarrett@cvwd.org

### **CITY OF COLTON**

Ву:

all

Dated: 18 0210 2024

William R. Smith City Manager

Notifications to:

Bassam Alzammar, Water/Wastewater Operations Manager

City of Colton - Water Utilities Department

160 S. 10<sup>th</sup> Street Colton, CA, 92324 Phone: (909) 370-6101

E-mail: balzammar@coltonca.gov

## **CITY OF CORONA**

Signed by:		
By Est	Tom Moody	
, _	47773 TOURF BB438	
	Tom Moody	
	Director of Litilities	

Dated: 12/11/2024

### Notifications to:

**Tom Moody**, Director of Utilities City of Corona 755 Public Safety Way Corona, CA 92878

Phone: (951) 736-2477

E-mail: tom.moody@coronaca.gov

EASTERN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT

By:

Joe Mouawad, PE General Manager

Notifications to:

**Ken Tagney**, Director of Water Reclamation Eastern Municipal Water District 2270 Trumble Road Perris, CA 92570

Dated: 1/6/2015

Phone: (951) 928-3777 x-6255 E-mail: tagneyk@emwd.org

## **EAST VALLEY WATER DISTRICT**

By:

Michael Moore, P.E. General Manager/CEO Dated: 1-14-25

Notifications to:

Michael Moore, P.E., General Manager/CEO

East Valley Water District 31111 Greenspot Road Highland, CA 92346 Phone: (909) 889-9501

E-mail: mmoore@eastvallev.org

## **ELSINORE VALLEY MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT**

Jessie Arellano

**Wastewater Operations Manager** 

Dated: 12-9-24

Notifications to:

Jessie Arellano, Wastewater Operations Manager

Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District

31315 Chaney Ave

Lake Elsinore, CA 92530

Phone: (951) 674-3146

E-mail: jarellano@evmwd.net

## **LOS ANGELES COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICTS**

By: Robit C Ferente

Dated: December 9, 2024

Robert Ferrante

Chief Engineer and General Manager

Notifications to:

Matt Hutton, Civil Engineer Los Angeles County Sanitation Districts 1955 Workman Mill Road Whittier, CA 90601 Phone: (559) 580-4070

E-mail: matthewhutton@lacsd.org

## MOULTON NIGUEL WATER DISTRICT

By:

Matt Collings, P.E.

Assistant General Manager

Dated: 12/10/24

Notifications to:

David Larsen, P.E., Director of Infrastructure and Reuse

Moulton Niguel Water District

26161 Gordon Road Laguna Hills, CA 92653 Phone: (949) 425-3578

E-mail: dlarsen@mnwd.com

### **ORANGE COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT**

By:

Rob Thompson General Manager Dated: 1/27/2025

Notifications to:

Matt Smith, Senior Regulatory Specialist Orange County Sanitation District 18480 Bandilier Circle Fountain Valley, CA 92708 Phone: (949) 614-9445

E-mail: msmith@ocsan.gov

# **RAMONA MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT**

By: Eura Wolli

Erica Wolski, P.E. General Manager

Notifications to:

**Erica Wolski, P.E.**, General Manager Ramona Municipal Water District 105 Earlham St Ramona, CA 92065

Phone: (760) 788-2214 E-mail: ewolski@rmwd.org CITY OF REDLANDS

John R. Harris

Municipal Utilities & Engineering Director

Dated: 12/10/2024

Notifications to:

Fernando Mata, Wastewater Utility Manager

City of Redlands 35 Cajon St. Suite 15A Redlands, CA 92373 Phone: (909) 841-3142

E-mail: fmata@cityofredlands.org

#### WESTERN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT

By:

Craig Miller, P.E. General Manager Dated: 12/2/21

#### Notifications to:

**Brian Noh**, P.E., Operations Field Manager Western Municipal Water District 14651 El Sobrante Road Riverside, CA 92503

Phone: (951) 789-5710 E-mail: <u>bnoh@wmwd.com</u>

#### WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY REGIONAL WASTEWATER AUTHORITY

By:

Gary Miller

**WRCRWA** Administrator

Dated: 12/4/2024

Notifications to:

Brian Noh, P.E., Operations Field Manager

Western Municipal Water District

14651 El Sobrante Road Riverside, CA 92503 Phone: (951) 789-5710

E-mail: bnoh@wmwd.com

# **EXHIBIT B**

First Amendment to the Cooperative Agreement

# FIRST AMENDMENT TO COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT AMONG THE SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT AND THE PARTNERING AGENCIES REGARDING THE REGIONAL BIOSOLIDS PROGRAM FEASIBILITY STUDY (PHASE I) PROJECT

This First Amendment to the Cooperative Agreement ("Agreement") is entered into and effective this 19th day of March, 2025 ("Effective Date") by and among the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department ("SBMWD"), with its principal place of business at 1350 S. "E" Street, San Bernardino, CA 92408, and the Partnering Agencies listed below. SBMWD and the Partnering Agencies are each sometimes referred to herein individually as a "Party" and are collectively referred to herein as the "Parties."

#### **PARTNERING AGENCIES**

- A. Coachella Valley Water District ("CVWD")
- B. Colton, City of ("Colton")
- C. Corona, City of ("Corona")
- D. Eastern Municipal Water District ("EMWD")
- E. East Valley Water District ("EVWD")
- F. Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District ("EVMWD")
- G. Los Angeles County Sanitation Districts ("LA County San")
- H. Moulton Niguel Water District ("MNWD")
- I. Orange County Sanitation District ("OC San")
- J. Ramona Municipal Water District ("RMWD")
- K. Redlands, City of ("Redlands")
- L. Western Municipal Water District ("WMWD")
- M. Western Riverside County Regional Wastewater Authority ("WRCRWA")

SBMWD, CVWD, Colton, Corona, EMWD, EVWD, EVMWD, LA County San, MNWD, OC San, RMWD, Redlands, WMWD, and WRCRWA are all collectively referred to herein as "Partnering Agencies."

#### RECITALS

- A. **WHEREAS**, SBMWD and the Partnering Agencies entered into the Agreement on December 4, 2024; and
- B. **WHEREAS**, the parties recognize a growing interest from other entities to participate in Phase I of the Regional Biosolids; and

C. **WHEREAS**, the parties desire to amend the Agreement, pursuant to Section D.a, to allow for a more streamlined addition of new Partnering Agencies;

NOW THEREFORE, it is mutually understood and the Parties hereto agree as follows:

#### **AMENDMENT**

- 1. <u>Incorporation of Recitals</u>. The recitals above are true and correct and are hereby incorporated herein by this reference.
- 2. <u>Original Agreement.</u> Upon its Effective Date, this First Amendment will amend the Agreement as provided herein. Except as expressly amended by this First Amendment, all terms and conditions of the Agreement remain unmodified and in full force and effect.
- 3. <u>Amendment to Section A of the Agreement.</u> Section A is amended to add the following as Section A.a:
  - "a. As lead agency, SBMWD shall have the ability to add additional Partnering Agencies to this Agreement, so long as the proposed new agencies meet the following criteria:
    - 1. Are local and/or regional governmental utilities that own and/or operate wastewater treatment plants ("WWTPs")
    - 2. Each owns and/operates WWTPs in the county of: San Bernardino, Riverside, Los Angeles, Orange, San Diego, Imperial, or Ventura
    - 3. Each currently treats and then legally disposes of sewage sludge generated during the treatment of domestic sewage in a treatment works ("biosolids") at one or more of many permitted locations in accordance with Title 40 Chapter I Subchapter O Part 503 "Standards for the Use or Disposal of Sewage Sludge" promulgated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA; "EPA 503").
    - 4. The deadline for adding additional Partnering Agencies to the Agreement under Section A.a shall be the date of SBMWD Board Approval for an award of a professional service agreement with a consultant for the Study."
- 4. <u>Counterparts.</u> This First Amendment may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original. All counterparts shall be construed together and shall constitute one single First Amendment.
- 5. <u>Electronic Signatures.</u> Each Party acknowledges and agrees that this Amendment may be executed by electronic or digital signature, which shall be considered as an original signature for all purposes and shall have the same force and effect as an original signature.
- **IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, the Parties have executed this First Amendment as of the Effective Date first written above.

## [SIGNATURE PAGES FOLLOW]

# CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT

Ву:	al K	Dated:
	Miguel J. Guerrero, P.E. General Manager	

Notifications to:

**Kevin T. Stewart**, P.E., Director of Water Reclamation San Bernardino Municipal Water Department 399 Chandler Place San Bernardino, CA 92408

Phone: (909) 453-6213

E-mail: kevin.stewart@sbmwd.org

# **COACHELLA VALLEY WATER DISTRICT**

Ву:	J. M. Barrett	Dated:04/11/25	
	J.M. Barrett General Manager		

# Notifications to:

J.M. Barrett, General Manager Coachella Valley Water District P.O. Box 1058 Coachella, CA 92236 Phone: (760) 398-2651

E-mail: jbarrett@cvwd.org

# **CITY OF COLTON**

Ву:

Dated: 25 M2 2025

William R. Smith City Manager

Notifications to:

Bassam Alzammar, Water/Wastewater Operations Manager

City of Colton – Water Utilities Department

160 S. 10<sup>th</sup> Street Colton, CA, 92324 Phone: (909) 370-6101

E-mail: balzammar@coltonca.gov

# **CITY OF CORONA**

By:	Signed by:  Tom Moodu	Dated: 3/26/2025
,	47A311008FBB439	
I O	m Moody	

Director of Utilities

Notifications to:

**Tom Moody**, Director of Utilities City of Corona 755 Public Safety Way Corona, CA 92878

Phone: (951) 736-2477

E-mail: tom.moody@coronaca.gov

EASTERN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT

By:

Joe Mouawad, PE General Manager

Notifications to:

**Ken Tagney**, Director of Water Reclamation Eastern Municipal Water District 2270 Trumble Road Perris, CA 92570

Dated: 3/24/15

Phone: (951) 928-3777 x-6255 E-mail: tagneyk@emwd.org

# **EAST VALLEY WATER DISTRICT**

By: Old Con

Dated: 3 - 25 - 25

Michael Moore, P.E. General Manager/CEO

Notifications to:

Michael Moore, P.E., General Manager/CEO

East Valley Water District 31111 Greenspot Road Highland, CA 92346

Phone: (909) 889-9501

E-mail: mmoore@eastvalley.org

# **ELSINORE VALLEY MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT**

Ву:

Dated: 3-19-25

Jessie Arellano

Wastewater Operations Manager

#### Notifications to:

**Jessie Arellano**, Wastewater Operations Manager Elsinore Valley Municipal Water District 31315 Chaney Ave

Lake Elsinore, CA 92530 Phone: (951) 674-3146

E-mail: jarellano@evmwd.net

# **LOS ANGELES COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICTS**

By: Robot C Ferrante

Dated: March 20, 2025

Robert Ferrante

Chief Engineer and General Manager

Notifications to:

Matt Hutton, Civil Engineer Los Angeles County Sanitation Districts 1955 Workman Mill Road Whittier, CA 90601

Phone: (559) 580-4070

E-mail: matthewhutton@lacsd.org

# **MOULTON NIGUEL WATER DISTRICT**

Matt Collings, P.E.

Assistant General Manager

Dated: 3/26/25

#### Notifications to:

By:

David Larsen, P.E., Director of Infrastructure and Reuse

Moulton Niguel Water District

26161 Gordon Road Laguna Hills, CA 92653 Phone: (949) 425-3578

E-mail: dlarsen@mnwd.com

# **ORANGE COUNTY SANITATION DISTRICT**

By: Robert Thompson

Dated: March 19, 2025

Rob Thompson General Manager

Notifications to:

Matt Smith, Senior Regulatory Specialist Orange County Sanitation District 18480 Bandilier Circle Fountain Valley, CA 92708

Phone: (949) 614-9445 E-mail: msmith@ocsan.gov

# RAMONA MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT

By: Erua Woshi

Dated: 3/19/25

Erica Wolski, P.E. General Manager

Notifications to:

**Erica Wolski, P.E.**, General Manager Ramona Municipal Water District 105 Earlham St Ramona, CA 92065

Phone: (760) 788-2214 E-mail: ewolski@rmwd.org **CITY OF REDLANDS** 

John & Harris

Municipal Utilities and Engineering Director

Dated: 3 25 2025

# Notifications to:

Fernando Mata, Wastewater Utility Manager

City of Redlands 1950 Nevada St Redlands, CA 92373

Phone: (909) 841-3142

E-mail: fmata@cityofredlands.org

# **WESTERN MUNICIPAL WATER DISTRICT**

By: My fuller

Dated: 3/10/25

Oraig Miller, P.E. General Manager

Notifications to:

**Brian Noh**, P.E., Operations Field Manager Western Municipal Water District 14651 El Sobrante Road Riverside, CA 92503

Phone: (951) 789-5710 E-mail: bnoh@wmwd.com

# WESTERN RIVERSIDE COUNTY REGIONAL WASTEWATER AUTHORITY

By:

Gary Miller

**WRCRWA Administrator** 

)ated: \_*:3/19/* 

Notifications to:

**Brian Noh**, P.E., Operations Field Manager Western Municipal Water District 14651 El Sobrante Road Riverside, CA 92503

Phone: (951) 789-5710 E-mail: <u>bnoh@wmwd.com</u>

#### **EXHIBIT A**

#### Fee Estimate - Regional Biosolids Program Feasibility Study (Phase I)

#### Carollo Engineers, Inc.

#### April 15, 2025

	Carollo Brown and Caldwell (BC)													Katz & Associates (K&A)												Project Finance Advisory Limited (PFAL)																					
Labor Effort Cost													Labor Effort Cost											Labor Effort Cost											La	bor Effe	ort	ĺ		-							
Task No.	Task Description	Principal-in-Charge	Project Manager	Supervising Professional	Senior Professional	Staff Professional	Designer	Doc Processing	Total	Labor Cost		Expenses	Carollo Totals	Senior Project Manager	Lead Engineer Eng	Project Engineer	Staff Eng	Engineering Support	Techs & Engineering Aides	Admin	Total	Labor Cost	Expenses	BC Totals		BC Total with Markup	Principal-in-Charge	Project Manager	Assitant Project Manager	Project Support	Graphic Design	Total	Labor Cost	Expenses	K&A Totals	K&A Totals with Markup	Task Manager	Senior Advisor I	Senior Advisor II	Admin	Total	Labor Cost	Expenses	PFAL Totals	PFAL Totals with Markup	Task Total Hours	Task Total Costs
		\$340	\$340	\$305	\$255	\$205	\$165	\$165						\$350	\$250	\$200	\$215	\$190	\$150	\$125							\$250	\$235	\$185	\$125	\$170						\$32	\$320	\$335	\$200							
	Current Practices																																														
1	and Needs Current and	0	20	8	24	10	0	12	74	\$ 19,3	390   \$	- \$	19,390	22	12	252	0	0	10	0	296	\$ 62,60	5 3	00 \$ 62,	900 \$	66,045	0	0	0	0	0	0 \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- 0	4	4	0	8 9	\$ 2,620	\$ - !	\$ 2,620	\$ 2,751	378	\$ 88,186
	Future Market and Regulatory	t																																													
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3	Preliminary Alternatives and Options Development Final Phase I	4	60	148	106	260	36	11	625	\$ 154,9	985 \$	- \$	154,985	40	10	14	0	0	0	0	64	\$ 19,30	0 \$ 3	00 \$ 19,	500 \$	20,580	32	60	54	30	0	176 \$	\$ 35,840	\$ -	\$ 35,840	\$ 37,63	32 4	24	18	0	46 9	\$ 14,990	\$- :	\$ 14,990	\$ 15,740	911	\$ 228,937
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4	Assessment Project	12	20	18	40	56	24	20	190	\$ 45,3	310 \$ :	300 \$	45,610	8	8	0	0	0	0	0	16	\$ 4,80	) \$ 3	00 \$ 5,	100 \$	5,355	0	0	0	0	0	0 \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	2	- 0	0	0	0	0 \$	-	\$ - 5	\$ -	\$ -	206	\$ 50,965
5	Management	10	48	14	56	16	0	0	144	\$ 41,5	550 \$	150 \$	41,700	18	64	4	0	20	0	20	126	\$ 29,40	5 1	50 \$ 29,	550 \$	31,028	7	14	7	14	0	42 \$	8,085	\$ 500	\$ 8,585	\$ 9,0	14 5	8	8	5	26 \$	5 7,740	\$-	\$ 7,740	\$ 8,127	338	\$ 89,869
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6	Task 1) Total with	0	3	0	5	0	0	0	8		295 \$		2,295		0	11	62	U)	1	0		\$ 16,13		- \$ 16,			0	U	U	0	U	0 \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	2	- 0	0	0	0	0 \$	-	5- 5		\$ -		\$ 19,232
	Optional Tasks	26	158	196	234	345	60	55	1,074	\$ 271,7	10 \$4	450 \$	272,160	180	126	621	62	20	21	20	1,049	\$ 241,23	\$1,2	00 \$ 242,	30 \$ 2	54,552	39	74	61	44	0	218 \$	43,925	\$ 500	\$ 44,425	\$ 46,64	16 9	36	30		80 \$	25,350	\$-	\$ 25,350	\$ 26,618	2,421	\$ 599,975

# PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO, THROUGH THE SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT, AND CAROLLO ENGINEERS, INC. CONTRACT NO. 1844

This Agreement is made and entered into as of April 22, 2025, by and between the City of San Bernardino, a charter city and municipal corporation organized and operating under the laws of the State of California, through the San Bernardino Municipal Water Department with its principal place of business at 1350 S. "E" Street, San Bernardino, CA 92408 ("City"), and Carollo Engineers, Inc., a California Corporation with its principal place of business at 2795 Mitchell Drive, Walnut Creek, CA 94598 (hereinafter referred to as "Consultant"). City and Consultant are hereinafter sometimes referred to individually as "Party" and collectively as the "Parties."

#### **RECITALS**

A. City is a public agency of the State of California and is in need of professional services for the following project:

REGIONAL BIOSOLIDS PROGRAM FEASIBILITY STUDY (PHASE I) PROJECT (hereinafter referred to as "the Project").

- B. Consultant is duly licensed and has the necessary qualifications to provide such services.
- C. The Parties desire by this Agreement to establish the terms for City to retain Consultant to provide the services described herein.

#### **AGREEMENT**

#### NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS AGREED AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. <u>Incorporation of Recitals.</u> The recitals above are true and correct and are hereby incorporated herein by this reference.
- 2. <u>Services</u>. Consultant shall provide the City with the services described in the Scope of Services attached hereto as Exhibit "A."
- 3. <u>Professional Practices.</u> All professional services to be provided by Consultant pursuant to this Agreement shall be provided by personnel identified in their proposal. Consultant warrants that Consultant is familiar with all laws that may affect its performance of this Agreement and shall advise City of any changes in any laws that may affect Consultant's performance of this Agreement. Consultant further represents that no City employee will provide any services under this Agreement.

#### 4. Compensation.

- a. Subject to paragraph 4(b) below, the City shall pay for such services in accordance with the Schedule of Charges set forth in Exhibit "A."
- b. In no event shall the total amount paid for services rendered by Consultant under this Agreement exceed the sum of FIVE HUNDRED NINETY-NINE THOUSAND NINE HUNDRED SEVENTY-FIVE AND 00/100 DOLLARS (\$599,975.00). This amount is to cover all related costs, and the City will <u>not</u> pay any additional fees for printing expenses. Consultant may electronically submit invoices to City for approval at <u>water-accounting@sbmwd.org</u>. Said invoice shall be based on the total of all Consultant's services which have been completed to City's sole satisfaction. City shall pay Consultant's invoice within forty-five (45) days from the date City receives said invoice at the above referenced e-mail address. The invoice shall describe in detail the services performed and the associated time for completion. Any additional services approved and performed pursuant to this Agreement shall be designated as "Additional Services" and shall identify the number of the authorized change order, where applicable, on all invoices.
- 5. Additional Work. If changes in the work seem merited by Consultant or the City, and informal consultations with the other party indicate that a change is warranted, it shall be processed in the following manner: a letter outlining the changes shall be forwarded to the City by Consultant with a statement of estimated changes in fee or time schedule. An amendment to this Agreement shall be prepared by the City and executed by both Parties before performance of such services, or the City will not be required to pay for the changes in the scope of work. Such amendment shall not render ineffective or invalidate unaffected portions of this Agreement.
- 6. <u>Term.</u> This Agreement shall commence on April 14, 2025 (Effective Date) and continue through April 30, 2026, unless the Agreement is previously terminated as provided for herein ("Term").

#### 7. Maintenance of Records; Audits.

- a. Records of Consultant's services relating to this Agreement shall be maintained in accordance with generally recognized accounting principles and shall be made available to City for inspection and/or audit at mutually convenient times for a period of four (4) years from the Effective Date.
- b. Books, documents, papers, accounting records, and other evidence pertaining to costs incurred shall be maintained by Consultant and made available at all reasonable times during the contract period and for four (4) years from the date of final payment under the contract for inspection by City.
- 8. <u>Time of Performance.</u> Consultant shall perform its services in a prompt and timely manner and shall commence performance upon receipt of written notice from the City to proceed. Consultant shall complete the services required hereunder within Term.

#### 9. Delays in Performance.

- a. Neither City nor Consultant shall be considered in default of this Agreement for delays in performance caused by circumstances beyond the reasonable control of the non-performing Party. For purposes of this Agreement, such circumstances include but are not limited to a Force Majeure Event. A Force Majeure Event shall mean an event that materially affects the Consultant's performance and is one or more of the following: (1) Acts of God or other natural disasters occurring at the project site; (2) terrorism or other acts of a public enemy; (3) orders of governmental authorities (including, without limitation, unreasonable and unforeseeable delay in the issuance of permits or approvals by governmental authorities that are required for the services); and (4) pandemics, epidemics or quarantine restrictions.
  - b. Should a Force Majeure Event occur, the non-performing Party shall, within a reasonable time of being prevented from performing, give written notice to the other Party describing the circumstances preventing continued performance and the efforts being made to resume performance of this Agreement. Delays shall not entitle Consultant to any additional compensation regardless of the Party responsible for the delay.
  - c. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the City may still terminate this Agreement in accordance with the termination provisions of this Agreement.

#### 10. Compliance with Law.

- a. Consultant shall comply with all applicable laws, ordinances, codes and regulations of the federal, state and local government, including Cal/OSHA requirements.
- b. If required, Consultant shall assist the City, as requested, in obtaining and maintaining all permits required of Consultant by federal, state and local regulatory agencies.
- c. If applicable, Consultant is responsible for all costs of clean up and/ or removal of hazardous and toxic substances spilled as a result of his or her services or operations performed under this Agreement.
- 11. <u>Standard of Care.</u> Consultant's services will be performed in accordance with generally accepted professional practices and principles and in a manner consistent with the level of care and skill ordinarily exercised by members of the profession currently practicing under similar conditions. Consultant's performance shall conform in all material respects to the requirements of the Scope of Work.
- 12. <u>Conflicts of Interest.</u> During the term of this Agreement, Consultant shall at all times maintain a duty of loyalty to the City and shall not accept payment from or employment with any person or entity which will constitute a conflict of interest with the City.
- 13. <u>City Business Certificate</u>. Consultant shall, prior to execution of this Agreement, obtain and maintain during the term of this Agreement a valid business registration certificate from the City pursuant to Title 5 of the City's Municipal Code and any and all other licenses, permits, qualifications, insurance, and approvals of whatever nature that are legally required of Consultant to practice his/her profession, skill, or business.

- Agreement or any rights under or interest in this Agreement without the written consent of the City, which may be withheld for any reason. Any attempt to so assign or so transfer without such consent shall be void and without legal effect and shall constitute grounds for termination. Subcontracts, if any, shall contain a provision making them subject to all provisions stipulated in this Agreement. Nothing contained herein shall prevent Consultant from employing independent associates and subconsultants as Consultant may deem appropriate to assist in the performance of services hereunder.
- 15. <u>Independent Consultant</u>. Consultant is retained as an independent contractor and is not an employee of City. No employee or agent of Consultant shall become an employee of City. The work to be performed shall be in accordance with the work described in this Agreement, subject to such directions and amendments from City as herein provided. Any personnel performing the work governed by this Agreement on behalf of Consultant shall at all times be under Consultant's exclusive direction and control. Consultant shall pay all wages, salaries, and other amounts due such personnel in connection with their performance under this Agreement and as required by law. Consultant shall be responsible for all reports and obligations respecting such personnel, including, but not limited to: social security taxes, income tax withholding, unemployment insurance, and workers' compensation insurance.
- 16. <u>Insurance</u>. Consultant shall not commence work for the City until it has provided evidence satisfactory to the City it has secured all insurance required under this section. In addition, Consultant shall not allow any subcontractor to commence work on any subcontract until it has secured all insurance required under this section.

#### a. Additional Insured

The City of San Bernardino, its elected and appointed officials, officers, employees, agents, and volunteers shall be named as additional insureds on Consultant's and its subconsultants' policies of commercial general liability and automobile liability insurance using the endorsements and forms specified herein or exact equivalents.

#### b. Commercial General Liability

- (i) The Consultant shall take out and maintain, during the performance of all work under this Agreement, in amounts not less than specified herein, Commercial General Liability Insurance, in a form and with insurance companies acceptable to the City.
- (ii) Coverage for Commercial General Liability insurance shall be at least as broad as the following:

Insurance Services Office Commercial General Liability coverage (Occurrence Form CG 00 01) or exact equivalent.

- (iii) Commercial General Liability Insurance must include coverage for the following:
  - (1) Bodily Injury and Property Damage

- (2) Personal Injury/Advertising Injury
- (3) Premises/Operations Liability
- (4) Products/Completed Operations Liability
- (5) Aggregate Limits that Apply per Project
- (6) Explosion, Collapse and Underground (UCX) exclusion deleted
- (7) Contractual Liability with respect to this Contract
- (8) Broad Form Property Damage
- (9) Independent Consultants Coverage
- (iv) The policy shall contain no endorsements or provisions limiting coverage for (1) contractual liability; (2) cross liability exclusion for claims or suits by one insured against another; (3) products/completed operations liability; or (4) contain any other exclusion contrary to the Agreement.
- (v) The policy shall give City, its elected and appointed officials, officers, employees, agents, and City-designated volunteers additional insured status using ISO endorsement forms CG 20 10 10 01 and 20 37 10 01, or endorsements providing the equivalent coverage.
- (vi) The general liability program may utilize either deductibles or provide coverage excess of a self-insured retention, subject to written approval by the City, and provided that such deductibles shall not apply to the City as an additional insured.

#### c. Automobile Liability

- (i) At all times during the performance of the work under this Agreement, the Consultant shall maintain Automobile Liability Insurance for bodily injury and property damage including coverage for owned, non-owned and hired vehicles, in a form and with insurance companies acceptable to the City.
- (ii) Coverage for automobile liability insurance shall be at least as broad as Insurance Services Office Form Number CA 00 01 covering automobile liability (Coverage Symbol 1, any auto).
- (iii) The policy shall give City, its elected and appointed officials, officers, employees, agents and City designated volunteers additional insured status.
- (iv) Subject to written approval by the City, the automobile liability program may utilize deductibles, provided that such deductibles shall not apply to the City as an additional insured, but not a self-insured retention.

# d. Workers' Compensation/Employer's Liability

(i) Consultant certifies that he/she is aware of the provisions of Section 3700 of the California Labor Code, which requires every employer to be insured against liability

for workers' compensation or to undertake self-insurance in accordance with the provisions of that code, and he/she will comply with such provisions before commencing work under this Agreement.

(ii) To the extent Consultant has employees at any time during the term of this Agreement, at all times during the performance of the work under this Agreement, the Consultant shall maintain full compensation insurance for all persons employed directly by him/her to carry out the work contemplated under this Agreement, all in accordance with the "Workers' Compensation and Insurance Act," Division IV of the Labor Code of the State of California and any acts amendatory thereof, and Employer's Liability Coverage in amounts indicated herein. Consultant shall require all subconsultants to obtain and maintain, for the period required by this Agreement, workers' compensation coverage of the same type and limits as specified in this section.

#### e. Professional Liability (Errors and Omissions)

At all times during the performance of the work under this Agreement the Consultant shall maintain professional liability or Errors and Omissions insurance appropriate to its profession, in a form and with insurance companies acceptable to the City and in an amount indicated herein. This insurance written on a policy form coverage specifically designed to protect against negligent acts, errors or omissions of the Consultant. "Covered Professional Services" as designated in the policy must specifically include work performed under this Agreement. The policy must "pay on behalf of" the insured and must include a provision establishing the insurer's duty to defend.

# f. Privacy/Network Security (Cyber)

At all times during the performance of the work under this Agreement, the Consultant shall maintain privacy/network security insurance for: (1) privacy breaches, (2) system breaches, (3) denial or loss of service, and the (4) introduction, implantation or spread of malicious software code, in a form and with insurance companies acceptable to the City.

## g. Minimum Policy Limits Required

(i) The following insurance limits are required for the Agreement:

# Combined Single Limit

Commercial General Liability \$2,000,000 per occurrence/\$4,000,000 aggregate

for bodily injury, personal injury, and property

damage

Automobile Liability \$1,000,000 per occurrence for bodily injury and

property damage

Employer's Liability \$1,000,000 per occurrence

Professional Liability \$1,000,000 per claim and aggregate (errors and

omissions)

#### Cyber Liability

### \$1,000,000 per occurrence and aggregate

- (ii) Defense costs shall be payable in addition to the limit except as to Professional Liabilities.
- (iii) Requirements of specific coverage or limits contained in this section are not intended as a limitation on coverage, limits, or other requirement, or a waiver of any coverage normally provided by any insurance. Any available coverage shall be provided to the parties required to be named as Additional Insured pursuant to this Agreement.

#### h. Evidence Required

Prior to execution of the Agreement, the Consultant shall file with the City evidence of insurance from an insurer or insurers certifying to the coverage of all insurance required herein. Such evidence shall include original copies of the ISO CG 00 01 (or insurer's equivalent) signed by the insurer's representative and Certificate of Insurance (Acord Form 25-S or equivalent), together with required endorsements. All evidence of insurance shall be signed by a properly authorized officer, agent, or qualified representative of the insurer and shall certify the names of the insured, any additional insureds, where appropriate, the type and amount of the insurance, the location and operations to which the insurance applies, and the expiration date of such insurance.

## i. Policy Provisions Required

- (i) Consultant shall provide the City at least thirty (30) days prior written notice of cancellation of any policy required by this Agreement, except that the Consultant shall provide at least ten (10) days prior written notice of cancellation of any such policy due to non-payment of the premium. If any of the required coverage is cancelled or expires during the term of this Agreement, the Consultant shall deliver renewal certificate(s) including the General Liability Additional Insured Endorsement to the City at least ten (10) days prior to the effective date of cancellation or expiration.
- (ii) The Commercial General Liability Policy and Automobile Policy shall each contain a provision stating that Consultant's policy is primary insurance and that any insurance, self-insurance or other coverage maintained by the City or any named insureds shall not be called upon to contribute to any loss.
- (iii) The retroactive date (if any) of each policy is to be no later than the effective date of this Agreement. Consultant shall maintain such coverage continuously for a period of at least three years after the completion of the work under this Agreement. Consultant shall purchase a one (1) year extended reporting period A) if the retroactive date is advanced past the effective date of this Agreement; B) if the policy is cancelled or not renewed; or C) if the policy is replaced by another claims-made policy with a retroactive date subsequent to the effective date of this Agreement.
- (iv) All required insurance coverages, except for the professional liability coverage, shall contain or be endorsed to provide waiver of subrogation in favor of the City, its officials, officers, employees, agents, and volunteers or shall specifically allow

Consultant or others providing insurance evidence in compliance with these specifications to waive their right of recovery prior to a loss. Consultant hereby waives its own right of recovery against City, and shall require similar written express waivers and insurance clauses from each of its subconsultants.

(v) The limits set forth herein shall apply separately to each insured against whom claims are made or suits are brought, except with respect to the limits of liability. Further, the limits set forth herein shall not be construed to relieve the Consultant from liability in excess of such coverage, nor shall it limit the Consultant's indemnification obligations to the City and shall not preclude the City from taking such other actions available to the City under other provisions of the Agreement or law.

#### j. Qualifying Insurers

- (i) All policies required shall be issued by acceptable insurance companies, as determined by the City, which satisfy the following minimum requirements:
  - (1) Each such policy shall be from a company or companies with a current A.M. Best's rating of no less than A:VII and authorized to transact in the business of insurance in the State of California, or otherwise allowed to place insurance through surplus line brokers under applicable provisions of the California Insurance Code or any federal law.

#### k. Additional Insurance Provisions

- (i) The foregoing requirements as to the types and limits of insurance coverage to be maintained by Consultant, and any approval of said insurance by the City, is not intended to and shall not in any manner limit or qualify the liabilities and obligations otherwise assumed by the Consultant pursuant to this Agreement, including, but not limited to, the provisions concerning indemnification.
- (ii) If at any time during the life of the Agreement, any policy of insurance required under this Agreement does not comply with these specifications or is canceled and not replaced, City has the right but not the duty to obtain the insurance it deems necessary and any premium paid by City will be promptly reimbursed by Consultant or City will withhold amounts sufficient to pay premium from Consultant payments. In the alternative, City may cancel this Agreement.
- (iii) The City may require the Consultant to provide complete copies of all insurance policies in effect for the duration of the Project.
- (iv) Neither the City nor the City Council, nor any member of the City Council, nor any of the elected and appointed officials, officers, employees, agents or volunteers shall be personally responsible for any liability arising under or by virtue of this Agreement.
- l. <u>Subconsultant Insurance Requirements.</u> Consultant shall not allow any subcontractors or subconsultants to commence work on any subcontract until they have provided evidence satisfactory to the City that they have secured all insurance required under this section.

Policies of commercial general liability insurance provided by such subcontractors or subconsultants shall be endorsed to name the City as an additional insured using ISO form CG 20 38 04 13 or an endorsement providing the equivalent coverage. If requested by Consultant, City may approve different scopes or minimum limits of insurance for particular subcontractors or subconsultants.

# 17. <u>Indemnification</u>.

- To the fullest extent permitted by law, Consultant shall defend (with counsel reasonably approved by the City), indemnify and hold the City, its elected and appointed officials, officers, employees, agents, and authorized volunteers free and harmless from any and all claims, demands, causes of action, suits, actions, proceedings, costs, expenses, liability, judgments, awards, decrees, settlements, loss, damage or injury of any kind, in law or equity, to property or persons, including wrongful death, (collectively, "Claims") in any manner arising out of, pertaining to, or incident to any alleged negligent acts, errors or omissions, or willful misconduct of Consultant, its officials, officers, employees, subcontractors, consultants or agents in connection with the performance of the Consultant's services, the Project, or this Agreement, including without limitation the payment of all consequential damages, expert witness fees and attorneys' fees and other related costs and expenses. Notwithstanding the foregoing, to the extent Consultant's services are subject to Civil Code Section 2782.8, the above indemnity shall be limited, to the extent required by Civil Code Section 2782.8, to Claims that arise out of, pertain to, or relate to the negligence, recklessness, or willful misconduct of the Consultant. Consultant's obligation to indemnify shall not be restricted to insurance proceeds, if any, received by the City, the City Council, members of the City Council, elected and appointed officials, officers, its employees, or authorized volunteers.
- Additional Indemnity Obligations. Consultant shall defend, with counsel b. of City's choosing and at Consultant's own cost, expense and risk, any and all Claims covered by this section that may be brought or instituted against the City, its elected and appointed officials, employees, agents, or authorized volunteers. Consultant shall pay and satisfy any judgment, award or decree that may be rendered against the City, its elected and appointed officials, employees, agents, or authorized volunteers as part of any such claim, suit, action or other proceeding. Consultant shall also reimburse City for the cost of any settlement paid by the City, its elected and appointed officials, employees, agents, or authorized volunteers as part of any such claim, suit, action or other proceeding. Such reimbursement shall include payment for the City's attorney's fees and costs, including expert witness fees. Consultant shall reimburse the City, its elected and appointed officials, employees, agents, or authorized volunteers, for any and all legal expenses and costs incurred by each of them in connection therewith or in enforcing the indemnity herein provided. Consultant's obligation to indemnify shall not be restricted to insurance proceeds, if any, received by the City, its elected and appointed officials, employees, agents, or authorized volunteers. In no event shall the cost to defend charged to Consultant exceed Consultant's proportionate percentage of fault.
- 18. <u>California Labor Code Requirements.</u> Consultant is aware of the requirements of California Labor Code Sections 1720 <u>et seq.</u> and 1770 <u>et seq.</u>, as well as California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Section 16000, et seq., ("Prevailing Wage Laws"), which require the

payment of prevailing wage rates and the performance of other requirements on certain "public works" and "maintenance" projects. If the Services are being performed as part of an applicable "public works" or "maintenance" project, as defined by the Prevailing Wage Laws, Consultant agrees to fully comply with such Prevailing Wage Laws, if applicable. Consultant shall defend, indemnify and hold the City, its elected officials, officers, employees and agents free and harmless from any claims, liabilities, costs, penalties or interest arising out of any failure or alleged failure to comply with the Prevailing Wage Laws. It shall be mandatory upon the Consultant and all subcontractors to comply with all California Labor Code provisions, which include but are not limited to prevailing wages (Labor Code Sections 1771, 1774 and 1775), employment of apprentices (Labor Code Section 1777.5), certified payroll records (Labor Code Sections 171.4 and 1776), hours of labor (Labor Code Sections 1813 and 1815) and debarment of contractors and subcontractors (Labor Code Section 1777.1).

If the Services are being performed as part of an applicable "public works" or "maintenance" project, then pursuant to Labor Code Sections 1725.5 and 1771.1, the Consultant and all subconsultants performing such Services must be registered with the Department of Industrial Relations. Consultant shall maintain registration for the duration of the Project and require the same of any subconsultants, as applicable. This Project may also be subject to compliance monitoring and enforcement by the Department of Industrial Relations. It shall be Consultant's sole responsibility to comply with all applicable registration and labor compliance requirements.

- 19. <u>Verification of Employment Eligibility</u>. By executing this Agreement, Consultant verifies that it fully complies with all requirements and restrictions of state and federal law respecting the employment of undocumented aliens, including, but not limited to, the Immigration Reform and Control Act of 1986, as may be amended from time to time, and shall require all subconsultants and sub-subconsultants to comply with the same.
- 20. <u>Laws and Venue.</u> This Agreement shall be interpreted in accordance with the laws of the State of California. If any action is brought to interpret or enforce any term of this Agreement, the action shall be brought in a state or federal court situated in the County of San Bernardino, State of California.

#### 21. Termination or Abandonment

a. City has the right to terminate or abandon any portion or all of the work under this Agreement by giving ten (10) calendar days' written notice to Consultant. In such event, City shall be immediately given title and possession to all original field notes, drawings and specifications, written reports and other documents produced or developed for that portion of the work completed and/or being abandoned. City shall pay Consultant the reasonable value of services rendered for any portion of the work completed prior to termination. If said termination occurs prior to completion of any task for the Project for which a payment request has not been received, the charge for services performed during such task shall be the reasonable value of such services, based on an amount mutually agreed to by City and Consultant of the portion of such task completed but not paid prior to said termination. City shall not be liable for any costs other than the charges or portions thereof which are specified herein. Consultant shall not be entitled to payment for unperformed services, and shall not be entitled to damages or compensation for termination of work.

- b. Consultant may terminate its obligation to provide further services under this Agreement upon thirty (30) calendar days' written notice to City only in the event of substantial failure by City to perform in accordance with the terms of this Agreement through no fault of Consultant.
- 22. <u>Attorneys' Fees.</u> In the event that litigation is brought by any Party in connection with this Agreement, the prevailing Party shall be entitled to recover from the opposing Party all costs and expenses, including reasonable attorneys' fees, incurred by the prevailing Party in the exercise of any of its rights or remedies hereunder or the enforcement of any of the terms, conditions, or provisions hereof. The costs, salary, and expenses of the City Attorney's Office in enforcing this Agreement on behalf of the City shall be considered as "attorneys' fees" for the purposes of this Agreement.
- 23. <u>Responsibility for Errors.</u> Consultant shall be responsible for its work and results under this Agreement. Consultant, when requested, shall furnish clarification and/or explanation as may be required by the City's representative, regarding any services rendered under this Agreement at no additional cost to City. In the event that an error or omission attributable to Consultant's professional services occurs, Consultant shall, at no cost to City, provide all other services necessary to rectify and correct the matter to the sole satisfaction of the City and to participate in any meeting required with regard to the correction.
- 24. <u>Prohibited Employment.</u> Consultant shall not employ any current employee of City to perform the work under this Agreement while this Agreement is in effect.
- 25. Consultant Will Not Engage in or Advise on Public Contracting or the Making of a Subsequent Contract. Consultant's duties and services under this Agreement shall not include preparing or assisting the Department with any portion of the Department's preparation of a request for proposals, request for qualifications, or any other solicitation regarding a subsequent or additional contract with the Department. The Department shall at all times retain responsibility for public contracting, including with respect to any subsequent phase of this project. Consultant's participation in the planning, discussions, or drawing of project plans or specifications shall be limited to conceptual, preliminary, or initial plans or specifications. Consultant shall cooperate with the Department to ensure that all bidders or proposers for a potential subsequent contract on any subsequent phase of this project have access to the same information, including all conceptual, preliminary, or initial plans or specifications prepared by Consultant pursuant to this Agreement.
- 26. <u>Costs.</u> Each Party shall bear its own costs and fees incurred in the preparation and negotiation of this Agreement and in the performance of its obligations hereunder except as expressly provided herein.
- 27. <u>Documents.</u> Except as otherwise provided in "Termination or Abandonment," above, all original field notes, written reports, Drawings and Specifications and other documents, produced or developed for the Project shall, upon payment in full for the services described in this Agreement, be furnished to and become the property of the City.

- 28. <u>Organization</u>. Consultant shall assign Rashi Gupta as Project Manager. The Project Manager shall not be removed from the Project or reassigned without the prior written consent of the City. The General Manager of the City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department shall serve as the City's authorized representative for all purposes under this Agreement.
- 29. <u>Limitation of Agreement</u>. This Agreement is limited to and includes only the work included in the Project described above.
- 30. <u>Notice</u>. Any notice or instrument required to be given or delivered by this Agreement may be given or delivered by depositing the same in any United States Post Office, certified mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, addressed to the following addresses and shall be effective upon receipt thereof:

#### **CITY:**

City of San Bernardino Municipal Water Department 1350 S. "E" Street P.O. Box 710 San Bernardino, CA 92402 Attn: General Manager

With Copy To: City of San Bernardino Vanir Tower, 290 North D Street San Bernardino, CA 92401 Attn: City Attorney

#### **CONSULTANT:**

Carollo Engineers, Inc. 3400 Central Avenue Suite 205 Riverside, CA 92506 Attn: Rajesh Doppalapudi

- 31. <u>Third Party Rights.</u> Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed to give any rights or benefits to anyone other than the City and the Consultant.
- 32. <u>Equal Opportunity Employment.</u> Consultant represents that it is an equal opportunity employer and that it shall not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, religion, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age or other interests protected by the State or Federal Constitutions. Such non-discrimination shall include, but not be limited to, all activities related to initial employment, upgrading, demotion, transfer, recruitment or recruitment advertising, layoff or termination.
- 33. <u>Entire Agreement.</u> This Agreement, including Exhibit "A," represents the entire understanding of City and Consultant as to those matters contained herein, and supersedes and cancels any prior or contemporaneous oral or written understanding, promises or representations with respect to those matters covered hereunder. Each Party acknowledges that no representations,

inducements, promises, or agreements have been made by any person which are not incorporated herein, and that any other agreements shall be void. This is an integrated Agreement.

- 34. <u>Severability</u>. If any provision of this Agreement is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable for any reason, such determination shall not affect the validity or enforceability of the remaining terms and provisions hereof or of the offending provision in any other circumstance, and the remaining provisions of this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect.
- 35. <u>Successors and Assigns.</u> This Agreement shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the successors in interest, executors, administrators and assigns of each Party to this Agreement. However, Consultant shall not assign or transfer by operation of law or otherwise any or all of its rights, burdens, duties or obligations without the prior written consent of City. Any attempted assignment without such consent shall be invalid and void.
- 36. Non-Waiver. The delay or failure of either Party at any time to require performance or compliance by the other Party of any of its obligations or agreements shall in no way be deemed a waiver of those rights to require such performance or compliance. No waiver of any provision of this Agreement shall be effective unless in writing and signed by a duly authorized representative of the Party against whom enforcement of a waiver is sought. The waiver of any right or remedy with respect to any occurrence or event shall not be deemed a waiver of any right or remedy with respect to any other occurrence or event, nor shall any waiver constitute a continuing waiver.
- 37. <u>Time of Essence.</u> Time is of the essence for each and every provision of this Agreement.
- 38. <u>Headings.</u> Paragraphs and subparagraph headings contained in this Agreement are included solely for convenience and are not intended to modify, explain, or to be a full or accurate description of the content thereof and shall not in any way affect the meaning or interpretation of this Agreement.
- 39. <u>Amendments.</u> Only a writing executed by all of the Parties hereto or their respective successors and assigns may amend this Agreement.
- 40. <u>City's Right to Employ Other Consultants.</u> City reserves its right to employ other consultants, including engineers, in connection with this Project or other projects.
- 41. <u>Prohibited Interests.</u> Consultant maintains and warrants that it has neither employed nor retained any company or person, other than a bona fide employee working solely for Consultant, to solicit or secure this Agreement. Further, Consultant warrants that it has not paid nor has it agreed to pay any company or person, other than a bona fide employee working solely for Consultant, any fee, commission, percentage, brokerage fee, gift or other consideration contingent upon or resulting from the award or making of this Agreement. For breach or violation of this warranty, City shall have the right to rescind this Agreement without liability. For the term of this Agreement, no official, officer or employee of City, during the term of his or her service with City, shall have any direct interest in this Agreement, or obtain any present or anticipated material benefit arising therefrom.

- 42. <u>Counterparts.</u> This Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original. All counterparts shall be construed together and shall constitute one single Agreement.
- 43. <u>Authority.</u> The persons executing this Agreement on behalf of the Parties hereto warrant that they are duly authorized to execute this Agreement on behalf of said Parties and that by doing so, the Parties hereto are formally bound to the provisions of this Agreement.

[SIGNATURES ON FOLLOWING PAGE]

# SIGNATURE PAGE FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO, THROUGH THE SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT, AND CAROLLO ENGINEERS, INC. CONTRACT NO. 1844

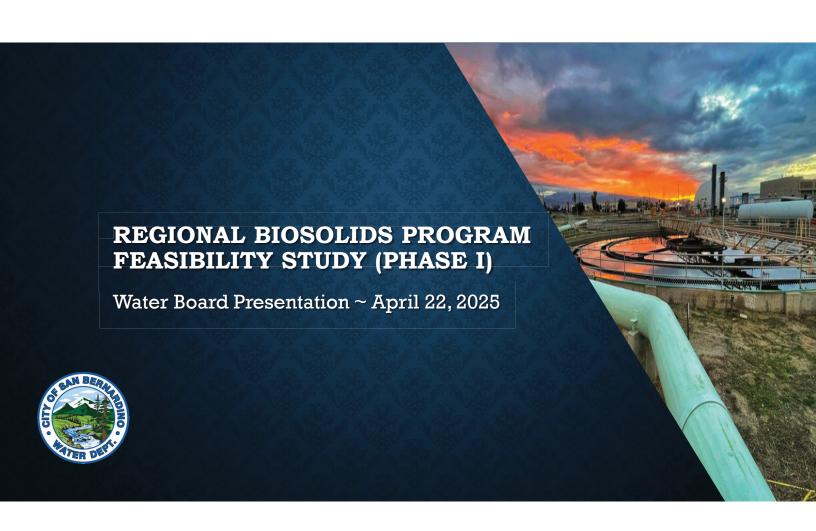
IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Agreement as of the date first written above.

CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO SAN BERNARDINO MUNICIPAL WATER DEPARTMENT	CAROLLO ENGINEERS, INC.
Approved By:	
Miguel J. Guerrero General Manager	Signature
Approved as to Form:	Name
****Approved Form**** Best Best & Krieger LLP City Attorney	Title

### **EXHIBIT A**

### SCOPE OF SERVICES

### FEE SCHEDULE



# WHAT ARE BIOSOLIDS?

- WWTPs clean wastewater using naturally-occurring microorganisms to consume waste
- Liquids and solids are separated





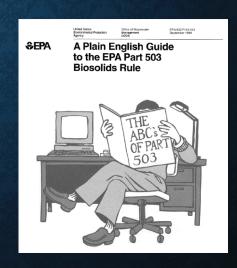
# WHAT ARE BIOSOLIDS?

- Separated solids are further treated to:
  - Reduce pathogens
  - · Reduce pollutants
  - Reduce vector attraction
  - Reduce volatile solids (break down organic matter)
- Beneficially-reusable renewable resource that results:
  - Carbon-rich
  - Nutrient-rich
- Alternative to synthetic fertilizer



### MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS: EPA 40 CFR PART 503

- "To protect public health and the environment from potential hazards associated with the use or disposal of biosolids"
- Requirements:
  - Pathogen reduction
    - · Class A
    - · Class B
  - · Pollutant limits
  - Vector attraction reduction
- Disposal Options:
  - · Land application of biosolids
  - Surface disposal (landfilling)
  - Incineration



### WRP BIOSOLIDS HISTORY

- 2003 to 2012 Multiple attempts to participate and partner in development of a private biosolids disposal facility
  - Not commercially viable
- September 2007 Signed 20-year Contract w/ private company
  - "GUARANTEED LONG TERM HANDLING AND REUSE OR DISPOSAL OF DEWATERED SLUDGE GENERATED AT THE CITY OF SAN BERNARDINO WATER RECLAMATION FACILITY"
- Most private entities have been purchased by one large private biosolids entity
- The large private biosolids entity, for the most part, has served the Department very well



### WRP MASTER PLAN

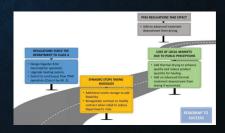
- Current biosolids program has served the Department well
- · Need a biosolids program that is:
  - Reliable
  - Cost-effective
  - Sustainable
- Significant upcoming challenges warrant a thorough planning process:
  - Aging infrastructure with both Digesters A and B in poor condition
  - Reliance on a single private contractor with risk of sudden contract termination
  - An evolving regulatory environment with many unknowns related to biosolids management
- Recommended a Biosolids Strategic Plan



### **BIOSOLIDS STRATEGIC PLAN**

- Thorough review of:
  - Evaluation of the then-current biosolids program needs & challenges
  - Regulatory assessment
  - Regional opportunities assessment & national survey
  - · Market assessment
  - · Alternatives development
- November 2021 "Road Map" with recommendations:
  - Remain w/ single contractor as the lowest cost alternative
  - · Road map contained multiple "off-ramps" in the event of "road blocks"
    - Single contractor stops taking biosolids
    - Regulations force Department to transition to Class A biosolids
    - Loss of local markets for produced material
    - PFAS or other regulations limit current methods





## **2022/2023 CHALLENGES**

- Department & industry encountered issues that directly impacted and/or threatened the Department's ability to carry out its responsibilities
- Greatest of these include:
  - Contracted biosolids hauling/disposal facility temporarily closed in 2022
  - AZ HB 2669 very nearly disallowed land application of biosolids in that state
  - Hauling challenges (driver shortage, truck repair parts delays, fuel costs, subcontractor disinterest, subcontractor preference for higher-paying agencies, etc)
  - Financial stability of potential private biosolids partners and ease of cessation of service
  - ME LD 1911 banned land application of biosolids while simultaneously banning use of bulking agents in landfills, which effectively banned landfilling of biosolids – No remaining outlets

### 2023 BSP UPDATE

- Road blocks experienced:
  - Differently

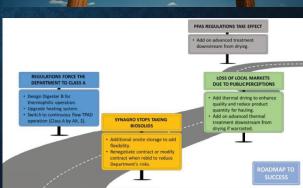
Sooner

More Dramatically

Simultaneously

- Revisited Biosolids Strategic Plan
  - Must restore resiliency
  - Evaluate regionalization
    - Develop an MOU
    - Develop Feasibility Study Scope of Work
    - Conduct Feasibility Study
    - Develop an Implementation Strategy





# **GAUGING OF INTEREST**

- Summer 2023 to Spring 2024 Met w/ 15 local agencies to gauge interest in:
  - Publicly-owned
  - Publicly-operated
  - Regional Biosolids Facility or Facilities
- Multiple group meetings (March & June 2024)
- Level of Interest: Very High





### OTHER REGIONAL EFFORTS

- Bay Area Biosolids Coalition (San Francisco, CA)
- Central Coast Biosolids (San Luis Obispo, CA)
- Charleston Regional Resource Recovery Authority (CRRRA; Charleston, SC)
- Grand Valley Regional Biosolids Authority (Grand Rapids, MI)
- West Central Wisconsin Biosolids Facility (Ellsworth, WI)
- Inland Empire Regional Composting Facility (Rancho Cucamonga, CA)
- Solid Waste Authority of Palm Beach County (Palm Beach, FL)
- Portland, Maine Regional Biosolids (Portland, ME)
- Town of Windsor (Windsor, CA)
- Atlanta Regional Zero Waste Energy Recovery Program (Atlanta, GA)
- New England Regional Biosolids Program (Narragansett Bay, RI)

### CRRRA

#### CHARLESTON REGIONAL RESOURCE RECOVERY AUTHORITY

- June 2023 Presentation at WEF Residuals and Biosolids Conference
- Phased Approach
  - 6 Agencies → 4 Agencies → 3 Agencies
- Some project drivers were different:
  - Cost to landfill increasing 2x+
- Some project drivers were the same:
  - Regulatory pressure
  - Hauling challenges



## **COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT**

- Key Points
- 1. Primary driver: improving sub-optimal level of resiliency
- 2. Lead agency: SBMWD
- 3. Cost Sharing (Phase I):
  - Equal shares
  - Anticipated cost \$500k anticipated maximum
  - Actual cost & billing Invoiced after Consultant selection (Net45)
  - Required commitment None beyond Phase I
- 4. Responsiveness: Necessary to respond in a timely fashion to keep on schedule
- 5. <u>Meetings</u>: Monthly (some in person; most remote via Zoom)



# **REGIONAL BIOSOLIDS PROGRAM**

Phase 0 – Gauging of Interest
Phase 1 – Feasibility Study
Phase 2 – Preliminary Design
Phase 3 – Final Design
Phase 4 - Construction

# COOPERATIVE AGREEMENT

+ AMENDMENT 1































Executed: 12/04/24 to 01/28/25

Amended: 03/19/25 to 04/11/25

# REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS

- 1. Professional Engineering Consultant
- 2. Detailed summary of the:
  - Agencies
  - Conditions
  - Drivers
- 3. Objectively & rationally analyze favorability for further development of:
  - Jointly and publicly owned
  - Publicly operated
  - Regional Facility or Facilities
- 4. Based upon clearly understood details, estimates, strengths, & weaknesses



### **SCOPE OF WORK**

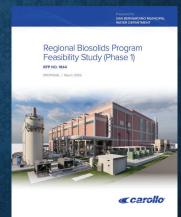
- 1. Task 1 Current Practices and Needs
- 2. Task 2 Current and Future Market & Regulatory Analysis
- 3. Task 3 Preliminary Alternatives & Options Development
- 4. Task 4 Final Phase I Feasibility Assessment



Goal: Develop just enough information for governing bodies of each Participating Agency to be able to decide whether to proceed with Phase II or Off-Ramp

## **PROPOSALS**

- March 14, 2025 2 Proposals Received
- Carollo with Brown & Caldwell
- · Hazen with Stantec and Rincon
- Reviewed by all 15 Partnering Agencies
   + 2 Industry Associations
- Both proposals were outstanding





Regional Biosolids

Hazen ♦stantec ₩ Material

Team	Total Original Fee	Total Original Hours	Average Hourly Rate
Carollo Engineers	\$662,966	2,727	\$243.11
Hazen & Sawyer	\$498,180	1,801	\$276.62

### **INTERVIEWS**

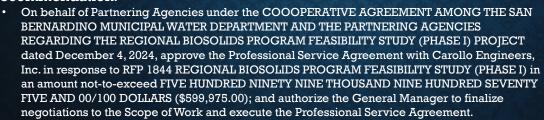
- April 9, 2025 Interviews held
- l Panelist each from:
  - Coachella Valley Water District
  - · Colton, City of
  - · Corona, City of
  - Eastern Municipal Water District
  - Los Angeles County Sanitation Districts
  - Orange County Sanitation District
  - San Bernardino Municipal Water Department
  - California Association of Sanitation Agencies (no ranking applied)
  - Clean Water SoCal
- Carollo team unanimously ranked as top consultant



### FINAL NEGOTIATIONS

- Hours and Fee negotiations finalized
- Scope of Work negotiations nearly finalized
- Interview panelists informed of results; no objections





Team	Total Fee	Total Hours	Average Hourly Rate
Carollo Engineers (Negotiated)	\$599,975	2,421	\$247.82
Carollo Engineers (Original)	\$662,966	2,727	\$243.11
Hazen & Sawyer	\$498,180	1,801	\$276.62

